DIAMOND FROM THE SKY
AT
WEST END
CINEMA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913.

WEST END
CINEMA
THE COOLEST & THE MOST COMFORTABLE THEATRE IN BOMBAY

VOL. V NO. 187 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1917. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMERS of the P. & O. Co., will be despatched to London at frequent intervals calling at Aden, Port Said and Marseilles.

The BRITISH INDIA Co., will despatch Mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf and East and South African ports at frequent intervals.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE PERSIAN GULF
S. N. CO., LTD.

Steamers are despatched at regular intervals to Persian Gulf and Red Sea Ports.

1st and 2nd class passengers' accommodation. Deck pasengers also carried.

For further particulars regarding fares, names of steamers and dates of departure of the above vessels will be furnished on application to—

HAJI SULTANALI SHUSHTARY & Co.,
Agents,
15, Rampart Row.

THE
GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY
Prof. JAME'S
Electro Tonic Pearls.

These Pills positively cure sleeplessness, failing memory, brain fag, incapacity, disinclination for work, study or business, general debility and all results of over work and dissipation. In cases of premature old age, involuntary discharges and weariness after slight effort these Pearls effect a wonderful and almost a miraculous cure.

Price: Bottle of 25 Pearls, Rs. 1-4-0.
Price: Bottle of 40 Pearls, Rs. 2-0-0.
V. P. Charges, annas four extra.
SOLE AGENTS:
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL Co.
Market, BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1876
No. 273, Hornby Road, near Fire Brigade Station.
Funded Capital over Two Lakhs.
Investments in Government and approved Securities only
Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.
The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.
Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates Mortality Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.
The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. Liberal Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.
Commission to canvassers.
For details apply for a copy of Rules to—
GANJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SHIPPING

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
For Sailings and Freight apply to
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
BOMBAY BRANCH.
Alice Buildings, Fort,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Fleet 128 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 819,057.
Steamers will be despatched at regular intervals to Japan via Singapore and Hongkong.
For freight and other particulars regarding sailing, etc., please apply to the Undersigned.
M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.
Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

WE MANUFACTURE
FINE WHITE
THYMOL B. P.
Quotation on Request.
G. S. RANADE & CO.,
Bombay No. 4.

BANKING

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorized	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,33,439	15	5
Reserve Funds	11,37,432	8	0

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
Branches:
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—
NAND LAL PURI,
Manager.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£1,250,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakura
Karachi	Colombo	Kisumu
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Daressalam, East Africa
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE
are granted on the Head Office and Branches, in India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.
DRAFTS
are granted on the Head Office and Branches, of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.
RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
Established 1889.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 36,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 21,300,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalne)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fongtien	Sydney
Harbin	(Mukden)	(Australia)
Hongkong	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Honolulu	Newel-wang	Tientsin
Kobe	New York	Tokyo
Los Angeles (Cal. U.S.A.)	Osaka	Tsingtau
Liaoyang	Pekin	Tsinanfu
	Singapore	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for One year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
EVERY description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
N. IGARASHI,
Manager.
Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS. BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 10,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Transacted, rules for which can be obtained on application.
H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
HEAD OFFICE.
Mandvi Branch and Sandhurst Road Branch
SAVINGS BANK.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.
R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

INSURANCE

THE
BHARAT INSURANCE Co. LTD.
ESTABLISHED 1896.
Branches and Agencies:—Lahore, Delhi, Rawalpindi, Sukkur, Ajmer, Karachi, Bombay, Lucknow, Nagpur, Bankipur, Poona, Mangalore, Calcutta, Bangalore.
Funds exceed .. .. .. Rs. 25,00,000
Surplus about .. .. .. „ 1,00,000
Specialities:—Moderate premia, ready convertability, prompt payment, Female lives insured etc.
Pushing Agents wanted all over India.
Bharat Buildings, Lahore.
K. C. VIDYARTTI,
Manager.
LALA MORARI LAL,
Representative Bharat Insurance Co., Ltd.,
301, Hornby Road,
Opposite to Whiteaway & Laidlaw,
Bombay.

EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.
Funds exceed ..... Rs. 1,20,00,000
Claims paid exceed ..... Rs. 36,00,000
Annual Income exceeds.. Rs. 25,00,000
All classes of Life Assurance Transacted.
Prospectus and quotations to meet individual requirements may be obtained on application.
ALLUM, BHARUCHA & Co.,
Managers.

ALL INDIA
United Insurance Co., Ltd.
Started in 1906 under the Chairmanship of
SIR PHEROZESHAH MEHTA.
The Only Indian Company doing both life and fire business.
Chief Agents:
MESSRS. DALVIE & SONS,
31-45 Church Gate Street.
AGENTS WANTED
IN ALL PRINCIPAL CITIES.
Apply to
M. M. SHIRAZEE & SONS,
Secretaries.

THE
ORIENTAL
GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1874.
INDIA'S
Model Life Assurance Company.
FUNDS OVER Rs. 5,50,00,000 | CLAIMS PAID OVER Rs. 5,00,00,000
The Question of the Moment!
Have you made adequate and secure provision for your wife and family or for old age? If not, effect a Policy with the "ORIENTIAL" without a further moment's delay.
Low Premiums. Absolute Security.
Liberal Conditions.
Full particulars and forms on application.
R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.
Oriental Buildings, BOMBAY.

HOTELS

THE EVER POPULAR.
EMPRESS HOTEL
NASIK ROAD,
DEOLALI.
MODERATE CHARGES.
FAMOUS FOR CUISINE
SPACIOUS GYMKHANA

SALE! SALE!! SALE!!!
OF
Chinese Japanese, French and English Silk Piece Goods, Art Embroidery Work, etc. at rock bottom prices.
Select your requirements from quite a variety of up-to-date articles.
AHMED E. ESAALI,
EMPIRE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

FOR THE VERY BEST
SILK
OF ALL VARIETIES
JUST VISIT OUR
SILK EMPORIUM
renowned for the genuineness and superiority of all articles of Silk Piece-goods, Embroidery, Scarfs, Linen goods, etc., etc., and WONDERFULLY LOW PRICES due to the fact that we are PIONEERS in the line and our experience and resources are unequalled.
Whatever you buy will be a REAL BARGAIN.
Whatever you see will be a TREAT.
KARANJIA & Co., Ltd.
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

SALE BY AUCTION

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.
Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P. Railway.
No. 53, Meadows Street, Fort Bombay.
Telephone No. 1285.

AUCTION SALE OF BRAND NEW SAFES.
Auction sale of 4 really high class fire and burglar resisting bent iron, "tosh" safes, fitted with "Tosh special 8 lever locks" and voucher and secret drawers entirely suitable for offices.
THIS DAY the 7th day of August, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Company, will under instructions from Messrs. Tosh and Co., sell by Public Auction at their Rooms their well-known (Brand New) safes, consisting of the following very high class fire and burglar resisting bent iron "tosh" safes fitted with "Tosh special 8 lever locks" and secret contrivanced sovereign box and voucher drawer entirely suitable for offices.
1 iron safe 42 by 25 by 24.
1 iron safe 36 by 24 by 24.
1 iron safe 28 by 22 by 21.
1 iron safe 26 by 20 by 18.
AUCTION SALE OF 9 CASES STRIPED DORIA AND 1 CASE FANCY RED GROUND PRINT.
THIS DAY TUESDAY, the 7th August at 4 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms by order of the office concerned.
9 cases each 50 pieces white striped Doria 32 inches and 40 yards.
1 case 40 pieces Fancy red ground Print 29 inches and 60 yards.
AUCTION SALE THIS DAY ,TUESDAY, the 7th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.)
AUCTION SALE of very rich household Furniture by C Lazarus and other well-known Makers Indian hand carved wardrobes smart U. H. L. coldrolled art steel combination roll top typewriter table and cabinet by the Toledo Metal Furniture Co. Indian carved ladies devonporte camera lenses, by Ross and Denmore, rich plated-ware, Singer motor car, circular glass fronted English brougham, etc., etc.
THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 7th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co., are instructed to sell by public auction, at their rooms the very valuable highly polished and substantial teak and black wood household furniture by C Lazarus of Calcutta and other well-known makers consisting of dining tables, dining chairs, mirrored sideboards, dinner waggons, meatsafes, rich silk tapestry lined complete drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, rich artistic cabinets, smart U. H. L. cold rolled art steel combination roll top typewriter table and cabinet on leather tipped feat and adjustable bronze bearing leather castored legs by the Toledo Metal Furniture Co., rich book-cases, rich mirrored hatstands rich ornaments, brass silver plated flower pots, rich Indian hand carved wardrobes, ladies' carved Devonporters, carved centre tables, carved jardinier stands, rich Chinese verandah rope furniture and sewing machine rich camera lenses by Ross and Denmore, rich cloth and gown presses by C. Lazarus, double bugh bedroom almyrahs, dressing and washing tables, dressing chests of drawers, old China vases, rich platedware, rich glass and porcelainware, carpenters tools, gardenshovels, etc. etc., the property of C. T. Wilson, Esq. Chief Commanding Officer, S. S. Linga, B. I. S. N. Co. proceeded to Basra, including that of J. N. Lawrence, Esq. and others.
Property of other Gentleman:—
One five seated, four cylinder, completely overhauled Singer motor car.
One circular glass fronted English brougham fitted with new Dunlop tyres.
Catalogues are published and the property is on view.
MEHTA & Co.
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 7th August, 1917.

SALE BY AUCTION

CRAWFORD & CO.'S SALES

SALE TO-DAY AT 2-30 P.M.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable Gold and Silver and Pearl Ornaments, etc.
H. C. Suit No. 1163 of 1915.
Hassonally Adamji .....Plaintiff.
vs.
Mahomedally Adamji .....Defendant.
Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver appointed in the above suit, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY TUESDAY, the 7th day and to-morrow WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of August 1917, each day at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Auction Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, opposite the Government Dockyard Fort, the following:—
Gold ornaments, such as bangles, sankli, ponchi, Mohanmala, Chandanhar, Chhedas, Sanklas ear-rings, madalias, rings, bangles, set with pearls and rubies, pins, etc., and silver ornaments such as sanklas, trays, cups, tumblers, kettles, sugar and milk pots, flower pots, rose water sprinklers, trees, photo frames, table ornaments, gold and silver watches, gold buttons set with diamonds, pearl ornaments such as har, kanthi, kada, mala, raifuls, ear-rings, mohanmala, ponchi, gold bracelet with watch and loose pearls, rubies etc.
The above are on view at the Auctioneer's Rooms.
N. B. The above ornaments being worth of a great value, the intending purchasers are requested to have a look to them.

AUCTION SALE of the Insolvent valuable Landed Property at Borah Bazar Street, in Fort.
Under instructions from R. N. Lang, Esq., the Official Assignee of Bombay and the Assignee of the estate and effects of Vassonji Dewji Thacker and another, insolvents, and with the consent of the equitable mortgagees, Messrs. Pranshanker Dayashanker, Khialdas Ramdas, Chimandas Fatechand and Bansiram Jasamal, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW WEDNESDAY, the 8th August, 1917, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) the right title and interest of the said Insolvents in the following valuable landed property on the premises.
PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.
All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate on the East side of Bohra Bazar Street, in the Island of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing admeasurement 12ft. and 8 inches in breadth and 73ft. or thereabouts in length and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 8819 and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and taxes under "A" Ward No. 2302 and Street No. 284-286 and bounded on the North by the property of Cowasji Dhunjibhoy Powwala, on the South by the stable belonging to Mancherji Pestonji, on the East by the said Bohra Bazar Street and on the West by the Halalkhore passage.
For further particulars and printed copies of conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Purnanand & Co., Solicitors for the Official Assignee, at their office at No. 11, Elphinstone Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.
CRAWFORD & Co.
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 7th August, 1917.

ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES

"Wanted." "To Be Let," and "For Sale" Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business are charged at the following rates, which must be prepaid:—

Advertisements not exceeding (20 words) 8 annas per insertion; every additional word ½ anna.

Advertisements are not received after 6 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. 2 per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short advertisement Columns.—Two annas per line, or Re. 1 per inch. No display allowed.

Educational Announcement.—Six annas per line or Rs. 3 per inch.

All advertisements are payable strictly in advance.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,
"Bombay Chronicle" Office,
No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Local — — — Rs. 30 per annum
Up-country — — Rs. 35 per annum.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

DR. CARR, D.D.S., Dentist to His Majesty's Forces, Largest Dental Practice, East of Suez. Dr. CARR, D.D.S., DENTAL SURGEON, 107, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY (OPPOSITE CLOCK TOWER, OVER FRENCH BANK).

Dr. Carr desires to intimate to the Residents of Bombay that he is still able to maintain the lowest fees in India for the highest grade English and American Painless Dentistry. Large contracts for dental materials having been entered into before the war, make it possible to maintain the present prices. (Other Dentists and small buyers have now to pay 50 and 60 per cent. more for their materials and their charges have gone up accordingly.)

Latest methods in fitting perfect artificial teeth mounted on Gold, Silver, Vulcanite, etc.

FULL SETS UPPER OR LOWER FROM Rs. 50. Teeth without plates, Gold Crown, Bar and Bridge work. Teeth permanently filled with Gold, Porcelain and Amalgam (Painless).

Absolutely painless extractions. By his celebrated anaesthetic from one to 20 teeth may be extracted at a single sitting without the slightest pain also by Gas, Ether and Chloroform.

PYORRHOEA and other diseases of the mouth treated by the latest successful methods.

Dr. Carr is personally in attendance and guarantees all work.

Twenty years' experience in Europe, Asia and America.

Hours: Week days, 9 a.m. to 7 p.m. Sundays, 10 to 12 noon.

DR. CARR, D. D. S.
107, ESPLANADE ROAD.

PLEASE order Rainy season and Cold weather vegetable and flower seeds and plants, etc., etc., from THE OUDH SEED STORES, LUCKNOW. Catalogue, Post free.

JOB PRINTING—Send any orders you wish to be executed promptly and to your satisfaction to the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" PRESS, 6, Medows Street, Fort.

FRUITS.

ENGLISH DESSERT APPLES—9 lbs. nett for Rs. 3/8, all charges included, by V.P. parcel post, Apply to CAPTAIN BANON, Duff Dunbar, P. O. Kulu, Panjab. 9153

EDUCATIONAL.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE of COMMERCE—practical courses of Commerce for practical appointments, 80, Esplanade Road. 9198

MOTOR VEHICLES.

WANTED—MOTOR CARS for Prompt Reliable and High Class Repair at lowest rate under personal supervision of our expert Automobile Engineer from London. Guarantee entire satisfaction. Motor cars for sale and for hire. PAENT PNEUMATIC BLOCKS TYRES AND MOTOR TRANSPORT CO., LTD., Hughes Road, Chaupaty, Bombay. B

MISCELLANEOUS

DR. CARR, D.D.S., Dental Surgeon, 107, Esplanade Road, (opposite Clock Tower, over French Bank), Fort, Bombay, personally in attendance and guarantees all work.
Hours 9 to 7.
Sunday 10 to 12 noon.
Moderate fees. 8292

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—LADY TYPIST for Cinematograph Firm. Apply to Box. No. 57, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9211.

WANTED—An experienced COMPOUNDER by SORABJI P. GHANDHI & SONS, 6, Princess Street, Jooma Masjid, Bombay. 9223

WANTED.—CAPTAIN, OFFICERS and ENGINEERS for steamer proceeding to Europe. Apply sharp with copies of testimonials to CURSETJEE MUNCHERJEE'S SONS, 54, Apollo Street, Fort. 9228

WANTED—A certified MIDWIFE and NURSE, (Indian or Eurasian), for Mombassa, B. E. Africa. Apply in person to Messrs. CASSAM KARMALLY & Co., 204, Khoja Mohla, Mandvi, from 9 to 12 a.m. 9220

WANTED

WANTED—One second-hand CRUDE OIL ENGINE H. P. 20 to 25. Apply Box No. 58, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9215

WANTED—One five tons AMMONIA ICE MACHINE. Correspond with Messrs. KISHANSINGH SAJJANSINGH, Sangla Hill, Punjab. 9189

WANTED—Firms wishing to entrust their orders to a Parsi expert, who would execute them on commission. Write to Box No. 59, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 9221

WANTED—AGENTS for the new Indian Manufacturing Co. for Black Japan and Phenyle. N. MOOLJI & Co., Sandhurst Road, Bhimji Poonjee Building, Dongree Post No. 9. 9150

PALMER the British made only high grade covers at Rs. 8 each; tubes Rs. 4 each. Whilst ordering, mention correct size and pattern. WELLINGTON CYCLISTS, Bombay and Poona. 8804

WANTED—AGENTS for the SALE OF "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE" in the principal cities of India. For terms communicate with the MANAGING-DIRECTOR, Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., 6, Medows Street Fort, Bombay.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Two LINOTYPE MACHINES, Duplex Double Letter, Model No. 10. Price Rs. 8,000 each or Rs. 15,000 for both. Apply to "Y. Z.", c/o "Bombay Chronicle."

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET—To Hindus only, FLATS on the Hughes Road, Chowpaty. Apply to SHANTARAM NARAYAN DABHOLKAR, Chowpaty Road. 9175

TO LET IMMEDIATELY—GODOWN about ten Kathies at Chinch Bunder, near Mazagon Road for storing or carrying out any industry. Apply Messrs. SIMON and MOTILAL, Times Building. 9219

WATSON'S ANNEX apollo Bunder. Rooms facing Yacht Club. Apollo Pier Road. Rents from Rs. 25 to 125. Rooms can be furnished and arrangements for Board made on shortest notice. Apply to MANAGER

PUBLIC NOTICES

TO BE LET.

A BUNGALOW at Bandra, Kane Road, No. 45, on the Bandra Hill, facing the Sea, with a compound of 11,266 square yards, with good garden on the slope upto about the Sea-shore, with accommodation of:—

1 Dining Room 18ft. by 16½ft.
2 Side Rooms 24½ft. by 8½ft.. each.
2 Bed rooms 14ft. by 11½ft. each.
1 Drawing 28ft. by 14ft.
1 Front Veranda side by side 24ft. by 8½ft.
Front Veranda 68ft. by 8ft.
Dressing room 16ft. by 8ft. with water pipe.
2 Bath rooms 8ft.—8ft. each with water pipe
2 Privies, Commode accommodation.
Back Veranda 16½ft. by 8ft.
Cook Room 14ft. by 13ft.
5 Rooms for servants.
Flower Garden about the bungalow.
The monthly rent charged Rs. 150.

Apply to:
H. H. W.,
C/o Messrs. King King & Co.,

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that sealed tender will be received at 5 p.m. on the 24th August and 24th September, 1917, by the Superintendent, Krishnaraja Sagara Works, for the supply of fuel and charcoal respectively as per details on pages 525, 547 and 574 of the "Mysore Gazette." 9200

THE EXCHANGE BANKS, BOMBAY,

THURSDAY, the 9th instant being a Public Holiday the EXCHANGE BANKS will be closed in accordance with the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881. 9205.

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Original Mortgage of furniture, etc., dated 14th August, 1916, from Mr. ALEX AGABEG and his Mrs. MARY ROSE to the undersigned has been LOST or MISLAID Any person delivering the same to the undersigned will be rewarded.

K. A. READYMONEY & Co.,
Green St., Fort, Bombay.
9222

NOTICE.

TO BE LET.

A BUNGALOW on the Chinchpugly Parel Tank Road, No. 29, Bombay, on the Hill with the accommodation of 2 Side Rooms, Dining Room, The Middle Hall (Drawing Room) with big Verandas on the front and back with a big Porch on which stands a spacious Bed Room with ten windows on all four sides airy, having a view of Kurla, Mahalaxmi, Bandra, Bombay and all surroundings. The Bungalow has got a large garden with a compound of 17,000 yards well furnished with fruit trees Alphonso, Pier, Mangoes, etc., flowers of varieties with pots. A small double storied open air Tea House, Kitchen, Stable accommodating 3 horses, carriages and syces, servants outhouses, Store Rooms, Closets and privies. The rent will be Rs. 225 per month including the use of fruits and flowers, etc., in the compound, otherwise Rs. 200 per mensem excluding the use of fruits and flowers. The Bungalow belongs to the late Dr. Weir, who was Health Officer, Bombay Municipality. Please apply to

H. H. W.
C/o Messrs. King King & Co.,
9225 Post Box No. 110, Bombay.

RS. 5,000 Reward for Information

regarding a man of foreign appearance, military bearing, about 6 feet, with light hair and a double horseshoe scar on left cheek.

The man answering this description is believed to have left the Country.

He was last seen taking a taxi from the New Hotel to the Central Station.

A few minutes previously a package of vitally important papers and documents disappeared.

Address

RALPH PAYNE
C/o This paper.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. RUSTOMJI KAVASJI KAVARANA has contracted to sell the properties mentioned in the Schedules hereunder written to our clients. All persons having any claim or claims against or to the said properties by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, charge, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 121, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, wihin 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to such claims and the same if any will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULES ABOVE REFERRED TO.

SCHEDULE I.

All that piece or parcel of Vacant land or ground situate lying and being at Santa Cruz within the District of Thana containing by admeasurement 4,060 square yards or thereabouts forming part of Survey Nos. 39 and 40 surrounded on the East partly by the property of Rustomji Ardeshir Mukadam partly by the Ghode Bunder Road, and partly by the property of Tribhowandas Bhanji; on the West by the Vacant piece of land belonging to Hormasji Dorabji Gazdar and on the South partly by the vacant piece of land belonging to the Vendor and partly by the property of Rustomji Ardeshir Mukadam, and partly by the property of Jamsedji Jijibhai Pastagia and on the North partly by the vacant piece of land belonging to Hormusji Dorabji Gazdar and partly by the property of Tribhowandas Bhanji.

SCHEDULE II.

All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground situate lying and being at Santa Cruz, within the District of Thana, containing by admeasurement 3,721 square yards, or thereabouts forming part of Survey Nos. 39 and 40 and surrounded on the East partly by the property of Mr. Barney partly by the Ghode Bunder Road, partly by the property of Merwanji Sorabji Kapadia and partly by the property of Rustomji Ardeshir Mukadam on the West by the vacant piece of land belonging to Hormusji Dorabji Gazdar, on the South partly by the vacant piece of land belonging to Randelia and partly by the property of Mr. Barney and on the North partly by the vacant piece of land belonging to the Vendor partly by the property of Merwanji Sorabji Kapadia.

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
Dated this 6th day of August, 1917.
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LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client has contracted to purchase from R. D. Sethna, Esquire, the Receiver in High Court suit No. 365 of 1914 (Cassam Haji Tyab v. Bai Rehmatbai widow and others) the undermentioned property at an auction sale held on the 25th day of July, 1917, all persons having any claim to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of mortgage, sale, lease, gift, inheritance, lien, easement, encumbrance or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, Mercantile Bank Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof failing which all claims will be considered as waived and the sale will be completed without any regard thereto.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari or ground with the messuage, tenement or Cudjun hut standing thereon situate lying and being without the Fort walls of Bombay at Memonwada Road, containing by admeasurement nineteen feet and ten inches in breadth and seventy-four feet in length be the same little more or less and the same is bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the North by a dirty water passage and the house of Buddrudin Nalband on or towards the South by the house of Khanos Jusab on or towards the East by a dirty water passage and on or towards the West by the public road assessed under B Ward No. 2397, Street No. 467-71 being and standing upon the Fazandari ground belonging to Memon Shaikh Ahmed bin Fuckroodin Ghunkatkar.

Dated this 6th day of August, 1917.
PAYNE & Co.,
9231 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BURJORJI RUSTAMJI and JEHANGIR CURSETJI VACHA, both of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants, the Executors of the last Will and Testament of Cursetji Fardoonji Vacha, (deceased) have contracted to sell the land hereditaments and premises described in the Schedule hereunder written. All persons having any claims or demands upon or to the said land hertditaments and premises or any of them or any part thereof either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, lien, lease, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned as the Purchasers' Attorneys at their office No 89, Medows Street, Fort, or to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes or to the Collector of Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same if any will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

ALL that piece or parcel of Fazendari land with the messuage standing thereon, situate at Princess Street, Passage and Lohar Street in the City and Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 190 square yards or thereabouts little more or less assessed by the Bombay Municipality under Ward C Ward No. 2769, 2770, Street Nos. 353, 355, 57, 59, Chandan Wadi, Princess Street and Lohar Street and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the North by a public passage on or towards the South by Lohar Street on or towards the East by the house lately in the ownership of P. Kapadia and on or towards the West by the house belonging to Mr. Bhownuggree.

Dated this 6th day of August, 1917.
NANU HORMASJI & Co.,
9224. Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE OF SALE.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 697 of 1911.

1. CHAND EBRAHIM.
and
2. HUSSEIN EBRAHIM .....Plaintiffs.

vs.

(1) FATMABOO Widow of Ebrahim Chand, (2) Aishabai widow of Abdul Aziz Ebrahim Chand, (3) the said FATMABOO, widow of EBRAHIM CHAND, (3a) EBRAHIM ABDUL AZIZ, (3b) NURBAI, daughter of ABDUL AZIZ EBRAHIM, the last two minors, under the age of 18 years, by their guardian-ad-litem, the said Aishabai, widow of Abdul Aziz Ebrahim Chand, defendants 2 to 3a, being the heirs of the original 3rd defendant, Abdul Aziz Ebrahim deceased, (4) HASSAM EBRAHIM, (5) AISHABAI, widow of ALI MIYA HASAN MIYA, (6) FATMABAI alias FAMOOBAI, widow of AHMED ESMAIL, (7) CHARANBAI, daughter of EBRAHIM CHAND ..... Defendants

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undermentioned property was purchased by our clients at the auction sale held on the 31st day of July, 1917, by Messrs. R. F. Mulla and A. F. Madan, the Special Commissioners, appointed herein and pursuant to the consent order, dated the 2nd day of October, 1916.

All persons having any claim or claims against or to the same property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 121, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to such claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground partly newly assessed and partly Sanadi land together with the messuages, tenements, buildings or sheds standing thereon, situate lying and being at Mutton Street, also known as Gulam Mahomed Shaik Street, without the Fort, in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 543 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the said Mutton Street, on or towards the West by a sweeper's passage on or towards the North by the property of Esmail Jiwanji and on or towards the South by the property of Hassanji Adamji and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 150-3109 and 782, New Nos. 16691-10007-7947, Old Survey Nos. 953 and 1/953 and New Survey Nos. 2/4372 and 4372 and the said messuages and premises are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward Nos. 7150-7151 and Street Nos. 82-92.

Dated this 6th day of August, 1917.
MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

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AMUSEMENTS.

A DETERMINED SLEUTH

IN THE PURPLE MASK at THE ELDORADO

With a gun in front of her, the terrible den of thieves behind her, surrounded by the fetid water of the sewers of Paris—what escape was there for the wearer of

THE PURPLE MASK?

With a huge and brilliant company supporting them

GRACE CUNARD & FRANCIS FORD

Play the leading roles in this latest and greatest Serial of love, romance, adventure and Mystery. The Plot moves with a swiftness that keeps you on the edge of your seat. You will thoroughly enjoy every episodes of this super serial. Tell your friends, and see it at the

ELDORADO
ITALIAN CINEMA
LAMINGTON ROAD.

PLEASE NOTE CHANGE OF TIME:
6-30, 8-15, and 10 p.m.
NOTE.
THURSDAY, 9th AUGUST, BEING PUBLIC HOLIDAY, SPECIAL MATINEE AT 4-45.
VALUABLE PRIZES WILL BE GIVEN AWAY.

2 LAST TWO NIGHTS 2
OF PRESENT ATTRACTIVE PROGRAMME.
6-30 TO-NIGHT 10
GAIETY THEATRE
PALACE OF VARIETIES
THE GAIETY CO.
presents
THE WORLD-FAMOUS NOVELTY ACT
Frolics in Frogland
ZEEO
The only Lady Frog
assisted by
ZAIDA AND QUEENIE
~~LA PETIT~~
ZILLA
The Prince of Pentomime
IN SONGS AND DANCES
A bright Australian Star
with a Voice
XAIDA STELLA
AUSTRALIAN VESTA TILLEY
By Persmission of
MISS VESTA TILLEY, LONDON
QUEENIE LLOYD
THE CUTE KID
The
MUSICAL WEATHERLEYS
in a
SWEET MUSICAL ACT
THE ABOVE REFINED ENTERTAINMENT
will be intercepted
BY PATHE'S EXCLUSIVE DRAMA:
THE DEADLY MODEL
and
A SPARKLING COMEDY

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.
PREMIER THEATRE OF THE EAST.
NIGHTLY AT 6-45 & 10.
A BRILLIANT PICTURE BILL
Great 5-reel Mystery Play:
"THE SIGN OF THE POPPY"
An old American who made a fortune through Chinese Trade incurred the hatred of a certain Celestial who, out of revenge stole one of his twin sons while it was a baby. The latter was made into an opium victim and was used by the Chinaman to further his revenge against the youth's own father and brother. Later the opium fiend learnt the truth and made the Chinaman pay with his life.

Patriotic French Film.
"THE BUGLER OF ALGIERS"
A striking tale of the Algerian and the Franco-Prussian war showing the heroism of the French and the cruelty of the Germans. This picture is suited for exhibition at the opening of a fourth year war.

The latest
PATHE GAZETTE.

WHAT THE PRESS SAYS.
"A most entertaining programme"—"Times of India."
"Perhaps the best programme of pictures to be seen anywhere in Bombay."—"Bombay Chronicle."
"As a Mystery story "The Sign of the Poppy" can have few equals."—"Advocate of India."

THE ONLY EUROPEAN THEATRE ORCHESTRA IN BOMBAY.
Prices: Rs. 1/8; Re. 1; Ans. 8 and 4. Box seats Rs. 2.

THE EXCELSIOR
BOMBAY'S LEADING THEATRE.
The Operatic Event of 1917.
EVERY EVENING AT 9-30
MAURICE E. BANDMAN
presents the
BANDMAN OPERA CO,
TO-NIGHT AND TO-MORROW AT 9-30.
The Phenomenal Alhembra Revue
"THE BING BOYS ARE HERE"
For the first time in Bombay
Thursday and Friday 9th & 10th Aug. at 9-30
The World's Record Breaker
"THE MERRY WIDOW"
Saturday 11th, Sunday 12th at 9-30
The Dainty Musical Comedy
"TINA"
SUNDAY 12TH AT 6 P. M.
HALF PRICE MATINEE.

PRICES AS USUAL.
Plan at ROSE & Co.
from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. Daily.
Saturday from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Matinee Plan Open all day
Sunday at the Excelsior.

EVERY EVENING AT 6-30.
EXCELSIOR PICTURES.
OFFICIAL WAR FILMS.
MAX LINDER COMEDY.
PATHE DRAMA IN 2 ACTS.
'FOR HONOUR & COUNTRY"
WEEKLY GAZETTE.

IMPERIAL
The Premier Picture Palace of Bombay.
LAMINGTON ROAD.
TO-NIGHT.
"THE ROMANTIC JOURNEY"
A GOLD ROOSTER PLAY
IN 5 PARTS
Featuring for the first time in India.
WILLIAM COURTENAY
AND
ALICE DOVEY.
THRILLING, ROMANTIC AND MYSTERIOUS.
PATHE GAZETTE
Latest.
HOOEY HEROES
Comic.
7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m. daily.
MATINEE—Saturday and Sunday 5 p. m.
POPULAR PRICES.

THE LATE DADABHAI NAOROJI.

FREEMASONS TRIBUTE TO HIS MEMORY.

Lodge Rising Star of Western India No. 542, S.C., the premier Parsi Masonic Lodge, held a funeral service last week in memory of the late Dr. Dadabhai Naoroji, an honorary member of the Lodge who had seen the light of masonry so far back as 1855. The ceremony was performed by the master, Mr. R. P. Bharucha, a solicitor of the High Court, and was deeply impressive The Grand Master, Sir Frank C. O. Beaman, was present with his grand Lodge officers. The funeral oration was delivered by Mr. D. F. Wadia, a Past Master of the Lodge.

He said:—We have met here to-night to pay our last tribute of gratitude and respect to our deceased brother, whose death is mourned by all India, by men of all shades of opinion, colours, castes and creeds, throughout the length and breadth of the country. No two opinions have been expressed, whether in the public press, English or Vernacular, in India or in England, or on the public platform, about the deceased or his deeds but there has been an unanimous chorus of applause for both. Brothers that does not happen in every case, but when it does, it is clear proof that the subject of such applause must necessarily be a unique case.

Outside our Masonic world, Worshipful Brother Dadabhai Naoroji has been acknowledged without a dissentient notice, to have been an unselfish patriot, who, with a lofty sense of self-sacrifice and wholehearted devotion, and in the performance of a duty, for duty's sake, served the country of his birth for upwards of three quarters of a century most usefully unceasingly and energetically and initiated and in a large measure, promoted the up-lift of his countrymen and the progress and happiness of mankind in general. A Parsi by birth and a staunch follower of the Zoroastrian religion, he did not move in a narrow groove, nor did he devote himself in any narrow spirit to any sectional or communal interests but he gave his all and of his best, be it of head or heart, to Indians, without distinction or reserve. He worked most for the good of all, white or brown, young or old, high or low, made no difference to him, all received the same treatment at his hands, and, were regarded as brothers, and sincerely so, and to each he gave a brother's dues. He has furnished a notable example of a blameless, spotless and irreproachable life both public and private. He was the trusted leader of the people, thought highly, spoke fearlessly, acted with determination and courage and commanded universal respect, esteem and confidence both of the teeming millions for whom he was a champion and the Rulers for whom he in turn had nothing but unbounded loyalty and in whose innate sense of fair play and justice he fully trusted. Brethern, it would not be out of place in a Masonic gathering such as this to remember with legitimate pride the words he uttered on a memorable occasion in 1893:

"Our fate and our future are in our own hands. If we are true to ourselves and to our country and make all the necessary sacrifices for our elevation and amelioration I for one, have not the shadow of a doubt, that in dealing with such justice-loving fair-minded people as the British we may rest fully assured that we shall not work in vain. It is this conviction which has supported me in all difficulties. I have never faltered in my faith in the British character and have always believed that the time will come when the sentiments of the British nation and our Gracious Sovereign proclaimed to us in our great Charter of the Proclamation of 1858 will be realised" namely, "in their prosperity will be our strength, in their contentment our best reward." My last prayer and exhortation to all my countrymen is to go on united and earnest, in concord and harmony, with moderation, with loyalty to the British Rule and patriotism towards our country and success is sure to attend our efforts and the day I hope is not distant when the world will see the noblest spectacle of a great nation like the British holding out the hand of true fellowcitizenship and of justice to the vast mass of humanity of this great and ancient land of India with benefits and blessings to the human race."

Mark, brethren, how the deceased exemplified in himself and in his faith and utterances the noble principles inculcated by Free Masonry and which no doubt had an inspiring effect on him at all times.

The speaker then referred to the speech of his Excellency the Governor in opening the Sessions of his Legislative Council on the 25th July 1917, when he paid his tribute of respect and regard to the memory of the deceased and proceeded to give a brief sketch of the late Mr. Dadabhai's public career and adverting to his Masonic career said that though brief it was useful. He was initiated in that Lodge on the 24th of April 1854, passed on the 21st of July 1854, and raised on the 10th of October of the same year. He became the Secretary of the Lodge for a short while, but soon after his taking up that office he went to England. In the year 1867, the Lodge presented to the then Provincial Grand Master of Western India Brother Richard Bolton Barton an Epergne for flowers as a mark of esteem affection and regard of the Members of the Lodge for admitting the natives of India into the Masonic Brotherhood. Other lodges also made a presentation. Brother Dadabhai was then in England and the honour of making the presentation fell to him. An interesting ceremony took place at the annual installation meeting of the Yarborough Lodge No. 811 Brighton and the presentation was made at that meeting.

Continuing Mr. Wadia said: In 1869, our deceased brother was again in India for a few months and at the very first meeting which he attended he was formally introduced and was received with Masonic honours for distinguishing himself a benefactor of the people of India in a far distant country and for his valuable exertions in all that was truly great. Brother Dadabhai had then already made England his own and also had his firm of Messrs. Dadabhai Naoroji & Co., carrying on business there. Yet he said "The Star" his Mother Lodge had a place in his heart and its affairs always claimed a part of his attention which he was not slow to give. At the end of the year he again left for England. In 1871, Brother Dadabhai resigned and upon his resignation he was elected honorary member of the Lodge and he continued on the list of honorary members till his death. In 1885, Brother Dadabhai was in India again and attended some of the Lodge meetings. In that year Brother C. M. Cama a very prominent member of the Lodge and a fellow worker of Brother Dadabhai in his early days died. A Funeral Lodge was held in his memory and on that occasion Brother Dadabhai who had been early associated with the deceased chiefly in connection with the establishment of the girls' school by the Students Literary and Scientific Society under the Alexandra Native Girls' Institution read a splendid oration which has been recorded as a part of the minutes of that meeting.

In 1893, their deceased Brother was again in Bombay and he attended the jubilee meeting of the Lodge on its completing its 50th year of existence. The minutes of that meeting record that a special feature was again the presence of the Worshipful Brother Dadabhai Naoroji M.P., and that Brother K. R. Cama in the course of the history of the Lodge that he made special mention of their deceased Brother saying that he thrice welcomed him in his Mother Lodge and that a man of his determination and courage as shown by the public movements of the time in which he took a prominent part was sure to have rendered vast services to masonry but that unfortunately however for masonry in general and the Lodge in particular but happily for himself and his countrymen he had a mission to leave India for England just at the time he was appointed into the Secretaryship of the Lodge and that while he was in England he joined Lodge Marquis of Dalhousie E.C., and became its first Indian master and thereafter became an active member of a couple of lodges in Finsbury always keeping his interest in the Craft up-to-date. These words of Brother Cama were too truly said for all of us know what mark our deceased brother made in public life. What perhaps was loss to Masonry was undoubtedly gain to the Indian world. A brother so truly great and noble who lived a lifeworth living has left us, continued the speaker, but his monumental work, the work of a lifetime, unselfishly and ungrudgingly done, will endure for ever. His memory will always remain green to us and, as we shall cherish it, we shall be inspired, in a spirit of just emulation, to strive to make the best use of the priceless legacy he has bequeathed to us and always hold forth his example as worthy of imitation. Our brother will be able to render an unimpeachable account of himself and his deeds to the G. A. O. T. U. and all that we can now do is to fervently pray that he will find a peaceful repose!

MR. JINNAH'S "AT HOME."

The Hon. Mr. M. A. Jinnah was "At Home" on Sunday last to the members of the Moslem Students' Union and their friends at the Anjuman-i-Islam. There was a large gathering of students, and among others present were Sir Mahomed Yusuf, Mr. Fazulbhoy J. Lalji, Mr. Umer Sobani, Mr. H. Dhedaste, Prof. V. G. Rao, Prof. Farren and others. After the refreshments Mr. Fazul Ibrahim Rahimtulla, Vice-President of the Union, thanked the host on behalf of the members, and said it was a gratifying fact that at last the leaders of the community had awakened to the call of duty to the younger generation. The speaker referred to the confidence and appreciation in which Mr. Jinnah was held by the Mussalman community, and said it was because of that that the Moslem Students Union had elected him as their first President. Mr. Jinnah in reply asked the members of the Union to remember that they were students to-day, but would be citizens and responsible men of their country on the morrow. Let them see that they were not reproached for not doing their duty. Mr. Jinnah said the Union had made really substantial progress during its short existence, and he would wish the students to remember that its future success depended upon their taking an active part in the work of the Union in right earnest. He assured them of his continued help and interest.

LORD ROSEBERY'S HEIR.

DISCLAIMS RESPONSIBILITY FOR WIFE'S DEBTS.

The following advertisement appeared in the "Personal" columns of the "Times" and other London newspapers on June 26.

I, Albert Edward Harry Mayer Archibald Primrose, commonly called Lord Dalmeny, of The Grange, Bletchley, in the county of Buckinghamshire, hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Dorothy Alice Margaret Augusta Primrose, commonly called Lady Dalmeny.—Dated this 21st day of June, 1917.

DALMENY.

Witness: Charles Russell, solicitor, 37, Norfolk Street, Strand, London, W.C.

Lady Dalmeny is the younger daughter of Lord Henry George Grosvenor, uncle of the Duke of Westminster. She was married to Lord Dalmeny in 1909, and they have a son and a daughter.

The C. P. and Berar Branch of the Depressed Classes Mission Society of India being in very urgent need of funds, Sir Bezonji of the Empress Mills at Nagpur has very kindly promised a monthly subscription of Rs. 50.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

"THE BING BOYS ARE HERE."

"The Bing Boys," as produced at the Excelsior Theatre last night by the Bandman Opera Company, is but a skeleton of the original production. It may best be described as an entertaining medley of low and light comedy, with a sprinkling of minstrelsy thrown in. Nevertheless, it was a very successful production, and obviously to the taste of the crowded audience which had assembled for the first performance in Bombay. There is no plot in "The Bing Boys." The piece depends, for its success, upon the work of the principal artists. These, last night, acquitted themselves with the greatest credit. There are three outstanding characters in "The Bing Boy," viz., Lucifer and Oliver Bing, and Emma. Mr. Fred Winn played "Lucifer"; Mr. Rex was "Oliver"; while "Emma" was played by Miss Addie Leigh. There is no question that "The Bing Boys" and Miss Leigh carried the piece. They have tuneful numbers, and they make the most of them. Their appearance together, throughout the evening, was the signal for loud and appreciative applause. A conspicuous bit was the song "If you were the only girl," sung by Fred Winn and Addie Leigh. No less popular was the quartette by "The Street Singers," viz., Messrs. Kellaway, Hodson and Cowan, and Miss E. Rosslyn. The number was "padding," purely and simply, but no item on the programme received a warmer reception. It compelled four calls, and the audience demanded more. Miss Manners has not a great deal to do in this show, but she led a delightful song-scena entitled "Hullo, Bombay," in which she was assisted by the pretty girls of the chorus. Alec Kelleway and Leyland Hodgson worked hard in their numerous parts, and they were especially entertaining in a duo called "Dixie land," for which they gave two encores. These two artistes are an acquisition to the company. There are so many musical numbers, each excellent in its way, that it is difficult to differentiate, with justness, amongst them, but mention must be made of "Another little drink wouldn't do us any harm," by the Bing Boys and Emma; "The Kipling Walk" by Emma; and "The Kiss Trot" by Miss Manners and Mr. Hodgson. Like other members of the company, Mr. Compton Coutts played a variety of parts, in all of which he put up a finished performance. He was especially amusing in the restaurant scene, where he portrayed the dignified waiter who overawes his provincial patrons. The production was exceptionally well staged by Mr. Hall, and although the chorus did not always realise his strivings after effect, they made a very pretty combination. "The Bing Boys" is a piece to see. It is so full of good things that it cannot fail to amuse the most prosaic.

ALLEGED COSPRIACNY AT DINAJPUR

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DINAJPUR, Aug. 6.

The case against the political suspects Manohar Pain and four others continued before the District Magistrate for argument. In the statements tendered by all the accused in written they denied to have made any statement before the police.

The prosecution showed that the accused deliberately concealed their connection with each other. In order to conceal the reason of their coming to Dinajpur they gave out false names. Asita, the approver, who did not make a true statement at first made made a true statement when confronted with the facts which had come out on investigation. Hence the evidence of Asita was to be accepted. Manohar, admitted that he remained in Bepin's Hotel and put up with Debendra Majumder. He association of Bidhubhuson with Gurudas and Asita was corroborated by a student of Gurudas. Manohar admitted at Calcutta that Haripada was an alias of Manindra Sanyal. It had been proved that Badal was absent when Gurudas was selected as private tutor, but came to Dinajpur on the evening of the twelfth Chaitra, after the search was made. The prosecution pointed out that Bidhu visited Gurudas as proved by Bepin Babu, Ram Logan and others. He gave a false name as Ramcharn Chakrabarty. He was taken when came to Gurudas. The court rose for the day and the case will be continued to-morrow.

A FREE OFFER OF LITERATURE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Will you permit me to state through the medium of your valued journal, several young friends who have written to me for copies of Mrs. Besant's "India—A Nation" that copies are not procurable in Bombay? To prevent disappointment, however, I am sending them, instead, copies of Mr. H. W Nevinson's brilliant exposition on "The Growth of Freedom", in the People's Books series.

I shall be pleased to send some more copies of Mr Nevinson's book to Home Rule League Libraries, etc. As I have only about 25 copies left with me, I shall be glad if intending applicants write early. In dealing with applications, preference will be given to young men's and young women's societies, students' debating clubs and school and college libraries (private and aided), in the Bombay Presidency.—Yours, etc.,

VENKAT RAM.

Empire Hotel, Fort.

August 6th, 1917.

INTERCESSION DAY.

"ENGLISHMAN'S" PROTEST AGAINST METROPOLITAN OF INDIA'S PRAYER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 6.

The "Englishman" respectfully protests against the service of penitence and humble prayer issued by the Metropolitan of India for use on Intercession Day. The paper says:—We object strongly to addresses by the minister which ranged over a variety of subjects of a political and controversial nature. They dealt with Self-Government for India. To turn away from it, that also was condemned hypocrisy. They spoke of the Irish problem and the constitution of the Empire, the enfranchisement of women, the relations between employers and the employed, the prohibition of alcoholic liquor; they spoke approvingly of the utterances of socialist parties all over the world, the first low whisper of a wind which blows towards a lasting peace. We do not intend now to enter into a controversy on these subjects. There are times and opportunities when to discuss them may be profitable, but we feel with many others that a solemn service of intercession should not be made the occasion for ecclesiastical excursions into the domain of controversial politics.

WAR ANNIVERSARY.

On Saturday a Hari Kirtan was held at the Baramati Club and prayers were offered at the temples and mosques, to give speedy success to the Allies in the present European War. Many persons had assembled in the Sideshwar Temple where Bhajans were held.

MAHOMEDON MEETING AT POONA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, Aug. 7.

Under the auspices of Anjuman-e-Islam, Poona, a meeting of the Mahomedans was held on Saturday evening at Mominpura under the presidentship of Mr. A. S. A. Wartroop, Collector of Poona. Amongst those present were Mr. P. R. Cadell, the Hon. Mr. Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer, Nawab Mir Ahmedalikhan, Sardar K. B. Kazi Azimuddin. Nawab Mir Jafferali Khan, Munshi Shaikh Bakerali, Kazi Nurrudin and others.

Mr. Wartropp who was voted to the chair, addressing those present, said that few communities had made greater sacrifices and had shown a more courageous spirit than the Deccani Mussalmans.

Nawab Mir Ahmedali Khan, 1st Class Sardar of the Deccan, then proposed:—"That the Mahomedans of Poona assembled at a public meeting on the third anniversary of the war, wish to declare publicly that they will whole-heartedly support the British Government in its prosecution of the war, until all the aims of the British and her Allies have been fully attained, and a peace commensurate with those aims has been achieved and for this purpose they invoke God's blessings on the Arms of the Allies in the just cause for which they are fighting and pray that God may grant them a speedy and decisive victory." The resolution was carried.

Mr. Haji Yusuff Haji Esmail Sobhani, President of the Anjuman-e-Islam, Bombay, proposed a vote of thanks to the chair. Sirdar Khan Bahadur Kazi Syed Azimuddin Kazi of Poona seconding it.

AEFERENCE IN POONA ENGINEERING COLLEGE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, Aug. 6.

At the Engineering College, Dr. H. N. Allen, Principal, addressed the students, laying emphasis on the self-sacrifice of the people of Belgium and paying a tribute to those Indian soldiers who were bravely fighting for the Empire. A portrait in oils of the King-Emperor was presented to the College by Mr. Pimpalkhare.

RAO SAHIB NARAYAN S. CHITGUPI.

A series of meetings were lately held by the Citizens of Hubli to congratulate Mr. Narayan S. Chitgupi upon the title of Rao Sahib conferred on him by the Government in recognition of the many useful services rendered by him in different capacities. Rao Sahib Narayan S. Chitgupi is a landowner at Hubli, and as a native of this place, the first recipient of this honour. He has been a Municipal Commissioner continuously for the last 19 years, and the Presidents of the Municipality have invariably made appreciative references to his zeal and devotion to the work of public good. He has also been an Hon. Magistrate and a member of the Local Board for the last 15 years and has received special thanks from the District Magistrate for the loyal and meritorious work he has done in those capacities. His benevolence is equally well marked, as amongst his several other deeds of charity there stands a valuable plot of 5 acres of land which he has given as a free gift for the use of the Municipal Civil Dispensary.

Rao Sahib Narayan S. Chitgupi was entertained at Pan-Supari parties by the Hubli Social Club, the Co-operative Credit Society, the Karanatik Gymkhana, the Depressed Class Mission and the Dairy Association, and at an Evening Party by his friends. He is a very deserving man, and all these functions held in his honour fully testify to the popularity and esteem in which he is held by the public of this place and the title he has received has pleased one and all.

POONA RACES.

SECOND EXTRA MEETING.

(From our Correspondent.)

POONA, Aug. 6.

As per list of entries for 11th August, 1917, Poona Races, 2nd Extra Meeting will be held on Saturday, 11th August, 1917.

THE LINGFIELD PLATE. Distance 6 Furlongs.

Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's Giacomi, Margreen, Carpentia and Vanity Box.
Mrs. J. L. Ainsworth's Little Nan.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's Premiers and Somal.
Mr. W. S. Clarke's Penny Pie.
Mr. D. Pallonjee's Hoppner.
H. H. the Maharaja of Gwalior's Dress.
Mr. J. Stewart's Anthracite.
Mr. Sorabjee Rustomjee's Triple Alliance.
Mr. S. A. Wahed's Dorian.
Messrs. Heath and Gold's Weyhill.
Mr. Heath's Orloff.
Aga Coochick Shah's Binfield Grove and Matchless Maud.
Mr. T. Tejpal's Glass Rock.
R. R. S.'s Waynflete, Kinsale and Black Kite and Bunty.
The Chief of Mhaisal's Black Walnut.
Mr. Kelso's Mill Rollestone.
Messrs. J. K. Irani' and George's King's Head.
H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's Lebanon, and Lavenir.
Mr. P. A. Stewart's Cheriton
Mr. A. Hope's Kim III
Mr. Goculdas's Gipsy's Advice.
Mr. Goculdas's Cicatrix.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and F. M. Garda's Fire Finch.
Mr. N. Begmahomed's Bright Bird.

THE KOREGAON PLATE.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's Motor Wrap.
H. H. the Maharaja of Gwalior's Villeroy.
Captain Sardar M. N. Sitole's Arras.
Captain Cairnes and Mr. S. A. Sanford's Kit Grey Leg.
Mr. D. Pallonji's Decorum.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Megale.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Second Venture.
Mr. Holme's Spring Daisy.
Messrs. Hastings and Guthrie's Aquatint.
Mr. Frank's Rueful.
H. H. the Jam Saheb's Torsen.
H. H. the Jam Saheb's Flotelle.
Mr. Pitt's Impecunious.
Mr. Pitt's Haven of Rest.
Mr. S. A. Wahed's Mossy.
Mr. Keath's Lucky Thought.
Mr. T. Tejpal's Adelaide II.
Aga Coochick Shah's Partial Eclipse.
Mr. J. S. Love's Kitty Ohara.
Mr. T. M. Thadden's Watch Tower.
Mr. T. Gordhandas's Madrina.
Mr. P. A. Stewart's North.
Mr. Downe's Drill Mistress.
Mr. Downe's Athlete.
Mr. A. Hope's Night Flyer.
Mr. R. MacAlister's Veiled Certainty.

THE CHENAB PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Mr. A. S. Oomer's Chanda Sahib.
Messrs. A. W. Essa and R. D. Sethna's Sugar Cane.
H. H the Yuvaraja of Mysore's Ooma.
Mr. M. Goculdas's R. G.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Awriferous.
Messrs. A. W. Essa and R. D. Sethna's Altiora.
Mr. M. Ghorpade's Maiden Palm.
H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's Red Duke.

THE SUNBEAM PLATE.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

Mr. A. S. Oomer's Economy.
Mr. Downe's Abdul Valjee.
Mr. Moosajee's Hasty.
Mr. A. Nanjee's Acetine.
Mr. Rajmahomed Vazir's Ormuz and Panama.
Mr. Saleh Moosa's Justice.
Mr. Rambhoy Kashibhoy's Barjora.
Mr. Yussuff Haroon's Najdi, Raven, Pioneer and Paradise.
Mr. Nasim Saleh's Good Morning.
Mr. Pahad bin Saif's Bikaneer.
Messrs. A. K. Essa and Mubarak's Dartmoor.
Mr. F. Bateman's Ringstead (late Challenger).
Mr. N. Jehangir's Nassau.
Messrs. A. R. Dakeel and Mhamdan's Salim
Mr. A. F. Brigstocke's Subeh Pasha.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathuradass's Sultan and Starling.
Mr. Holme's Tawakul.
Mr. K. Cassumbhoy's Shatra.
Mr. Aspandiar Ardeshir's Bayonet.
Mr. J. Stewart's Sherali.
Mr. Frank's Mount Pleasant.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Maurice
Mr. Noble's Morning Light.
Mr. Kudban Toledo Arbert's Royalist.
Messrs. Heath and Gold's Refusal.
The Chief of Mhaisal's Active.
Mr. P. A. Stewart's Fairy Gold.
Mr. A. A. Dharamsey's Safi
Mr. Pitt's Major.
Mr. Dara Cowasjee's Powerful.
Messrs. Dara Cowasjee and N. Begmahomed's Archer.

THE HOPEFUL PLATE.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

Mr. A. S. Oomer's Festivity.
Mr. A. S. Oomer's Union Jack.
H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla's Lucky Bag.
Mr. A. Nanjee's Full House.
Mr. A. Nanjee's Royal Taj.
Mr. Rajmahomed Vazir's Warminster.
Mr. K. A. Hilay's Banker.
Mr. Yussuff Sheriff's Abdul Karim.
Mr. F Jone's Boxer.
Messrs. J. A. David and H. Khatoon's Brave Boy.
Mr. E. A. Higg's Mercantile.
Mr. Bennett's Gold Field.
Mr. Mowlud Haji Ali's Chester.
Mr. Yussuff Haroon's Ignorance.
Mr. Yussuffbhai Moosa's Ever Ready.
Mr. Fahad bin Saif's Viking.
Mr. Fahad bin Seif's Sir Martin.
Mr. Ebrahim bin Zaid's Investor.
Mr. Shaik Salim's Edward.
Mr. Maganlal Revashanker's Victor.
Mr. Abdul Bakhi Zaheir's Zuehir.
Mr. Mahmood Shirazee's Cingalee.
Messrs. A. R. Dakeel and M. Kamdan's Rayis.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass's Garland.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass's Starling.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass's Four Aces.
Messrs. J. Stewart's St. Leger.
Messrs. Ali bin Talib's Mandil (late Speakul).
Messrs. S. A. Wahed's Grey Leg.
Messrs. S. A. Wahed's Autocrat.
Messrs. S. A Wahed and Aga Mirza Ahmed's Legislator.
Messrs. Albert's Alpine.
Messrs. Heath's Launceston.
Messrs. Heath's Nanpur.
Messrs. A. R. Dakeel's Equator.
Messrs. R. R. S.'s Pacific.
Messrs. R. R. S.'s Natal.
Messrs. Hammond's Devildom.
Messrs. George's Bhookhri.
Mr. Dara Cowasjee's Quantity and Florida.

THE PURANDHAR PLATE.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

Mr. A. S. Oomer's Nawabzada.
Mr. J. K. Crawford's Burg.
Mr. Ebrahim Gazee's Advance.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's Collector.
Messrs. A. Nanjee and Valjee Moosajee's Gazal.
Mr. A. Nanjee's Ace of Royals and Ace of Hearts.
Mr. Nasim Saleh's Black Ivory.
Mr. Erach Jijeebhoy's Young Majub.
Mr. Towfik Esmail's Ajmer
Mr. F. M. Garda's Nizam-ul-Mulk.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass's Tajilmulook.

says:—The hun is very mechanical in his which our guns replied terrificially. Few

Mr. K. Cassumbhoy's Tawdry.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Brimo.
Mr. S. A. Wahed's Black Hussars.
Mr. S. A. Wahed's Osprey.
Mr. Noble's Minora (late Serpent).
Mr. Heath's Ajax.
Mr. Heath's Mekbal.
Mr. R. R. S.'s Angler.
Mr. J. K. Irani's Excelsior.
Mr. Dara Cowasjee's Eldorado.

WAR RELIEF WORK.

MONTHLY REPORT OF THE BOMBAY WOMEN'S BRANCH.

The month of July was an exceedingly busy one at the Women's Branch. Extra work was caused by the great influx of men of leave from Mesopotamia. As mentioned in last month's report, each man was supplied on arrival in Bombay with a bag containing various articles of clothing and comforts. These bags were only able to be given as the result of the splendid response of all the upcountry and local branches to the urgent appeal for an extra quantity of garments, and especially of those larger branches who actually supplied and packed some of the bags; Poona herself sent over 1,100 bags, and Ahmedabad 500 In addition to these "leave bags," 850 of the usual hospital bags, which are given to patients when they leave Hospitals were distributed. The total number of garments given out was 83,721. From the Comforts Department 309 cases were despatched to Mesopotamia, Muscat, Bushire, and the Waziristan Field Force, and Transports to and the Hospital ships for Orderlies.

A new Hospital for sick Nurses, containing 10 beds has been opened at Baghdad. The Women's Branch has sent curtains, cushions, linen, etc.

A library of 3,014 books, of which no two are duplicated, is on its way to Baghdad, and requests for further supplies of books are still coming in from many places and ships.

The Central Provinces has for some months past been sending through us buckskins home to England to be made into coats for men in mine sweepers, these are very greatly appreciated, and many more are required. Skins will be gratefully received for despatch addressed as follows: The Honorary Secretary, Women's Branch War and Relief Fund, Mayo Road, Bombay. Skins to be forwarded to S. C. Hill Esqr., London.

Labels and free railway passes may be obtained on application to the same address.

The following subscriptions are gratefully acknowledged:—

Amount previously acknowledged, Rs. 11,61,318-4-2; Satara Branch, Rs. 851-15-6; St. George's Hospital Nursing Staff, Rs. 63; Mrs. Anthony, Deolali, Rs. 28-14; Byculla Club, (24th instalment), Rs. 250; Telegraph Circle per Mrs. Babington, Rs. 120; Mr. Dhunjibhoy Bomanji (5th instalment) Rs. 1,000; Cutch Branch, Rs. 1,000; Belgaum Branch, Rs. 346-8; Mr. C. Richardson, Rs. 50; Per Collector of Bijapur, Rs 115: Mrs. D. Williamson, Rs. 33; Porbandar State, per Major O'Brien, Rs. 250; A. B., Rs. 25; Mrs. Bett, Rs. 5; "A Bridge Winner", Rs. 108-8; Mr. Samaldas Purbhoodas, "Chipstone". Rs. 7-8; "Bhuj Bridge" per Editor "Times of India", Rs. 65; Mr. U. W. Kamat, Rs. 5; Members of the Accountant General's Staff, Rs. 42; Per Judicial Clerk, Honorary Presidency Magistrate's Court, Mazagon, Rs. 20; Mr. Y. M. Dhoble, Rs. 5; Mrs. Strelley, Rs. 5; Mr. Laxmidas G. Tejpal, Rs. 250; Barsi Light Railway Employees "Anna War Fund" (20th instalment), Rs. 65; Mrs. G. R. H. Hack, Rs. 30; Proceeds of Concert, Frere Fletcher School, Rs. 213; the Chief of Ichalkaranji, Rs. 5,000; Lodge Deolali, No. 3,719 E.C., Rs. 50; Mrs. Mackinnon, Gadag, Rs. 2; Per Second Presidency Magistrate, Rs. 160; Amount found in Collection Boxes, 8th clearance, Rs. 82-12-10; Per Deputy Controller (Coal Supplies) Indian Munitions Board, Rs. 200, Rs. 100, Rs. 200 Rs. 100, Rs. 400, Rs. 1,000; East Khandesh Branch (32nd instalment) Rs. 395-1-10; Sorath Branch, per Mrs. Oldfield, Rs. 400; Miss Gordon, Wai, Rs. 50; Proceeds sale of Fancy Work, per Mrs. Williamson, Rs. 303; Bhusawal Branch, Rs. 90; Proceeds Concert at G. I. P. Railway Institute, Lonavla on 2nd June, Rs. 529-10; Parsi Drivers, G. I. P. Railway Bhusawal, Rs. 37; Per Chief Presidency Magistrate, Rs. 10; Per third Presidency Magistrate Rs. 5; Premchand Roychand & Sons, Rs. 1,125; and Health Department Staff, Bombay Municipality, Rs. 340; Total Rs. 11,75,765-2-4.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 6.

Although inquiry for jute mill shares was somewhat limited the market ruled stronger and shewed the improvement upon last week, closing quite steady. There was not much doing in coal shares. Ondal were asked for but without finding many sellers. In miscellaneous section Great India Phosphates changed hands at Rs. 6-8 premium. The following sales took place:—

Coal:—Deoli 23, 23-4; Empire 10; Ondal (ord) 16-8 to 17; Sam'a Kendra 18; Sowardih 16, 16-4, 13-8, 17 s. i.; Standard 45, 45-8; Western 17-4, 17-8.

Jute:—Alliance (ord) 405 s. i., 414; Auckland (ord) 253, 254, 251; Clive (ord) 172-8, 172, 173, 172-8; Dalhousie (ord) 372, 374 c. d.; Delta (ord) 412; Fort Gloster (ord) 490; Fort William (ord) 182, 180; Hooghly (pref) 14; Kamarhatty (ord) 367, 368, 370; Kankinarra (ord) 462-8, 465; Lawrence (ord) 365, 367, 364; Northbrook (ord) 38-8, 38-12 c. d.; 34-10 x. d. Standard (ord) 445, 447-8; Union (ord) 550, 553.

Miscellaneous:—Alliance Bank (pref) 100; Ayer Panas Rubber 11-40, Bengal Aerating Gas 140, 141; Carew and Co. 106, 107; Cawnpore Sugar (pref) 88; Calcutta City Flour 11-12 to 12-4; Dacca Electric Supply 14; Great India Phosphate 5-8 to 6-8 p.; Hooghly Flour 20, 20-12; Khung Rubber 9-8 to 9-14; Kumardubi Engineering (New shares) 28-12, 29; Reliance Fire Brick and Pottery 2-12, 3 p.

Government Paper three and a half per cent was quoted at Rs. 65-14 to 66-4 and small lots were done at Rs. 66-8 to 66-12.

The Railway Board have convened a committee of expert bridge engineers to advise them regarding the revision of rules for the design and inspection of railway bridges a subject which has been under discussion since the Inchape Conference of 1912. The first meeting of the Bridge Committee will be held in the office of the Chief Engineer with the Railway Board at Simla on the 13th instant. It will be attended by the following members:—Mr. A. A. Biggs, Chief Engineer, M. and S. M. Ry.; Mr. C. W. Anderson, Bridge Engineer, B. N. Ry; Mr. H. S. Sales, Bridge Engineer, N. W. Ry; and Mr. T. C. Hood Acting Bridge Engineer, G. I. P. Ry. with Mr. G. Richards, Chief Engineer of the Railway Board as Chairman.

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ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"SCOT."—If it is a "trashy" paper why do you give yourself the trouble of reading it? Why not try to cultivate a sense of humour—if possible? Why are you afraid to give your name and address

"INQUIRY".—P. M. Chichgar, "The Golden Peacock".—We are taking up the matter and your letters will be published in an early issue.

BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Tuesday, August 7, 1917.

THE BENGAL BLUNDER.

Indications are not lacking that a serious and far-reaching crisis is brewing in Bengal. While Lord Ronaldshay is gaily touring the districts of Eastern Bengal, delivering pompous little speeches on what may or may not be expected by the people whom he has been called upon to govern, during the brief period of "my rule," storm-clouds are gathering fast. The prohibition of the Calcutta Town Hall meeting, called by the Sheriff and organised under the most influential and weighty auspices that Bengal could command, was not only a patently irregular Executive order, but implied a somewhat deliberate and gross insult to the leaders of the Indian community and to public opinion in the province. The action taken by Lord Ronaldshay's Government demonstrates once more how completely out of touch it is possible for those in high executive authority to be with the character and temperament of the people whom they are expected to "govern." The spirit of Bengal, it might have been thought, would be sufficiently known to the Governor and his advisers. Even Lord Curzon, whose A.D.C. Lord Ronaldshay was, eventually got to understand and appreciate it. It was claimed for the new Governor of Bengal by his numerous apologists that, although in his earlier writings and utterances he had hurled some cheap taunts and affronts at the Bengalees, he had latterly mended his notions and would bring a comparatively fresh and unwarped judgment to bear upon the discharge of his duties. This claim, however, has not been borne out by the tone and tendency manifested by his Excellency since assuming his high office. Bengal, barring the small and universally discredited anarchist element, has been one of the most orderly and tranquil of the Indian provinces since the war, and has specially distinguished herself in respect of her active services for the war. Thanks to the new order of statesmanship that has found favour in this country with the advent of Lord Chelmsford, Bengal has now been brought to the edge of the precipice. Those who talk about hushing domestic controversies in India while the war is on would do well to remember that in Madras and Bengal alike provocation, at once gratuitous and grave, was directly offered by the Executive.

What the position in Bengal is at the moment may be gathered from a remarkable article that appears in the "Bengalee." Before quoting from it we may as well remark that the excessive moderation latterly of that well-known journal had become a source of disquiet, and even the occasion for protest, in national circles in other parts of the country. So that the force and sense of emergency behind our contemporary's "A Note of Warning,"—as the article is entitled,—is not to be mistaken. Says the "Bengalee":

> "We must raise a note of warning. We do not know from whom the order for the suppression of the Besant meeting at the Town Hall emanated. Was it from the Government of India, and over the head of the Government of Bengal? . . . However that may be, and no matter from whom the order has proceeded, it is a blunder almost as grave as that of the partition of Bengal. It has produced a condition of public feeling in Bengal similar to that of the partition days. There is seething excitement in Bengal and the volume of public feeling is accentuated and intensified by the sympathy of all India. Wherever educated men meet together, whether in their homes or in the clubs, or in any other places of public resort, it is the one absorbing topic of conversation; and indignant protests are heard on all sides. Moderate men and even those free from the turmoil of public life and public affairs join in these protests. They are carried away by the overmastering volume of public feeling. A situation is created in Bengal and elsewhere, which must give rise to a policy of passive resistance with all its attendant troubles and hardships. Does the Government want that?"

Our contemporay proceeds to point out, and here it expresses the settled opinion not of Bengal alone but of all India, that, —"*The people will not submit to the deprivation of one of the most cherished of constitutional rights, the right of holding public meetings upon any question of public imporiance which they deem fit.*"

"It is a right," says the "Bengalee," "which the British Government has conferred on them":

> Take it away from them, or curtail it in any way, and they feel that their political life is gone, and they are reduced to the position of helots whose mouths are gagged. No Government ought to inflict upon a vast community a state of things which makes them writhe under a sense of political degradation or inspires them with the belief that unless it is modified, their political future is gone.

Our contemporary concludes with an appeal to the Government to avert, by prompt withdrawl of the unconscionable and unconstitutional order which has been passed, "the greatest crisis which threatens this Province since the days of the Partition:

> "We know the temper of our people, and we pray to be spared from an agitation which in its intensity, will surpass even that which the partition of Bengal gave rise to. We write under a grave sense of responsibility."

The next move is with his Excellency the Viceroy. We do not mention or invoke the Secretary of State for India as, by the time he gets to be acquainted with the facts and passes any orders, it is conceivable that the mischief will have been done. The "primary" responsibility, in Mr. Chamberlain's phrase, rests with the Government of Lord Chelmsford. Sphinx-like silence may have its uses, but is patently unsuited to the present moment when a storm is gathering in Bengal.

DRUGS AND FINANCE.

Is there some fatality of connection between the sale of drugs and peculiar finance? It was only a few days ago that, at the meeting of the shareholders of Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ltd., critics of the management of the company by the Board of Directors were able to make out a strong case for a close enquiry into the real financial condition of the company. The critics were not successful in their attempt to secure such an enquiry and the shareholders, whether under the soporific influence of the atmosphere attaching to the druggist's business or hypnotised by the immediate prospect of receiving a dividend, accepted the perfunctory and elusive explanations put forward by the Chairman and others. But, if the Directors carried the day, the critics certainly carried off the honours of the argument and, judging the matter as impartially as we can, it seems to us that the day may come when the shareholders will regret that they refused to accept a demand, the strength of which was not lessened by anything contained in the mostly irrelevant answers given by the Directors to some very pertinent and significant queries.

On Wednesday the meeting of the shareholders of another company dealing chiefly in drugs takes place, and a glance at the balance sheet to be presented to the shareholders offers another interesting study in "drugged" finance. Messrs. Philips and Co., Ltd., is a concern that has paid fairly handsome dividends to the shareholders during the past two or three years, we believe. This year, in spite of the fact that there is a balance to the bad on the Profit and Loss Account, the Directors seem reluctant to deprive their constituents of a similar pleasurable announcement. But the shareholders of a company, the Directors of which propose to pay them dividends out of losses, should look into the means by which this is done and the justification for what, on the face of it, is a distinctly questionable proposal somewhat closely, and the shareholders of Philips and Co. will be well-advised not to accept too readily the not very plausible report which contains this proposal. It is stated, in accounting for the loss on the year's working, that "adverse conditions prevailed during the year under report and these are now accentuated by the large embargo on the export of most goods obtainable from Europe." There is no reason to suppose that these adverse conditions will cease to exist in the near future and prudence would suggest the full conservation of the company's resources for the present. Another reason put forward is the large expense which has been incurred in "placing on the market several important products," but in regard to which, it is "confidently anticipated the resultant business from the sale of these products will more than justify the increased expenditure." There does not appear to be any justification at all for this confident anticipation. A very large sum has been expended by the management in pushing or attempting to push a product called Chlorogen for the sterilisation of water, but the results hitherto have been contemptible and anyone who knows anything about the matter can have no reason for supposing that they will ever justify the lavish expenditure of the shareholders' money that has taken place. But perhaps the most remarkable feature of this balance sheet is the means by which the shareholders are to be consoled for a loss on the working by the payment of a dividend of 8½ per cent. The Directors recommend a withdrawal of Rs. 20,000 from the *Equalisation* of Dividend Fund. Of this Rs. 17,500 will go to provide for the dividend and Rs. 2,500 is to be "*carried forward*" to next year's account. This is certainly not a proper use for an equalisation of dividend fund and the idea of taking money out of reserve and then putting it back as a "carry forward" must appear supremely ridiculous,—to say nothing of its morality,—to the veriest tyro in company finance.

There are other matters of which the shareholders of Philips and Co. may not be aware, the revelation of which, however, should impress upon them the need for some investigation of the company's affairs. It appears that the Directors made three shots at the balance sheet before they were able to produce one which it was felt might safely be placed before the shareholders. Both the earlier ones, it is somewhat amazing to learn, were passed by the auditors and signed by the Directors before it was discovered that in neither case did the report and balance sheet properly represent the true state of affairs. In the first of these balance sheets, which was printed and ordered for distribution to the shareholders, an item of Rs. 1,27,876 appeared in the Property and Assets as "customers' accounts considered good." And a balance of Rs. 58,097 odd was thus shown as available for distribution. On this it was proposed to pay a dividend of 10 per cent. free of income tax, a bonus of Re. 1 per share, to put Rs. 5,000 to the Equalisation Fund and Rs. 10,000 to the Reserve Fund and to allow Rs. 5,000 for depreciation of plant. All these grandiloquent proposals disappeared in the second balance sheet, together with the reduction of the figure of Rs. 1,27,876 for "customers' accounts considered good" to Rs. 75,390. It would be interesting to know how this stupendous mistake of Rs. 52,486 in the assets of the company came to occur. In spite of this, however, a profit was again shown in the second balance sheet that was printed, the figure this time being Rs. 32,712; the dividend of ten per cent. was allowed to stand as well as the bonus of Re. 1, while Rs. 7,712 was to be carried forward. The final attempt reduced the gross profit from Rs. 1,33,062, as it stood in the second balance sheet, to Rs. 81,508, while the net profit was turned into a loss of Rs. 20,164! These amazing blunders could hardly have occurred if there were proper management of the finances of the company, and it will hardly be surprising if some curiosity is shown at the meeting on this point. As the two cancelled balance sheets have not only been cancelled but,—naturally enough,—suppressed, we propose to afford some further enlightenment and comment on the subject in our next issue.

THE INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Now that it is announced that the Secretary of State for India is prepared to consider applications from temporary officers of the Indian Medical Service with a view to their obtaining permanent commissions, it is as well to bring to the notice of the authorities certain grievances of the Indian Officers of the I. M. S., which have been put before us by various correspondents during the past few months. We are not aware of the exact number of doctors who have resigned their temporary commissions, but we know that some officers resigned, because they were dissatisfied with the treatment they received at the hands of senior combatant and non-combatant (medical) officers. No doubt these temporarily commissioned officers are not *au fait* with military etiquette and routine, but whose fault is that? Surely not theirs, for how can they be expected to be conversant with preliminary training?

We desire to bring to the notice of the authorities that there is a great deal of bitterness among these temporary officers because of the insulting and over-weening attitude, which, they allege, is assumed towards them by their superior officers. We would ask the Director of Medical Services in India to issue a circular to the senior officers of both the services,—particularly to those of the I.M.S. who ought to know better,—instructing them how to behave towards the temporary officers of the I.M.S., and, in the drafting of this circular, the services of the regular Indian Officers of the I.M.S. could, with advantage, be utilised. But this by itself will not suffice. The temporary Indian Officers rightly feel,—and this feeling is shared by their regular confreres,—that when a responsible post is to be filled, a European officer is invariably selected, and they are passed over. Not one, out of the dozen senior regular Indian officers is given command of a general field or base hospital, or a hospital ship. While temporary Captains of the R.A.M.C., and European Captains of the I.M.S. are appointed commanding officers of ambulance trains, not one, out of the three dozen regular Indian Captains, is thought fit for this post. It is such invidious distinctions, based on racial prejudice, which are at the root of the discontent among both the regular and temporary Indian officers of the I.M.S.

It is stated that the reason why Indian Officers are not given responsible posts, is, that they then have to deal with European troops who, it is alleged, object to be even temporarily under the orders of an Indian Officer. No specific case of the kind has ever been reported, so far as we are aware, and we refuse to believe that the British soldier, who yields to none in the maintenance of discipline, would object to be under an officer,—no matter of what nationality, —who holds the King's commission. In this connection we would like to point out that an Indian Officer of the I.M.S. ranks as a British officer. His commission states that he is appointed a lieutenant in his Majesty's Land Forces, and "Land Forces" comprise European, as well as Indian troops. When, therefore, his Majesty the King-Emperor himself makes no racial distinction in the granting of commissions in the I.M.S., it is iniquitous and detrimental to military discipline that, the Executive Medical Officers should, of their own accord, make such distinctions. We repeat that it is this constant rebuff to their *amour-propre*, which is the root-cause of so much discontent and disaffection among both the regular and temporary Indian Officers of the I.M.S., and it rests with the authorities to see that these grievances are removed.

Notes of the Day.

The Swiss Loan to Germany.

A telegram stated the other day that Switzerland had decided to grant a loan to Germany in order to ensure a supply of coal. The papers received by last mail throw an interesting light on this decision. Before the war, Switzerland imported 60 per cent. of her coal requirements from Germany, 30 per cent. from Belgium and the rest from England and France. After the German occupation of Belgium, Switzerland naturally became entirely dependent on German supplies and it was not long before Germany systematically sought to coerce Switzerland through this advantage and succeeded in establishing a semi-official agency which not only charged enormous prices for coal but forced the Swiss to cease manufacturing for the Allies.

A Matter of Compulsion.

"For nearly a year," as the Zurich correspondent of the "Economist" writes,

> the Swiss Government has stood under the permanent threat of being cut off from coal imports if it does not pillage Swiss reserves of foodstuffs and raw materials in favour of the hungry northern neighbour. This permanent extortion became every month more efficient and dangerous and it is now the thirteenth month that Germany has not given the normal monthly amount of 280,000 metric tons to Switzerland.

Naturally, the reserves of coal in Switzerland rapidly decreased and towards the beginning of last month, it was being found necessary to reduce the supplies of gas and also the number of trains. It is obvious that the Swiss Government has been reduced to such desperate straits for coal that it has been forced to advance money to Germany which has not only proved faithless to its agreement, but whose credit has also fallen low.

Germans and Alsace-Lorraine.

An ex-Deputy in an article in the "Taeglische Rundschau" states, according to Reuter, that a high military authority recently told him that he would not be surprised should the Reichstag shortly discuss the cession of Alsace-Lorraine. It is not necessary to attach any importance to such a piece of information coming from the quarter it does. None the less it will not be surprising when the Franco-British push gains increasing force on the West and Russia recovers the initiative, if German politicians begin to realise the injustice of the German occupation of Alsace-Lorsaine, not to mention territories occupied during the war. At all events, whatever the desire of Germany for peace, as Mr. Lloyd George said on Sunday, before the Allies enter the peace conference, the Kaiser and his advisers will have to learn to utter the word "restoration", to begin with.

Still They Come!

The "New Statesman" of June 30, concludes its leading article not insignificantly entitled, "The Showing up of the Indian Government," by finding the explanation of the Mesopotamian scandals in "the inherent inefficiency of an irresponsible officialdom." "We say, inherent," the journal adds,

> "because, though no system need always have such bad heads as General Duff or Surgeon-General Hathaway, it is plain that the cause of the breakdown lay much deeper than in the conduct of the individuals. Defenders of the Anglo-Indian bureaucracy have been in the habit of excusing its irresponsibility on the ground that it was supremely efficient. It was like excusing a thistle on the ground that it would bear figs. The war (whose effect is nowhere to disclose new weaknesses so much as to concentrate under a microscope those which existed but were less noticeable in peace-time) has exhibited in a clear light the need for extending further the scope and degree of Government responsibility in India. This is by far the most fruitful lesson of the Mesopotamia Report."

Compulsory Education.

In March last, the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab declared himself in favour of local option in the matter of compulsory primary education. This was the first official announcement on the subject in the country and since then, not only have some local bodies in that province expressed their willingness to introduce compulsory education within their areas, but a private Bill dealing with that question has already been introduced in the Bombay Legislative Council and another is to be introduced in the Madras Council. It is a welcome contrast that the Government of the Punjab have themselves taken the initiative in the matter and, as a Lahore telegram stated yesterday, are engaged in drafting a Bill. Whether, the Bill will be more or less satisfactory than the Bombay Bill will, of course, depend on the provision as to the adjustment of financial responsibility for the introduction of compulsion as between the local bodies and the Local Government.

The Egyptian Census.

Interesting figures are given in the provisional returns of the decennial census taken on March 6 last, which are just published by the Controller of Egyptian State statistics. The total population has risen to 12,566,000 from 11,143,000 in 1907—an increase of 12.7 per cent. The increase is appreciable in view of the fact that the Bedouin inhabitants of the desert, which is now included in the Western Directorate, and civilians and others in the military zone were excluded from the census. The large towns, it is not surprising to learn, in view of modern tendencies, show the most marked increase in the population. Cairo, for instance, has now a population of 785,000 which is a little over two lakhs less than that of Bombay. Again, the population has grown rapidly in those districts where irrigation facilities have been most extended since 1907.

Official and Personal.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon attended the Parade Service at All-Saints Church, Kirkee, on Sunday morning.

SEVERE ARTILLERY FIGHTING ON HOLLEBEKE.

CABINET CRISIS IN RUSSIA.

GERMAN VERACITY EXPOSED.

BRITISH OFFENSIVE.

ARTILLERY FIGHTING NEAR HOLLEBEKE.

FRENCH PROGRESS NORTH-WEST OF BIXSCHOOTE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Aug. 6.

A British communiqué says, the enemy artillery was active in the neighbourhood of Hollebeke and the Ypres-Comines canal.

The French made further progress north-westward of Bixschoote. We repulsed a raid southward of Arleux-en-Gohelle, and made a successful raid eastward of Vermelles.

A German attack on a Portuguese post was driven off with loss.

ARTILLERY ACTIVE THROUGHOUT NIGHT AND MORNING.

ENEMY'S HEAVY LOSSES.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 12-15 p.m., Aug. 6.

Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters, wiring to-day, says the weather is improving. There was much fighting and intense artillery activity throughout the night and morning. The enemy counter-attacked with great weight in the neighbourhood of Hollebeke at dawn. Heavy fighting is reported but the position is obscure.

CANADIAN ADVANCE.

The Canadians further south advanced their posts in the direction of Cite-du-Moulin with great success at one o'clock in the morning by which our line advanced to a depth of two hundred yards towards Lens on a front of one thousand yards. Enemy attacks against the new front all failed.

German casualties were apparently appalling. We know that even the heavy sustained German bombardment inflicted some degree of loss on their own infantry as the artillery repeatedly shot short.

GERMANY'S LIMIT OF MAN-POWER.

Proofs are available that the number of guns captured represent the minimum of what the enemy really lost. Officers taken prisoner admit that the 1918 class has been regularly embodied and many of the 1919 class are in the field, which indicates that the limit of man-power is being rapidly reached.

FAILURE OF ATTACK ASTRIDE YPRES-COMINES CANAL.

RAIDERS REPULSED SOUTH OF QUEANT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 6.
Recd. 12-15 p.m. Aug. 6.

A British communiqué says after heavily shelling the positions southward and northward of the Ypres-Comines canal the enemy attacked astride the canal and momentarily gained a foothold in Hollebeke

Our counter-attack, however, immediately drove him out and we took several prisoners. The enemy's attacks elsewhere failed. Our fire repulsed the raiders southward of Queant.

ARTILLERY DUEL IN MORTHOMME.

ENEMY ATTACK SOUTH OF JUVINCOURT REPULSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Aug. 6.

A French communiqué says south of Juvincourt, the enemy delivered a serious attack at midnight. After lively fighting the assailants were driven out of a portion of the trench in which they had gained a footing, and the line was re-established in its entirety.

There was a violent artillery duel in the region of Morthomme and the Caurieres wood.

ARTILLERY DUELS ON FRENCH FRONT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 6.
Recd. 12-15 p.m. Aug. 6.

A French communiqué says there was an intermittent artillery duel which became somewhat violent towards the Laroyere farm, in the Craonne sector, the Champagne and the mountain regions.

FOURTH YEAR OF WAR.

FIELD MARSHAL HAIG'S ARMY ORDER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
ATHENS, Aug. 5.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Aug. 6.

Field-Marshal Haig has issued the following Army Order:—To-day we enter the fourth year of the war with a firm confidence based on what we and our gallant Allies have already done. This recollection of the past three years can leave no doubt in our minds that the British armies in France and the workers in the Empire upon whom they depend have the power and will to complete the task they have undertaken, and that they will continue until their labours are crowned with certain definite victory.

RUSSIAN MINISTERIAL CRISIS.

M. KERENSKY RESIGNS.

GOVERNMENT REFUSES TO ACCEPT RESIGNATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, Aug. 4.
Recd. 4 p.m., Aug. 3

M. Kerenski has resigned owing to the impossibility of reconstituting the Government in a manner compatible with the necessities of the moment. He therefore can no longer assume the responsibility for developments.

The Government has decided not to accept his resignation.

ALL MINISTERS RESGIN.

M. KERENSKY TO FORM NEW CABINET

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, Aug. 5.
Recd. 4-45 p.m. Aug. 6.

The Ministers have placed their resignations in the hands of M. Kerenski in order to facilitate the formation of a new Cabinet. M. Kerenski is busy conferring with the politicians. The Petrograd garrison remained perfectly quiet during the political ferment.

DECISION OF JOINT MEETING.

M. KERENSKY THE ONLY ABLE MAN TO GOVERN COUNTRY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, Aug. 5.
Recd. 8 p.m. Aug. 6.

Following M. Kerensky's resignation, the Government summoned a meeting of representatives of all parties and members of the Duma, the Councils of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates and Peasants' Delegates which, after an all-night sitting, agreed that M Kerensk was the only man able to govern the country.

TRIAL OF RUSSIAN REBELS.

GERMAN SPYING ORGANISATION THROUGHOUT RUSSIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, Aug. 5.
Recd. 12-15 p.m. Aug. 6.

The Public Prosecutor has issued a statement why the authorities are prosecuting Lenin and many of his accomplices for high treason and organising a rebellion. It is established that they have been intriguing with the country's enemies with a view to disorganising the Russian army, for which they have been distributing bribes supplied by the enemy countries. The accused are charged with organising the Petrograd rebellion on July 16th.

Investigations have disclosed the existence of a vast German spying organisation which is working throughout Russia, and the conclusion is irresistible that Lenin was a German agent.

FIGHTING IN PUTNA AND CASIN VALLEYS.

BRILLIANT RUSSO-ROUMANIAN STAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
JASSY, Aug. 6.
Recd. 12-15 p.m. Aug. 6.

Recent communiqués continue to report fighting in the Putna and Casin valleys where the Russians and the Roumanians have repulsed all attacks launched with the object of regaining the positions. The enemy is devastating the new areas which he has been forced to abandon and has pillaged everything. In the neighbourhood of Soveia the enemy has carried off the inhabitants to work in Hungary.

RECRUITING FOR I. D. F. IN MADRAS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
MADRAS, Aug. 6.

Sir P. S. Sivaswami Iyer sends to the Press a statement regarding the number of applications received for enrolment in the Indian section of the Defence Force in the Madras presidency. Out of 1,047 applications 559 come from Brahmans 121 from Christians 20 from Mahomedans 77 from Nairs and the remainder from other non-Brahman Hindu castes

THE POTSDAM CONFERENCE.

GERMAN "VERACITY" EXPOSED.

REVELATIONS BY MR. EINSTEIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 4.
Recd. 4 p.m., Aug. 6

In a letter to "The Times," Mr. Lewis Einstein, late Special Agent of the American Embassy in Constantinople, says that the German official denial of the Conference at Potsdam in July, 1914 is apparently no more veracious than similar German declarations. Marquis Garroni, late Italian Ambassador at Constantinople, told Einstein that on 15th July 1914, Baron Wangenheim, the German Ambassador to Turkey, who had returned from Berlin on the 14th July, told him (Garroni) that he had been present at the Conference at which the war was decided on by means of an unacceptable ultimatum to Serbia. Wagenheim told another diplomatist that a month before the war the Kaiser summoned the leaders of the army, finance and industry and asked if they were prepared for war. All replied that they were, while Wangenheim assured the Kaiser that he could answer for Turkey.

AMERICA OPPOSES SOCIALIST CONFERENCE.

STATEMENT BY PRESIDENT OF FEDERATION BOARD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
NEW YORK, Aug. 6.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., Aug. 6.

Mr. Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labour, has issued a statement opposing the holding of any international socialist conference at present as the workers of America, Britain and France are doing their utmost to aid in the war against autocracy while the German workers are helping the Kaiser, therefore an international conference would be positively injurious.

AMERICAN EXPORT OF FOODSTUFFS TO NEUTRALS.

NO RE-EXPORT TO GERMANY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., Aug. 6.

An agreement is imminent regarding shipments of foodstuffs to neutrals who guarantee that there shall be no re-export to Germany.

ENEMY CLEARED OUT OF EASTERN BANK OF ZBRUCZ.

MANY TOWNS LOST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, Aug. 4.
Recd. 4 p.m., Aug. 6.

A wireless Russian official communiqué says: We attacked northward of Husiatyn and cleared the enemy out of the eastern bank of the Zbrucz, taking forty-three prisoners. We drove the enemy from Chustouka and Czernokozincy, southward of Skala.

We abandoned Czernowitz after blowing up the bridge across the Pruth.

The enemy took possession of Czernowitz, Rachkov, Poliana and Rarancze. Our troops are fighting the enemy north-eastward of Kimpolung. The enemy has occupied Watra on the Moldavitza.

SITUATION ON RUSSIAN FRONT

CAPTURE OF DOKOJ WOOD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 4-45, p.m., Aug. 6.

A wireless Russian official communiqué says: Our scouts in the region of the Kovel-Sarny Railway crossed the Stockhod neck-deep and attacked an Austrian Advanced post, bayonetting some and taking the remainder prisoners. Our barrage drove back an attack in the direction of Kovel. We captured the Dolkoj wood, eastward of Cernowitz, taking 520 prisoners.

The enemy occupied the villages of Molodia and Kotubbanski, southward of Boian. The enemy after a battle westward of Sereth captured Neifradovz, and we retired eastward under pressure.

In the direction of Kimpolung, the enemy occupied Vamm. Our scouts made successful raids in the region of Kotumikhali, bayonetting, scores of the enemy.

AMERICA AND WAR.

SIR WILLIAM ROBERTSON INTERVIEWED.

WAR INVOLVES PSYCHOLOGY OF PEOPLES.

TO HAMMER MILITARISM TO THE END.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Aug. 6.

Sir William Robertson, in an interview with the representative of the "New York Times" said no soldier could answer the question how the war was going. It was a struggle between nations in which the psychology of peoples was involved. The armies in the field were only a part of this tremendous conflict. Behind them was the nerve of each separate nation.

"The will of nations can be broken by hopelessness and despair. If the army does not crack, the nation behind it may. When on consider the numbers and resources of each side, you may fairly conclude that if the Allied nations are steadfast, if the civilian heart is sound, submission must come sooner or later from the Central Powers. Material odds are on our side at last, but quality and character are going to win this war.

The Germans affect to despise the intervention of America, but only because the higher command is urgently anxious that the will of their people shall not break, when a nation of a hundred millions, inventive, resourceful, immensely courageous, and with the fire of moral idealism in its blood, joins the democratic Powers which are hammering autocratic militarism and are absolutely determined to go on hammering until the world is really safe for democracy. The end is certain, and America's entry should hasten the end.

"If I may send a message to America I would simply say 'Gentlemen of the United States put your backs into it'."

GERMANS' VAIN ATTEMPT

ENEMY COUNTER-ATTACKS REPULSED NEAR HOLLEBEKE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Aug. 6.
Recd. 1-20 a.m., Aug. 7.

Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters says:—The Hun is very mechanial in his methods. The lure of certain places seems irresistible and as far as one can see, is not always governed by tactical reason.

The Germans on Saturday night delivered a heavy counter-attack against Hollebeke. Owing to dense weather our gunners did not see the signals and the enemy gained a footing in the village. Runners were sent back with messages and the artillery with wonderful promptitude put down the barrage upon the Germans. When this had lasted a while the range was lengthened cutting off the back area and our troops attacked and drove back the enemy upon a curtain of fire with the result that when daylight came the ground was seen to be strewn with German dead. One might have thought that this experience would have been enough for the Hun, but last night his storm-troops again attacked at Hollebeke after a heavy bombardment to which our guns replied terrifically. Few of the enemy's troops may have reached our wire, but certainly none got further. The attempt was another costly failure.

It will be interesting to see how often the Germans throw their waves against this spot and whether indeed they mean to repeat Verdun tactics at Hollebeke. Throughout yesterday afternoon a big movement of troops behind their lines was plainly visible and our artillery duly attended to these columns of route. The weather continues fine. Day though is mistier than our airmen and gunners could wish.

GERMANY'S VAIN HOPES.

LIEUT.-COL. STUART'S LECTURE ON THE WAR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LUCKNOW, Aug. 6.

Lieut.-Col. Stuart commanding the East Yorks delivered an interesting lecture on the war. In summing up the situation he said:—The Germans are building hopes on making peace with Russia at the best or keeping it inert at the worst. If they do the former, they can import supplies of food and at least some materials besides having troops freed to act in other theatres. If, on the other hand, Russia succeeds in recognising and rediscliplining her army so as to render a vigorous offensive possible, I do not see how Germany can resist our pressure on the west which with the American army which is promised will be more powerful than this year, during which they have not quite held their own. If the state of things in Russia continues, we shall still be strong enough with the help of the Americans to force back the Germans probably to the line of the Meuse, possibly to the Rhine. If we drive them out of Belgium we deprive them of handy bases for submarines and aeroplane raids on England.

"WIN-THE-WAR" CONVENTION.

NATIONAL NON-PARTISAN GOVERNMENT.

SIR R. BORDEN'S ASSURANCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
TORONTO, Aug. 5
Recd. 12-15 p.m., Aug. 6.

The "Win the War" Convention closed with the women's demonstration supporting the policy adopted, namely, a national non-partisan government, the conscription of men and resources and a scheme for providing "win the war" candidates for each constituency. The convention demanded an increase of soldiers' pay, also three months' furlough for men of the First Division.

The delegation subsequently visited Sir Robert Borden who said that as the conflict proceeded it became more and more clear that the full strength of the Commonwealth must be thrown into the balance if victory was to be assured. He hoped that in the near future a "win the war" government would be formed irrespective of party, including special representation of great agricultural and labour interests, in which he would be fully supported by his colleagues.

CONSCRIPTION IN CANADA.

SECOND READING OF THE BILL PASSED BY SENATE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
OTTAWA, Aug. 6.
Recd. 12-15 p.m. Aug. 6.

The Senate has passed the second reading of the Compulsory Military Service Bill by 54 votes to 25.

ENEMY ATTACK DRIVEN BACK.

GERMANS' UNSUCCESSFUL EMPIRE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 6.
Recd. 1-30 a.m., Aug. 7.

This afternoons communiqué from Haig says:—The enemy attack in neighbourhood of Hollebeke was driven off before it reached our lines. The attack under cover of heavy barrage against Westhoek was equally unsuccessful.

We repulsed a raid east of Epehy.

MR. ALAN ANDERSON.

APPOINTED CONTROLLER OF NAVY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 6.
Recd. 1-30 a.m., Aug. 7.

Alan Anderson, Director of Orient Steam Navigation Company, has been appointed Controller of Navy in succession to Sir E. Geddes.

SUNNI-SHIA WEDDING.

HON MR, MAZHAR-UL-HAQUE MARRIES MISS. MUNEERA TYABJEE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
HYDERABAD, Aug. 6.

The marriage of the Hon. Mr. Mazhar-ul-Haque with Miss Muneera Najmuddin Tyabjee, sister of Mrs. Hydari, was celebrated at Hyderabad on Saturday the 4th instant. All the leading nobles and officials were present at the garden party given by Mr. Hydari, the Judicial Secretary to his Highness' Government at his residence. Among those present were the Hon. the Resident and Mrs. and Miss Fraser, Nawab Fakrulmulk Bahadur, Mr. and Mrs. Glancy, Sir Faridoon Dowlah, Sir Brian Egerton, Col. Sir Afsar-ul-Mulk Bahadur, Nawab and Mrs. Imadulmulk, Mr. and Mrs. Hankin, Mr. and Mrs. Wakefield, Nawab Nazir Jung, and the Chief of Mokalla and Koweit and the Raja Saheb of Gadwal.

SAFETY OF DEMOCRACY.

BY ARBITRAMENT OF SWORD.

WAR TO BE CARRIED ON TO VICTORY.

MR. HOLMAN ADVOCATES PERMANENT CONSCRIPTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 6.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., Aug. 6.

Mr. Holman, Premier of New South Wales, speaking at Sheffield, said as one, who all his life had been a pacifist he had been compelled to adopt the view that the peace of Europe and the safety of democracy could only be secured by the arbitrament of the sword. This war was a war of pacifists against militarism; it was the peace-loving peoples of the world against the war-loving peoples. He wanted the war carried to a final victorious conclusion in order that democracy could devote its energies to the activities of peace. If we accepted peace, for which the so-called pacifists clamoured, we should have to devote all our energies to further the prepartion for war, and Germany would tell her people that the teaching of Bismarck was right and that she had defied the world without punishment.

Instead of having conscription as a temporary measure we should have it as a permanent institution, and educationol, social and industrial reforms would be delayed a hundred years. The rattle of the German sword would be heard at the slightest opposition to German policy.

MR. BONAR LAW'S SHIP SHARES.

£9,500 FROM £8,000 IN THREE YEARS.

Mr. Bonar Law blushingly confessed on July 3 to being a shipping profiteer. He could not help it. Money he had invested, hoping for a modest 5 per cent., was returning profits a hundredfold, writes the Parliamentary correspondent of the "Daily Mail."

"I think it is utterly disgraceful," he observed. The shipowners were not to blame. The culprits are the Government, and they are now making up for their slackness of the past by putting the screw still tighter on the shipowner.

It was the exceptional treatment which the Government are meting out to the shipowner that occasioned the debate. Mr. Leslie Scott sharply condemned the methods by which the exoess profits tax is levied on shipowners, suggesting that the Government were yielding to clamour. Shipowners were not responsible for the high cost of living. Freights had added only ½d. to the price of the quartern loaf, ½d. a lb. to sugar, and 1d. a lb. to meat.

Mr. Leif Jones, a prominent Liberal, came to the support of shipowners, and Mr. Houston protested that our trade with foreign countries, which had cost years of work and millions of money to build up, was being ruined by the Government.

Replying to these protests—"the moans of the shipowners" he called them—Mr. Bonar Law asked what guarantee they would have that these profits would be spent on new shipping if retained by companies. A good deal of the capital was owned by shareholders whose only interest in shipping was the dividend. "I say advisedly that if we allowed profits like these to go on, then the more the facts became known the more useless it would be to ask anyone to make sacrifices.

THE CONFESSION.

"I don't like talking about my shipping investments because I am really ashamed of myself. I think it is utterly disgraceful that in a time of war anyone should be able to make profits such as I am going to speak of. My investments have been in 15 different companies under different managements. It is true they were all tramp steamers, and they may make bigger profits than liners, but of that I am not quite sure.

"The sum I had actually invested in ships in those 15 companies was £8,110. In 1915 the interest I received was £3,624 and in 1916 £3,847. ("Good Lord!" ejaculated a member, whose surprise caused a roar of laughter.) But that does not end it, or nearly end it. One of those steamers in which I was interested has been sold or sunk—(laughter—I don't know which—anyway, turned into money for me. In that ship I had £200 invested, and after the very handsome dividends I had already received on that money the cheque I received for my share was a little over £1,000. (Laughter.)

"There was another shipping company in which I had got £350. The other day I had a letter from the managing owners pointing out that as the cost of ships and the cost of building was so high it was probable that I should not wish to invest in ships for some time, and therefore they were making a division of the surplus. For that £350 I received a cheque for £1,050. And this is the trade we are ruining." (Laughter.)

FARMER'S £10,000.

An amendment offered by the Government to meet the shipowners' complaints was accepted. It is very technical, but was described as substituting a percentage standard of profits for the pre-war standard when repayment of losses arises.

Earlier in the debate there had been a protest against farmers escaping the excess profits tax. Major Hamilton told of a farmer in Scotland who on 200 acres of potatoes had made £10,000 more than last year.

G. I. P. RAILWAY STRIKE.

NO AGREEMENT ARRIVED AT.

GOVERNMENT'S NON-INTERVENTION.

The employees of the Parel and Matunga workshops of the G. I. P. Railway, who are on strike, assembled as usual at Chamarbag, Bombay, yesterday. Their solicitor, Mr. Ginwala, addressed them, informing them that, in reply to the telegram he had sent on their behalf to H. E. the Governor, the Private Secretary to his Excellency had sent him a wire to say that "Government cannot intervene in Great Indian Peninsula workshops strike." Mr. Ginwala further informed the men that no reply had as yet been received to the cable sent by him on their behalf to the Board of Directors of the G. I. P. Railway company, in England, and he advised them to resume work. Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Chief Presidency Magistrate, and Mr. Vincent, Commissioner of Police, Mr. Harker, Deputy Commissioner of Police, Khan Bahadur Pettigara, Superintendent of Police, C.I.D., and other officers had, in the meantime, arrived on the spot, and Rao Bahadur Setalvad also asked the men to resume work first and then send in what further representations they had to make to the Agent. The men, however, refused to resume work, saying they would not do so until their main grievances were redressed. They then formed into a procession, and with collection boxes and flags bearing inscriptions in the vernaculars they had proceeded about four hundred yards, when they were told by the Police that they could not allow such a big body of men to march round the town in procession and that they should discontinue the march. The men readily complied with the demand, and dispersed quietly.

FURTHER DISCUSSION FOR TO-DAY.

In the afternoon about a dozen of the men met Rao Bahadur Setalvad and Mr. Ginwala at the latter's office where they discussed matters and then proceeded to the Head Police Office to see Mr. Vincent. Here a conference took place between Mr. Vincent, Mr. Harker, Rao Bahadur Setalvad, Mr. Ginwala and the leaders of the men. Matters were generally discussed but no definite decision could be arrived at as the men said they could make no definite promises without consulting the general body of the strikers. They requested Rao Bahadur Setalvad, Mr. Vincent, Mr. Harker and Mr. Ginwala to go down to Parel at 8 a.m. to-day (Tuesday) to discuss matters with the general body of strikers.

THE BLUE SISTERS.

QUESTIONS ABOUT STOCKINGS AND FACE POWDER.

The case against Amy Plumpton, Sister Superior of the Convent of Blue Sisters, Redcliffe-square, for neglecting two children in her charge, was continued at West London Police Court. At the previous hearing a woman who had placed her child in the home said that when she visited the infant it was nothing but a skeleton.

For the defence Miss Whately, daughter of Colonel Whately, said that she had seen the children every Sunday and believed them to be healthy and clean.

Answering Sir Archibald Bodkin, who prosecuted, the witness said that the defendant was a great personal friend of hers, and she believed that the majority of the children were taken without payment.

Sir A. Bodkin inquired whether the Blue Sisters wore blue openworked stockings and fancy shoes. Witness said they were the usual kind.

"Have you noticed them using powder?"

"Well, I really know of few ladies who do not," replied witness.

Here Mr. Cecil Hayes (for the defence) inquired if the suggestion of the cross-examination was one of immorality?

Sir A. Bodkin: I asked if professing Catholic Sisters powdered their faces.

Mr. Hayes: But they are not nuns. They are ladies engaged in charitable work, and they dress as they like.

The hearing was adjourned.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY CORPS.

RECRUITING FOR MAHOMEDAN CONTINGENT.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 6.

At the first recruitment meeting of the educated Moslem community held yesterday evening under the presidency of the Hon. Mr. Fazulul Huq for the purpose of raising a Mahomedan contingent for the Calcutta University Corps, more than one hundred Moslem graduates and undergraduates offered for enlistment. The promoters of the movement believe that sufficient recruits will be forthcoming to form a separate Moslem Double Company.

At the Allahabad High Court, on Monday, Mr. Justice Walsh appointed Mr. G. M. Dillon, Barrister-at-Law, who had previously been appointed as provisional liquidator, to be official liquidator of the Gorakhpur Bank Ltd., in liquidation.

HOME RULE MEETINGS.

ENTHUSIASTIC GATHERING AT GODHRA.

(From our Correspondent.)

GODHRA, Aug. 5.

A meeting under the auspices of the Home Rule League was held at Godhra this evening, when addresses were delivered by Mr. B. G. Horniman and Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas.

The meeting was announced for 5, but long before the time a large crowd had gathered and when it began there were a thousand, at least in the hall. The party from Bombay was introduced formally and after the election of Mr. Mukadam as president, the proceedings began. Mr. Mukadum forthwith called upon Mr. Horniman to address the meeting.

Mr. Horniman referred to a remark of the chairman that there was a misunderstanding on the part of some local officials as regards the aim and purpose of the Home Rule League. It was believed, they were told, by these officials that the Home Rule League desired to overthrow British rule in India and to deprive all officials of their posts. He pointed out how childish such a belief was and emphatically declared that the allegation that Home Rulers aimed at separation from England was either a deliberate lie or the result of grievous ignorance and misunderstanding of the purpose of the Home Rule League. Home Rule, he went on, was not a severance of connection with Britain but exactly the opposite; namely, a cementing of the relations between India and Great Britain. The British Empire stood for liberty and freedom and all the component parts of the Empire, except India, had attained that liberty and freedom. In the case of India Self-Government within the Empire was admittedly the goal of British policy since the days of Lord Macaulay. The primary right of Self-Government belonged to every man who paid taxes. But the exercise of this right was sometimes temporarily impossible, if for example there was lack of unity, as was the case in India when Macaulay wrote. But he remarked British administration in this country would have been a miserable failure if after a hundred years of British rule it had not until India. But their case was not so hopeless as that. India after British rule for a century was a united whole as fit for Home Rule as any other part of the Empire, and it was the supreme triumph of British statesmanship that it had united India in an indivisible whole as a nation. The speaker then dwelt on the claim of India to Self-Government and said the Home Rule agitation was natural, loyal and perfectly just.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas addressed the meeting in Gujrathi. He began by going over the same ground as Mr. Horniman for the benefit of the majority of the audience who understood Gujrathi better than English. He pointed out that Home Rulers were not in disagreement with the King-Emperor, Parliament or the British democracy but their sole difference was with the Anglo-Indian bureaucracy that was sent by Parliament to administer the country. The bureaucracy, he went on, was not responsible to the people of India and Parliament took scanty interest in Indian affairs. The Morley-Minto Reforms, he remarked, had given the people the right to question but no right of control. In mother words, the people had been invested with no power over the bureaucracy but a mere right of suggestion and recommendation. It was for the purpose of demanding Self-Government that the Congress was started by such veteran patriots and great men as Dadabhai Naoroji, Sir Subramhanya Iyer, Badruddin Tyebji and Sir Dinshaw Wacha, of whom Mrs. Besant had said that without them the Home Rule movement would not have come to life. The speaker then went on to quote Sir Syed Ahmad's famous saying that Hindus and Mahomedans were but two limbs of the same body and if the body was to be strong and healthy both must work in harmony and understanding. He pointed out that religious differences ought not to cause dissensions for all truth was but one though the forms varied. He (the speaker) for one regarded Hindus and Mahomedans both as his brothers and he would work for both. In concluding a very lengthy speech which was listened to with deep attention the speaker said that Mrs. Annie Besant (cheers) who gave such wonderful impetus to the Home Rule cause was unjustly interned by the officials and a campaign of repression had been started against the Home Rule movement. It was the duty of everyone to join hands in the common cause; it was the sacred duty of everyone to disobey a law which he believed to be unjust. The Defence of India Act was really the Defence of the Indian bureaucracy Act. He for one was ready to resort to passive resistance and he urged everyone, if occasion arose, to follow suit and help the cause of the Motherland. Then he added emphatically if we would take the opportunity offered to us our future would be glorious—it was bound to be glorious. Let all chant "Bande Mataram" and prepare. (Prolonged applause.)

After the usual vote of thanks the meeting was dissolved with the cries of "Bande Mataram." After the meeting a number of new members of the League were enrolled.

MEETING AT NADIAD.

A HUGE GATHERING.

(From our Correspondent.)

NADIAD, Aug. 4.

A deputation of the Bombay Branch of the Home Rule League, consisting of Mr. K. M. Munshi, B.A., LL.B., Advocate, and Mr. C. N. Pandya, B.A., LL.B., visited Nadiad to-day. At 5 p.m. a huge gathering of about 3,000 persons, some of whom came from the surrounding villages, had assembled at the Khadayta Dharamshala. Several prominent citizens attended. Mr. Gokuldas Talati, B.A., LL.B., one of the leading citizens, presided. The proceedings commenced with a resolution from the chair, praying for the success of the Allies which was responded to by the audience standing. The Chairman then called on Mr. Munshi to deliver his address on "The Reform Scheme."

Mr. Munshi, who was greeted with loud applause, said that they had met on a day which was the anniversary of the war, declared by the most powerful military bureaucracy against the freedom of the civilised world. The lecturer said that it was in the fitness of things that they should meet as part and parcel of the freest Empire on earth to claim their rights against a bureaucracy thoroughly out of place in such an Empire. The Empire, he observed, was made and sustained by the genius of those who had fought for liberty, equality and nationality, and not by those who were trying to repress Indian aspirations to realise those very principles in their institutions. The speaker then explained the difference between the bureaucratic and the democratic forms of Government, the present machinery of the Indian administration and the salient features of the Reform Scheme of the Congress and the Moslem League. The whole question, he remarked, was whether the Indian Civil Service was to be responsible to the people of India or to itself as at present. He concluded by exhorting the audience to support the Indian leaders in their constitutional struggle for Home Rule.

MR. CHANDRASHANKAR PANDYA.

Mr. Chandrashankar Pandya said that the sober and informing address of Mr. Munshi ought to convince those who suffered from the illusion that Home Rule speeches merely excited the masses by hollow rhetoric and did not inform them in an intelligible form what they ought to demand. The speaker observed that none could care more for study and information than the ardent Home Ruler, since what he demanded was not the right merely to talk about Home Rule, but Home Rule itself. Mr. Pandya said that the present machinery could, for the sake of convenience, be broadly distributed under seven heads, viz., the Home Government, the Indian Government, the Provincial Government, the Divisional Government, the District Government, the Taluka Government and the Village Government. In all those heads, changes as regards the spirit as well as the machinery of administration would have to be made. "From Bureaucracy to Democracy" was the cry of the Congress and the Moslem League. That was the fundamental demand, the other demands being merely a detailed working out of it. As regards civil administration the principal demand was the gradual democratisation of the executive as well as the legislative Councils of the Viceroy, as well as of the Executive Councils of the Provincial Governments. A substantial majority of the elected representatives of the Indian people was emphatically demanded in the legislative councils and the subordination of the executive to the legislative councils was also asked for. The Civil Service should take its proper place and not be permitted to assume the overlordship that it had done. A greater and greater independence of the Indian Government from the Home Government, and of the Provincial Governments from the Indian Government, was clearly demanded. In short, the Reform Scheme was based on the conviction that unless the Government was made more and more responsible to the governed, the Government would never be what the people required, or in other words "No Government could be a substitute for Self-Government." As regards fiscal administration the Congress and the League demanded that the members of Council should have a right to vote the budgets, and not merely to make futile recommendations and suggestions. A real power of the purse was demanded. As regards military administration the scheme demanded that both the commissioned and the non-commissioned ranks should be thrown open to Indians and their right of volunteering recognised. The speaker concluded by making a stirring appeal to the audience not only to study the Reform Scheme carefully, but what was more important to consecrate their all to its early realisation. The time had come when the people of India should make it unmistakably clear to all concerned that they meant business.

After a number of people had enlisted their names as members, the Chairman was thanked and garlanded and the meeting dispersed amidst cries of Bande Mataram.

SATARA'S PROTEST AGAINST ORDER ON MR. KARANDIKAR,

CONDOLENCE MEETING AT DEATH OF MR. RASUL.

(Associated Press.)

SATARA, Aug. 6.

At a public meeting held here under the chairmanship of Nana Sahib Agashe, a resolution was passed protesting against the expulsion order passed by the Madras Government against Mr. V. R. Karandikar, lately on "New India" staff.

The meeting also expressed its regret at the death of Mr. Rasul and offered its condolences to the deceased's family.

NEW MEMBERS OF THE HOME RULE LEAGUE.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

The following have joined the Home Rule League, Bombay Branch:—Messrs. Megji Vasanji Tricumji, Motilal Kashidas Patel, Nanmalidas Jamnadas, Tulsidas Narshidas, Mohanlal Mulchand, Chhotalal Tribhowandas Shah, Chimanlal Balabhai, Prabhudas Tribhovandas, Ogadbhai Mimjee Mehta, Hirachand V. Desai, Parmanand Ratanji Ghandi, Mathradass Kooverji, Jamnadas Haridas Nathani, Thakordas Nemchand Shroff, Monji Parbhudas, Moreshwar Jagannath Navalkar, Lalji Laxmidas Jariwala, Nagindas V. P. Merchant, and Sanjeeva Manikam Acharya.

In addition 40 more members.

THE CAWNPORE HOME-RULE LEAGUE.

HON. PANDIT GOKARANNATH MISRA ON THE SITUATION.

(From a Correspondent.)

CAWNPORE, Aug. 6.

A public meeting of over 5,000 people was held yesterday under the auspices of the Cawnpore branch of the Home Rule League. The Hon. Pandit Gokarannath Misra, who was especially invited to open the reading room of the League presided. The meeting began at 6, with the *Vande Mataram* song. The Honorary Secretary, Mr. Paranjpe, accorded a cordial welcome to the distinguished guest Dr. Pandit Gokarannath Misra and Mr. Chintamani, and gave a detailed account of the working of the League since its foundation. Pondit Gokarannath Misra then gave an interesting speech in Urdu. He repudiated all the extravagant charges brought by the bureaucracy against granting Home Rule to India. He vehemently condemned the Madras Government's action in interning Mrs. Besant and her co-adjutors. He showed unflinching devotion towards their cause, truly the cause of the whole country, and insisted their immediate restoration to freedom. Great enthusiasm prevailed.

He then formally declared the Reading Room open. Mr. Chintamani then delivered a speech. About 70 delegates were elected for the Special Provincial Congress. Babu Vikramajit Singh then offered his thanks to the guests. Many joined the Home Rule League.

HYDERABAD SWADESHI PROCESSION.

POLICE INTERFERENCE.

At a public lecture on "Swaraj" organised by the local branch of the Home Rule League on Thursday last, the account of which has already been wired, it was announced that a procession in support of "Swadeshi will be taken on the following Monday accompanied by the singing of National Songs. Suddenly on he next day another Rule prohibiting the singing of Songs in Processions was added to the new Procession Rules. Nothing daunted by the restrictions imposed by these harsh and unreasonable Rules, the Home Rule League organised the Swadeshi Procession on Monday observing like law abiding people all the Rules framed by the Police. Elaborate arrangements were made for the procession. A gaily decorated carriage strewn with flowers and containing the garlanded portraits of Mrs. Besant, Mahatam Gandhi and Lokamanya Tilak the leading examples of staunch Swadeshism and a photo representing Bharat Mata was made ready and stationed near the rooms of the League at about 5 p.m. In another carriage samples of all the Swadeshi articles available in the town were exhibited. Large crowds soon gathered near the League and inside the rooms of the League inspiring National Songs were sung by Members amidst cries of Vande Mataram, Bharat Mata Ki Jai. The playing of the harmonium, the blowing of Counch shell and a trumpet and the occasional ringing of a large bell of Mahadev enlivened the proceedings. At about 5-45 p.m. the decorated carriage containing the portraits was taken through the main bazar of the City in order to advertise the procession, the bazar being under the new rules closed to a *procession*. After about 8 minutes the second carriage containing the Swadeshi articles was also sent through the bazar in order to exhibit the Swadeshi articles. A few minutes after the second carriage had left, the District Supdt. of Police motored on the scene appearing greatly excited and said to the President of the League that Mrs. Besant's photo was not to be exhibited and quoted, the order issued by the District Magistrate on 16th July last, when Besant's procession had been stopped. The President said that that order expressly related to that day only; moreover that order never related to the exhibition of Portraits. The District Superintendent of Police however said that he was not there to argue but he would go and stop the carriages and arrest the occupants and he then motored away. The President, the Secretary and a few other members followed the car to show him the actual notice issued on 16th July and on the way the Town Inspector of Police handed the President at 6 p.m. a written order issued by the District Superintendent Police prohibiting "under Section 48 of the Bombay District Police Act, the carrying in procession of any picture of any person interned in any part of India under the Defence of India Act." In the mean time, the carriage had nearly come back being only 2 minutes drive from the League rooms. The District Superintendent of Police motored down off and stopped the carriages and ordered a police officer to take them to the Police Headquarters. The occupant in the first carriage got out of the carriage and both the carriages were taken away to the Police Headquarters. The President explained that the new order had been received only at 6 p.m. but he was not listened to, the District Superintendent of Police saying that he was not a Magistrate and did not want to argue. He prohibited the carrying in procession of the decorated carriage and the giving of speeches in public streets during the procession. The Home Rulers then brought the carriages into the League rooms and as each carriage arrived and stopped near the League Room, the public outside the League loudly cheered at the return of the carriages seized by the Police. At 6-30 p.m. the procession consisting of over 400 men started headed by the carriage containing Swadeshi articles. A row of volunteers carrying small banners in red and green Home Rule Colours, walked on the right side of the procession to keep the people to the left as required by the police rules. A lofty banner bearing the inscription "Arise, Awake, sleep not till the goal is reached" was behind the carriage. A dozen other banners were waving triumphantly in the air bearing inscriptions urging the use of Swadeshi articles, advocating National Education and preaching Swaraj. As the singing of songs was prohibited a leaflet containing National songs was distributed free while the procession was going and Home Rule Pamphlets were also being rapidly bought up by the people. Altogether the scene was most picturesque. The procession proceeded amidst cries of Vande Mataram, Bharat Mata Ki Jai and Besant Mata Ki Jai. When the procession neared the destination, an old but spirited gentlemen sprinkled Rose Water on the processionists. Over 800 people assembled on a private plot where an open air meeting was held and spirited National Songs sung and inspiring speeches on Swadeshisim were made calling on the people to follow the leaders. The speakers stood on a mound of earth. The house tops, windows and doors of the neighbouring houses were crowded with ladies. At 8 p.m. the day's programme was over. The Home Rulers are all the more determined to work for Home Rule and Swadeshisim because of the official unreasonableness, harassment and repression.

ALLEGATION AGAINST RESEARCH PROFESSOR.

HEATED DEBATE IN CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY SENATE.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 5.

At a meeting of the Senate of the Calcutta University to-day a heated debate took place in regard to Prof. C. J. Hamilton's research work in his capacity as Minto Professor of Economics. The following proposition was placed before the body for consideration:—The Syndicate to report to the Senate that Prof. C. J. Hamilton has not complied with rule 1 (d) of terms of appointment as Minto Professor of Economics and did not send in a substantial portion of the manuscript as contemplated by rule 9. The Syndicate further to report that as a result of correspondence Prof. Hamilton sent in on 7th June 1917 materials in varying degrees of completeness a small part being ready for press, the major part consisting of notes, analyses, references, extracts, etc.

Professor Hamilton moved that the report be referred back to the Syndicate. In doing so, he said that by some means which he would not attempt to understand, the latter part of the report had been omitted. Grave injustice had been done to him by circulating to the public and to Fellows of the University a part of the report which suggested he had done no work. The latter part of the report which stated he had fulfilled his part had been omitted. In that part it was admitted his work was a most valuable one and although it was so admitted, it was said it was not manuscript because it was not finally shaped for printing. He thought the action taken was unworthy. (Cries of "order," order.")

Mr. Heramba Chandra Noitra:—Let the meeting be dissolved.

Mr. Hamilton continuing said that he had complied with the rules. The report as it has been submitted to the Senate is ungenerous and frivolous.

Vice-Chancellor:—Will you please withdraw that expression?

Mr. Hamilton in conclusion said the spirit of the rules had been amply fulfilled by him.

Dr. Hiralal Haldar seconding the motion said no recommendation was before them. From a recommendation of the Syndicate he could not understand whether Prof. Hamilton should be called upon to vacate his office or not.

Vice-Chancellor:—I myself think the motion out of order, but I do not exercise that prerogative because it is a personal explanation of Mr. Hamilton.

Sir Ashutosh Mookerjee moved that the meeting of the Senate do adjourn till the 8th of September next. They had heard the charges against the Syndicate, they had no materials before them to enable them to form any opinion upon the question how far those charges were well founded. There was ample indication of heat and excitement round that table. This was a matter in which they would have to go up to the Government of India ultimately, and that was their first step. The Syndicate would give them all the materials in their possession. Mr. Hamilton had charged the Syndicate with keeping back things which would be to his advantage.

The Hon. Mr. Hornell seconded Sir Asutosh's motion.

Dr. Sureshprosad Sarvadhikari said it was definitely settled by the Syndicate that the shape in which the report was to be made to the Senate should take shape in which it appeared before them. Dr. Howells, Dr. Urquhart and Mr. Austin Smith supported Sir Asutosh Mookerjee's motion which was carried.

The Senate then adjourned till the 8th September.

CHARGES OF HURT AND ROBBERY.

EIGHT YEARS TO ACCUSED.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 6.

At the High Court Sessions, to-day Mr. Justice Walmsley disposed of the case in which Thomas Carr, formerly a ticket collector on the East Indian Railway, was charged with causing hurt and robbery. The case for the crown was that, on 17th May last, Mrs. T. A. Walker was a passenger by the down express train. The accused who was occupying the same compartment as Mrs. Walker between Dhanbad and Asansol robbed her of two gold rings and a purse containing Rs. 3 and while committing the robbery caused hurt to her. The accused pleaded guilty to both charges and his Lordship sentenced him to four years' rigorous imprisonment under each count, sentences to run concurrently.

BURSTING OF TIGRA'S BANK.

13 MILES OF RAILWAY LINE DAMAGED.

COMMUNICATION EXPECTED TO BE RESTORED IN FORTNIGHT.

(Associated Press.)

BOMBAY, Aug. 6.

The following official communiqué has been issued by the General Traffic Manager, G. I. P. Railway:—

The G. I. P. Railway line is blocked from Morar Road to Sank Station. Damage to line begins at mile 767 between Morar and Raipur stations and ends at mile 780. Banks are badly cut, bridges are still standing, but the banks are breached on both sides thereof. Water rose to 10 feet above the rail at the bridges. Active steps are being taken to restore communication, which is expected to occupy a fortnight. The Punjab mail has been diverted on to the E. I. Railway between Agra and Cawnpore, where it rejoins the G. I. P. system. The booking of passengers and goods beyond Gwalior in the direction of Agra and beyond Dholpur in the direction of Jhansi has been discontinued. The route via Cawnpore and Agra to the north is open.

B. B & C. I. RY. LINE FLOODED.

The General Traffic Manager of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company writes:—

Owing to heavy floods the B. B. and C. I. Railway Main Line (Board Gauge) has been seriously damaged between Sewai Madhopur and Gangapur. No trains can pass and transhipment of passengers and goods is not possible at present. Intending passengers for stations north of Sewai Madhopur should travel by the alternative Metre-Gauge route. It is hoped that communication will be restored by Wednesday.

HIGH TIDE IN THE HOOGHLY.

NEIGHBOURHOOD OF CALCUTTA FLOODED.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 6.

Owing to high tides in Hoogly river, the neighbourhood of Calcutta for the last two days was flooded. Portions of the Hoogly and Loteys Nullah overflooded their banks and a large area extending from Kalighat to Garden Reach was inundated, but no serious damge is reported.

THE FARE WELL TO MRS. SHIVAKAMU AND PARTY

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Will you kindly allow us to express through the columns of "The Bombay Chronicle" our deep and heart-felt gratitude for the magnificent send-off that Bombay gave us last night? It strengthens our conviction that the country as a whole and Bombay in particular is determined to make all sacrifices and will not rest until the object on which we have set our hearts has been achieved. Every flower we received breathed the fragrance of genuine affection and every hand-grip we exchanged spoke of honest hearts that will not fail at the critical hour. If Madras decides to act in a manner prejudicial to our personal liberties, we feel sure that in disobeying the orders we shall have the sympathy and active co-operation of the country behind us. For that assurance which we felt in last night's demonstration, may we once again express our thanks?—Yours, etc.,

N. SIVAKAMU,
B. SHIVA RAO,
K. R. DEOBHANKAR.

Wadi, G. I. P., Aug. 5.

A very striking and enthusiastic demonstration took place on the occasion of the farewell which was accorded to the signatories of the above letter at Victoria Terminus on Saturday evening. Some hundreds of people had assembled at the platform at Victoria Terminus before the Madras mail started, bringing bouquets and garlands, so that before the train moved off the compartment occupied by the Home Rule contingent was literally crammed with flowers. There were repeated cheers and altogether it was a most animated send off.

PUBLIC MEETING AT KOTRI.

(From a Correspondent.)

The Hindus and the Musalmans congregated in their respective Tickanas and Juma Masjid on Saturday last and offered prayers for the speedy success of the British and Allied Arms. In the evening at public meeting under the presidentship of Mr. Koreishi, Deputy Collector it was resolved that the president should convey to his Imperial Majesty's Representative, their expressions of steadfast loyalty, unflinching devotion to the throne and determination to carry the war to a victorious conclusion.

Mr. Kazi Habibulla Musuza, Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Nasik, died last Monday, the 30th ultimo, at Achra his native place, where he had been on leave owing to ill health. His career began as a Persian teacher and he rose to his late post by the dint of his own merit. He was highly esteemed in his department and was popular in every district where he had the occasion to serve. He had completed nearly 26 years' service honestly and deligently without any unfavourable remarks.

LOOK OUT FOR

"PEARL OF THE ARMY."

HIGH COURT.

LATE MR. NADKARNI'S PROPERTY.

APPEAL AGAINST JUSTICE MACLEOD'S DECISION.

DISMISSED WITH COSTS.

Yeshwantrao G. Nadkarni, Appellant and 1st Defendant v. Oomabai, widow, Respondent and Plaintiff.

(Before the Chief Justice and Justice Batchelor.)

This was an appeal from a decision of Justice Macleod.

One Ghansham Nilkant Nadkarni, a pleader of the Bombay High Court, died on the 5th May, 1914, possessed of considerable property, moveable and immoveable, the whole of which was self-acquired. He left behind him surviving a widow, five sons, Yeshwantrao, Ganpatrao, Madhavrao, Nilkant and Dinkar, two daughters, and two grandsons, Govind and Vasant, sons of predeceased sons, Vithal and Ramrao, respectively. On the 25th January, 1909, he made a will which included a schedule of all the properties owned by him. One of the items in that schedule was a business in photograph and artist materials carried on under the style of Nadkarni and Co. On the 4th May, 1914, he made another will in which he said, "I declared all my property moveable and immoveable, wherever situated to be my self-acquired property in a prior will and I hereby confirm that declaration." He bequeathed Rs. 20,000 to trustees in trust for Ramrao's widow and children, Rs. 20,000 to his wife, and after the costs of Nilkant's education in England, had been deducted, he bequeathed the residue in equal shares to his five surviving sons and his grandson, Govind. He appointed his wife and Yeshwantrao, executrix and executor. In June, 1914, these persons declared a petition for probate. The schedule of the properties of the deceased attached to the petition included the business, carried on in the name of Nadkarni and Co., which was mentioned in the schedule included in the will of 1909. In September or October, however, Yeshwantrao claimed that the business of Nadkarni and Co. belonged not to the deceased, but to himself. Accordingly he withdrew from the petition and Oomabai alone applied for probate, which was granted to her about the 15th January, 1915. The plaintiff, thereafter, filed the present suit against Yeshwantrao, praying for a declaration that the said business belonged exclusively to the testator, and formed part of his that Yeshwantrao might be ordered to account for his dealings with the said business, that Yeshwantrao may be removed from his post as executor and for various consequential reliefs.

The defendant, Yeshwantrao, alleged that in the year 1893 the testator induced Vithal to give up his studies and to start a business with a capital of Rs. 10,000 which the testator gave him by way of an advancement in life. Vithal with that capital joined the firm of D. M. Dukle and Co., then dealing in photographic materials. In the year 1899, D. M. Dukle and Co. was dissolved and Vithal, with the assets which came to his share in the dissolution started Nadkarni and Co. Vithal alone carried on the business of Nadkarni and Co. by his personal exertions and made it a flourishing success. About the year 1899, Yeshwantrao was induced by the testator to give up his studies and join the business of Nadkarni and Co., and thereafter Yeshwantrao devoted his time and attention exclusively to that business. In 1905 the business was expanded by adding to it a new branch dealing in athletic requisites and Madhavrao, who was prosecuting his studies at law, was induced by the testator to join the business. Vithal, Yeshwantrao and Madhavrao, thereafter, devoted their whole time to the business and made it prosperous. The net receipts of the business were paid to the testator from time to time and were treated and entered as deposits made with him, and moneys received from the testator from time to time for the purposes of the business, were treated and entered as loans received from him. On a making up of accounts it was found that a sum of Rs. 2,26,042-11-7 belonging to the firm, remained deposited with the testator at his death and Yeshwantrao counter-claimed this from the plaintiff as the executrix of the testator. Vithal died in 1912 leaving a minor son Govind. Since then Yeshwantrao and Madhavrao had worked the business and Yeshwantrao claimed that it did not belong to the testator, but that it was the property of himself and Madhavrao. It was alleged that the testator had from time to time represented to Yeshwantrao, Vithal and Madhavrao that the business was exclusively their property and had thereby induced them to give up all their prospects in other directions and devote themselves wholly to the business. The plaintiff, as the testator's legal representative, was estopped from denying the truth of that representation. The defendant counter-claimed for a declaration that the business belonged solely to him and Madhavrao and for a decree in his and Madhavrao's favour, against the plaintiff for Rs. 2,32,042-11-7 being the assets of the firm of Nadkarni and Co., which remained deposited with the testator. In any event, even if the testator had an interest in the business such interest, the defendant alleged, would only be a 1/4th share in the assets and profits.

The result, in Justice Macleod's opinion, was that the evidence as to the testator's conduct and that of his sons in his lifetime showed conclusively that the business was a part of the testator's property at the time of his death, and that the testator had not made a gift of the business to his sons. His Lordship therefore granted the declaration prayed for by the plaintiff, removed the defendant from his office of executor and the defendant was ordered to pay plaintiff's costs of the suit. Defendant's counter-claim was dismissed with costs. From this decision of his Lordship, the defendant had filed the present appeal.

Mr. M. R. Jayakar and Mr. C. H. Setalvad appeared for the appellant.

The Hon. the Advocate-General and Mr. J. B. Kanga appeared for the respondent.

Their Lordships, after hearing counsel for the appellant, dismissed the appeal with costs.

Solicitors for the appellant:—Edgelow, Gulabchand, Wadia and Co.

Solicitors for the respondent:—Crawford Brown and Co.

Under the patronage of **the Hon'ble the Maharaja of Cossimbazar** and recommendations from **the Hon'ble Sir Asutosh Mukerjee, Mr. Dunn** (Presidency Inspector of Schools), **Sir Rabindra Nath Tagore** and other prominent gentlemen.

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CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR TUESDAY, THE 7TH OF AUGUST, 1917.

BEFORE THE HON. THE CHIEF JUSTICE AND THE HON. MR. JUSTICE BATCHELOR

In the Division Court No. 52.

APPEALS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

60-16—179-15—Madh K and Ch. Nensukhdas Shivnarayen a firm v Bridichand Auraj a firm, Captain and V, Part heard.

8-17—1107-16—Little and Co, Karsandas Premji v Parashram Pandurang Mahatre and ors, Ard H D and Co.

10-17—282-16—Mulla and M, Sultanally Tyabally v Esufalli Abdul Hoosein a firm and ors, Jehangir and S.

11-17—1226-16—Mer K and Co, Byramji Nowroji Gamadia and ors v The New Mofussil Co Ltd and ors, Payne and Co.

12-17—923-15—Payne and Co, Maneckchand Virchand Narotam v Bomanji Rustomji Parelwalla and ors, Jam R and D, Moti and D, Matu J and M.

14-17—645-15—Daphtary F and D, Gordhandas Kessowji v Champsey Dossa and ors, Payne and Co, Mer K and Co, Madh K and Ch.

15-17—413-15—Payne and Co, Ahmed Sulleman Dinath v Jamnabai Edg G W and Co.

16-17—981-16—Captain and V, Haji Noor Mahomed Haji Sheikh Mahomed and anr v Abdul Kadar Haji Esmail Gul Mahomed, Matu J and M.

17-17—1297-16—Hiralal and Co, B P Dave and Co a firm v Rajaram Tyabji and Co a firm, Bhimji and Co.

18-17—470-11—Bhai K and G, Ramyallabh Harmukhrai v Gopiram Harmukhrai and ors, Soonderdas and Co.

M J 19-17—10-16—Crawford B and Co, Frances Frederick Gordon v. Constance Eveline Gordon, Payne and Co.

M J 27-17—10-16—Crawford B and Co., Frances Frederick Gordon v. Constance Eveline Gordon, Payne and Co.

22-17—1313-16—Mulla and M, Tullockchand Mamraj a firm v Allibhai Mitha, Payne and Co.

23-17—1137-14—Mulla and M, Shapurji Rustomji Mistry v The Deccan Bank Ltd and ors, Kanga and S.

S C Ct 24-17-485/18503-16—Payne and Co, Ardesir Kaikhusroo Khambatta v Mohanlal Narayandas and anr, Malvi M R and Co.

26-17—558-03—Rustomji and G, Jamnabai widow v Fazalbhai Heptulla and ors, Nanu H and Co.

63-16—1402-14—Ardesir H D and Co, Harilal Keshowlal a firm v Keshowlal Hathibhai and anr, Edg G W and Co., Ard H D and Co.

64-16—1402-14—Ardesir H D and Co, Ranchodlal Mahasukhram a firm v Keshowlal Hathibhai and anr, Edg G W and Co, Ard H D and Co.

65-16—191-15—Ardeshir H D and Co, Harjivan Jaichand and ors v Messrs S Narayen and Co a firm, Payne and Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE BEAMAN.

In the Division Court No. 53.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL SHORT CAUSES.

60-16—179-15—Madhowji K and Ch. Nensukhdas Shivnarayen a firm v Bridichand Auraj a firm, Captain and V, Part heard.

506-15 Payne and Co, The Indian and Peninsular Steam Navigation Co Ltd v Harichand Chopra.

1251-15—Craigie B and C, Bapuji Sorabji Patel v Lakhmidas Parbhoodas, Motichand and D.

139-17—Captain and V, Prithiraj Bhagwandas a firm v Rambillas Bhagwandas Cherawalla.

272-17—Captain and V, Abdulla Fazalbhai v Robert Douby Caggan.

309-17—Khand L and M, Ghashiram Ramkaran v Devisa Ramdhan and ors, Mulji and Tha.

347-17—Maneklal and Co, Ratna Ramji v Jiva Lakhman and anr

400-17—Payne and Co, Conipagnie Generale De Phonographics Cinematc Graphis et Appa de Precisim a Coy v Ardesir C Patel.

446-17—Motichand and D, Bai Monghibai v The Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Co Ltd and ors, Craigie B and C.

473-17—Bhai K and Gir, The Poona Bank Ltd v Hassanalli Sulemanji, Ard H D and Co.

475-17—Bhai K and Gir, The Poona Bank Ltd v Hiralal Maganlal, Ard H D and Co.

476-17—Bhai K and Gir, The Poona Bank Ltd v Surafally Mamooji, Ard H D and Co.

513-17—Purnanand and Co, Narsi Monji v Tribhowandas Jamnadas a firm, Motichand and D.

534-17—Ard H D and Co, Govindji Kanji and Co a firm v Liladhar Deoji.

578-17—Captain and V, Messrs Bruel and Co a firm v Messrs Sanka Ramswamy and Sons a firm.

590-17—Sham M and H, Dr Hari Waman Bhat v The Gaekwad Sugar Works and Distillery Co Ltd.

639-17—Ragh N and Co, Sadashiv Ramchandra Natu v The Gaekwad Sugar Works and Distillery Co Ltd.

640-17—Ragh N and Co, Sadashiv Ramchandra Natu v The Gaekwad Sugar Works and Distillery Co Ltd.

649-17—Little and Co, The Continental Tyre and Rubber Co Ltd v The National Commercial Co a firm.

664-17—Captain and V, Captain and Vaidya a firm v Monghibai.

675-17—Unwalla P and P, Ranchoddas Velji and Co a firm v Miya Hoosein Yarkhan.

677-17—Khandvalla and Co, Kesarisingh and Co a firm v The Deccan Paper Mill and Co Ltd.

724-17—Motichand and D, Hiralal Bakaredas v Charandas Chaturbhuj, Nanu H and Co.

725-17—Malvi M R and Co, Kasturchand Sadasukh v Balkisson Hardayal and anr, Khandvalla and Co.

728-17—Merwanji K and Co, Sukhanand Gurmukhrai v Papamal Chunilal a firm.

733-17—Matu J and M, Govindram Dwarkadas a firm v Papamal Chunilal a firm.

734-17—Surajmal and Co, Shriramdas Malam and Co a firm v Tulsidas Premji.

735-17—Dubash and Co, Govind Gangadhar Kopekar v Darabshaw Burjorji Mistry.

751-17—In person, Mowla Doonga and Co a firm v W Stephens.

752-17—Captain and V, Prithiraj Bhagwandas a firm v Papamal Chunilal.

759-17—Shroff and D, Messrs Kema Masingh and Co a firm v W C Sholler.

UNDEFENDED NEW LONG CAUSES.

449-17—Crawford B and Co, A B Haroon and Co a firm v Ramji Dass and Co a firm.

SUITS FOR HEARING & FINAL DISPOSAL. LONG CAUSES.

233-17—Unwalla P and P, Charandas Khatao Waghji v Navivahu widow and ors, Captain and V, Craigie B and C, Part heard.

1269-16—Captain and V, Navivahu widow v Charandas Khatao, Unwalla P and P.

76-14 Ard H D and Co, Damaji Dewsey Virpar v Haji Joosub Haji Mahomed Captain and V.

1219-16—Amin and Desai, Sabrabibi v Abdulkarim Abdul Rahim Hafiz and ors, Mulla and M, Amin and Desai.

235-17—Edgelow G W and Co, Sukkerkhanum widow v Piarally Mooraj and ors, Mancher and Nar.

1053-16—Parmanand and Co, Lakhmidas Bhimji v Waman Shridhar Apte, Daph F and D

382-17—Payne and Co, Noorbhai Nathubhai Motiwalla a firm v. H. A. Mahomed, Daph F and D.

397-17 Parmanand and Co, Narmadashankar Harjivan Joshi v. Pestonji Dadabha Padshah and anr. Hiralal & Co.,

425-17.—Purnanand & Co., Haji Maulabux Panaulla v. Ahsanally Mazherally Kanga & S.

568-16—Little and Co, Messrs Weld and Co a firm v. N B Samant, M B Chothia,

973-16.—Vachha & Co., Messrs Framroze Rustomji Kharas a firm v. Messrs Goculdas Dossa & Co., a firm, Mulla & Mulla.

1105-15.—Matu J & M, Dharamsey Jetha Co., a firm v. Nensukhdas Shivnarayen & anr, Madh K & Ch.

1393-16—Mans H M and Co, Mavji Velji v Gordhandas Dossa & ors, Sme B and Co.

732-07.—Jehangir G & B, R D Sethna v Lookhmanji Esmailji & ors, Payne & Co.

130-17—Chit M and K, Vallabhdas Luxumidas Thakkar v Udhavji Luxumidas Thakkar, Surajmal and Co.

BEFORE THE HON, MR, JUSTICE MARTEN,

In the Division Court No. 40.

AFTER THE INSOLVENCY COURT WORK TO OVER.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL LONG CAUSES.

1136-15—Payne and Co, Khatubai v Mahomed Haji Abu and ors, Wadia G and Co, Surveyor and Co, Little and Co, Part heard.

373-16—Wadia G and Co, Messrs Brandon and Co a firm v The Secretary of State for India in Council, E F Nicholson, Payne and Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE KAJIJI.

In the Division Court No. 43.

SUMMARY SUIT FOR DESPOSAL IN CHAMBERS.

487-17—Dubash and Co, Govind Gangadhar Kopekar v Bayaji Mahalba Patel & anr.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL

LONG CAUSE

271-17—Captain and V, Hosseinbhai Fazalbhai and anr v Fatmabai widow and ors, Shroff and D, Mulji and Tha, Part heard.

SHORT CAUSE

614-17 Merwanji K and Co, Shamchandra Rampratab and ors v Bodulal Ramdew and anr, Part heard, 31-7-17.

COMMERCIAL CAUSE.

1404-15—Payne and Co, The Standard Bank Ltd v Raghavji Purshotam, Edg G W and Co, Tyabji D and Co, Moti and D, Hiralal and Co, Madh K and Ch.

LONG CAUSES.

413-17—Motichand and D, Dewji Jewat and Co a firm v Passoobhai Khimji and ors, Sham M and H.

S C 533-17—Motichand and D, Keshavji Hirji v Tokersee Velji, Kharas and Co.

134-16—Cragie B and C, Markandrai Kalyanrai Mehta v Virendraria Chandraprasad Desai and anr, Bhai K and G.

174-16—Vachha and Co, Ismail Haji Allarakhia and anr v Fatma Begam, Jehangir and S.

1272-16—Payne and Co, The Central Bank of India Ltd and anr v Cawasji and Maneckji a firm, Mehta D and L.

72-17—Motichand and D, Seshmal Sankerlal and Co a firm v Messrs Shivji Gordhan a firm, Mehta D and L,

1215-16—Craigie B and Co, The Bank of India Ltd v Fatehchand Vishandas and ors, Patell and Eze.

276-16—Patell and Eze, Hooseinabai widow v Abdul Hoosein Ahmedally, Sabnis and Gore.

220-16—Judah and S, Joti Babaji v Kesra Foosa and Co a firm, Wadia G and Co.

1444-15—Matu J and M, Krishnadas Goverdhandas v Anant Shrinivas Nakhate and ors, Chit M and K, Maneck I and Co.

1062-16—Daph F and D, K Surajmal and Co a firm v The India Trading Co a firm, Hiralal and Co.

BEFORE THE PROTHONOTARY IN HIS OFFICE

FOR IN VESTIGATION OF PAUPERISM

P P No 11-17 and Suit No 368-17—In person, Bai Bhullibai widow and anr v Purshotam Jeewan and anr, Jam R and D.

ASSAULT ON EUROPEAN.

ACCUSED SENTENCED TO THREE MONTHS.

Before the Second Presidency Magistrate, at Mazagon, one Thomas Scott, a European, charged Rama Raoji with assaulting him.

It was stated that the accused is a pimp at Kamathipura, and he approached the complainant and asked him to accompany him. Scott and Lister, his friend, then got into a gharry with the accused who pointed out a place to them, but the complainant refused to go there and asked the driver to turn back. An argument then ensued between the victoria driver and the complainant about the fare and while this was going on the accused, came from behind and struck him a violent blow across his face with a rubber tyre. The accused tried to run away, but he was chased and caught.

The accused pleaded that he was drunk at the time and did not know what he did. He was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

THEFT FROM ALEXANDRA DOCK.

ACCUSED GETS 9 MONTHS' HARD LABOUR

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Sub-Inspector Raje charged one Abdul Rahiman Buban with house-breaking by night and theft of 16 pieces of chintz, valued at Rs. 64, from shed No. 11, Alexandra Dock. It appeared that the accused broke the glass panes of a window about 4-45 a.m. on Sunday and removed the goods. He was stopped by a police patrol, and on being searched he was found in possession of some of the articles, while the other articles were found at a spot pointed out by him. He was convicted, and as he had five previous convictions, he was sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment.

MUSICIANS AT LOGGERHEADS.

CASE DISMISSIED,

At the Mazagon Police Court, Mr. Frank Oliveira has disposed of a case, in which Peter Freitas, proprietor of the Imperial Band, charged C. C. Minezes, proprietor of the Emperor Band, with cheating. Mr. P. N. Godinho appeared for the complainant while the accused was defended by Messrs P. D'Quadros and M. S. Noronha.

The complainant alleged that in July, 1915, he purchased the "Imperial Band" from its former proprietor, D. C. Minezes, brother of the accused. In October, 1915, the accused started a rival band and styled it the "Emperor Band," and had since then been interfering with the complainant's business by issuing misleading handbills and in other ways. On the 28th of May there was a wedding, when, the complainant further alleged the accused, secured an order for his band by representing that he was the proprietor of the "Imperial Band" and that the complainant was his servant.

The accused denied having represented that he was the proprietor of the "Imperial Band" or that the complainant was his servant. It was alleged that the complainant bore ill-will to the accused, because the latter's band competed successfully with his, and that the present case was a vexatious one, the principal object of the complainant being to drive the accused out of the band business.

The Magistrate, after recording evidence for the prosecution, dismissed the case and acquitted the accused.

CHARGE OF PROCURING A MINOR.

THE QUESTION OF AGE.

Before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate, at Mazagon, Rao Saheb Raghunathrao Tawde, Inspector, C. I. D., charged Hyderbi, a Mahomedan woman, and Nasiban, a brothel keeper, the first accused with disposing of a minor—her daughter Chotijan Pirkhan for immoral purposes, and the second with receiving the minor for immoral purposes.

Mr. Azad put in a letter written by Col. Street to him after examining the girl. It was a private letter.

Mr. Raghunathrao said he had been asked to send an officer to Agra to find out the birth certificate of the girl and thus ascertain her age. He had been asked to do this to put the question of age beyond any possible doubt.

It was also decided to summon Col. Street at the next hearing on the 14th August.

The case was then postponed to 14th August.

COMPANY MEETINGS.

MERCANTILE PRESS CO., LTD.

An extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Mercantile Press Co., Ltd., was held at the Company's office, No. 187, Hornby Road, Fort, yesterday, under the presidency of Mr. Moolji Haridas, to confirm the following resolution passed on the 10th July, 1917. The resolution was moved by Mr. Maganlal Dalpatram Khakhar and seconded by Mr. Jagjiwan Ghelabhai:—

"That the capital of the Company be reduced from Rs. 2,00,000 divided into 1,600 shares of Rs. 125 each to Rs. 40,000 dividend into 1,600 shares of Rs. 25 each and that such reduction be effected by cancelling capital which has been lost or is unrepresented by available assets to the extent of Rs. 100 per share upon each of the 1,600 shares which have been issued and are now outstanding and by reducing the nominal amount of all the shares in the Company's capital from Rs. 125 to Rs. 25 per share."

The resolution was unanimously passed and the meeting dispersed with a vote of thanks to the Chairman.

PLANET MILL CO,

A meeting of the Planet Mill Company was held yesterday, Mr. J. A. Wadia presiding. The Chairman said that though the Company had commenced working on the 1st March it showed a good profit of Rs. 26,800 in course of a working period of 3 months. Generally when a company was registered it took about two years to commence work and show profit. The result shown by this Company was satisfactory.

The Chairman then moved the adoption of the Statutory Report and the Audited Receipts and Payments, Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account made up to 30th June, 1917.

The motion was carried.

BANDRA MUNICIPALITY.

BUDGET FOR 1917-18.

A meeting of the General Board was held on Saturday in the Municipal Hall Mr. A. E. Corke, presiding.

At the meeting of the Bandra Municipal Council on Saturday last, the Chairman of the Finance Committee, the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel, introduced the Budget for the current year with the following remarks:—In introducing this budget for the year 1917-18 on behalf of the Finance Committee, the Chairman would like to make a few remarks as to the delay in the submission of the budget estimates. According to Municipal rule No. 126 (a) the Annual Budget Meeting should be held on the second Tuesday in February. Strictly speaking, the Finance Committee of the late Municipality should have brought the budget estimates before the General Board in the last quarter for the year 1916-17. I find, however, that this Municipality has never passed its budget before the year commences. The following dates of passing the last five years' budgets will show that the rule is honoured more in breach than in observance:—

Budget year	Date of passing the budget by the General Board.
1912-13	7-5-1912
1913-14	4-6-1913
1914-15	26-5-1914
1915-16	4-5-1915
1916-17	26-7-1916

The present Finance Committee, which came into being in June 1917, took up the budget estimates first, and with the help of the new Chief Officer have been able to present draft budget for the consideration of the General Board under their Resolution No. 11 dated 9th July 1917. The Finance Committee will endeavour, as far as possible, to present the budget estimates for the ensuing year on the basis of nine months actuals for the current year in February, 1918.

The present Finance Committee had before them two alternative draft budgets for the year 1917-18 one prepared by the late Finance Committee, and the other by the President. The figures were gone through by the new Chief Officer who assisted us in our deliberations in formulating our proposals. The following fundamental principles have been observed while preparing the draft budget:—

(1) Revenue is estimated on the basis of probable recoveries based on the current taxation Goculdas schedules and *not* on taxation schemes which are in a stage of passing.

(2) Averages have been taken as basis in some cases, but they are not blindly followed e.g., recoveries on account of arrears of taxes are estimated on the outstanding at the end of the preceding year, and not on the basis of three years' average.

(3) The ordinary expenditure was first provided for, and out of the balance remaining "original works" have been added under "extraordinary and debt." Thus the ordinary recurring items of expenditure have not been pruned for providing new improvements.

(4) A workable balance of Rs. 26,445 has been provided for at the end of the year with a view to enable controlling Committees to put forth new emergent measures of an unforseen character.

(5) A provisional list of works contemplated is kept ready in order that the controlling Committee may scrutinize and add to it. The Finance Committee will try to find ways and means for such works of a non-recurring nature if proper plans and estimates are submitted.

(6) All arrears of charges of the previous year have, as far as possible, been provided for, e.g., Bombay Corporation Water rate bills (Rs. 22,662) due for payment last year have fallen in the current year's budget, and have created practical difficulties in running the current expenditure owing to the House Tax Demand Register having not been settled on account of revision of valuation and appellate work connected therewith.

BALANCE.

The year commences with a handsome balance of Rs. 24,989 for general purposes as against an average opening balance of Rs. 12,848. This large balance should not be relied on as a safe source of withdrawal. Had the late Municipality paid up their liabilities due n 1916-17 under the heads of "Water Supply" Rs. 22,662, "Uniform" Rs. 224, "Lighting" Rs. 1,800, "Dispensary" Rs. 600, this apparent large balance would not only have been wiped off but there would have been an actual deficit required under rule 126 (b). In the opinion of the Finance Committee the limit of minimum balance in such an important Municipality should be raised from Rs. 500 to Rs. 10,000. Either there should be an elastic source of revenue in our revised form of taxation now under consideration or there should be considerable retrenchment of expenditure with a view to attain to this goal. In the present budget we have tapped all sources of revenue, and kept back expenditure within all reasonable limits, and thereby left a workable estimated balance of Rs. 26,445 for "general purposes."

REVENUE.

The Chief sources of our revenue under head A—"Rates and taxes"—are (1) House Tax, (2) Wheel Tax, (3) Toll tax, (4) Water rate and (5) Halalcore cess. The aggregate actual revenue from these sources amounted to Rs. 1,27,642 in the year 1916-17; while our budget estimate is for Rs. 1,67,211. The sources of increase are to be found in House Tax where owing to "revision of valuation" we have estimated a rise of about Rs. 9,625 over last year's figures. On a careful comparison of the figures of meter readings after the 9in. connection was established, we have found that our "demand register" for 1917-18 under "Water Rate" should go up to Rs. 53,700. We have allowed a margin of Rs. 3,700 for bai debts and put down Rs. 50,000 as probable recoveries. Recoveries on account of Halalcore cess show an increase of about 4,700 on the basis of the March Demand Register.

Receipts from Heads B and C have remained normal, and require no special comments.

Revenue under Head D shows an increase of Rs. 19,781 on account of special grants from Government towards (1) Town Planning Scheme No. I, (2) Pay and Pension contribution of the Chief Officer and (3) Salary of the Health Officer and qualified Sanitary Inspector. We are grateful to Government for this handsome subvention. In addition to these grants from Government, a special contribution from people likely to be benefited by Town Planning Scheme No. I is forthcoming to the extent of Rs. 25,000.

There is no noticeable fluctuation under Heads E, F and G.

The aggregate revenue from all sources amounts to Rs. 265,551.

EXPENDITURE.

If we eliminate items relating to Subsidiary Accounts, which are met from special funds, the draft budget provides for an expenditure of Rs. 2,44,069 under various major Heads.

Under General Administration the extra cost on establishment is for the most part met from Government subvention. We have distinguished "Collection establishment charges" connected with temporary establishment for the purpose of revision of valuation from "Permanent Establishment" and provided Rs. 4,200 separately in order that this expenditure may not be confounded with a recurring establishment burden.

As the Municipality contemplate to apply for a license for supply of electric energy for public lighting &c., we have not made special provision for improvement, except that we have provided Rs. 500 for new lamps and posts pending the introduction of the new lighting scheme.

As we have to meet a large liability on account of water supply bills of the preceding year to the extent of Rs. 22,662, we are obliged to make a provision of Rs. 42,000 during the year for payment to the Bombay Municipality in spite of reduction of rate from 1st April 1917. The amount covers the payment of arrears plus bills for the first half of the year, the liability for the latter half of the year falling due in the first quarter of 1918-19.

Under conservancy including Road watering we have thought it proper to debit a sum of Rs. 2,000 (included in Rs. 5,000) as cost of water used for road watering. It will be an adjustment entry, but will afford one of the many grounds explaining the difference between the Water consumption figures recorded on Bombay meters and the aggregate consumption recorded at private meters of the Bandra Municipality. After consulting the Health Officer we have thought proper to make provision for a few kutchra carts and some 30 new dustbins. As long as the Controlling Committee have not worked out a scheme for a new market, we have thought it presumptuous to make extra provision for improvement of our Markets which are in a disgraceful condition. We invite the Sanitary Committee's special attention to this line of improvement.

In pursuance of the General Board's decision for the construction of plague sheds for people who desire to evacuate their premises at the time of plague epidemic and in view of the Sanitary Committee's special requirements to meet emergent expenses in connection with suppression of plague for which we have obtained wider powers under sections 144 and 145 of the Act we have provided a lump sum of Rs. 2,000 under "Plague charges" as against Rs. 218 (actuals) of the previous year.

While preparing the draft budget it was brought to our notice that the Dharamshalla at the Railway Station was not maintained in accordance with the terms of the Trust, and that its present use as a Municipal store room was objectionable. In anticipation of the Controlling Committee's approval, we have provided a sum of Rs. 1,089 according to the estimate prepared by the Municipal Engineer for special repairs and drainage.

Under "Arboriculture" we have made a provision of Rs. 1000 for roadside trees and we recommend that the Controlling Committee will spend money forthwith during the current monsoon on a settled working plan as suggested by the Chief Officer to the Municipal Engineer.

Under "Roads" we have provided Rs. 21,100 which is in excess of our revenue from Wheel Tax and Toll to meet the criticism of Government that the whole of the revenue from Wheel Tax and toll should be utilized for road improvements. It is hoped that the Controlling Committee will fully utilize the allotment and set the roads right. The Chief Officer points out that the special Trust fund account for Road repairs sanctioned by the Commissioner, N. D. under proviso (b) of section 51 has not been opened yet and we invite the attention of the Controlling Committee to the necessity for maintaining such a separate account by the Accountant in the Treasury Branch.

The Town Planning Scheme No. I is estimated to cost Rs. 53,100. During the year we think the Controlling Committee will not be in a position to spend more than Rs. 40,000 which is equivalent to the special grant of Government *plus* the contribution from people likely to be realized by the Local Authority under the Town Planning Act. In November-December the Municipality will be in a position to know what extra amount will have to be provided for by the Municipality next year on account of further awards which may be passed by the Trubunal of Arbitration.

The Dispensary and School Committee budgets have not been disturbed, and we have embodied their figures in the draft general budget as far as possible.

Having settled our ordinary items of expenditure we have made a provision of Rs. 9,550 for the following "original works":—

(a)	Laying of 9in. main for improving water supply	Rs. 5,000
(b)	Maters	1,000
(c)	Water Investigation by Mr. Collett	1,000
(d)	Hand Stand at the sea-shore	950
(e)	Bhangies quarters in the Hospital compound	800
(f)	Provision for Office accommodation for Chief Officer	800
		9,550

Again a temporary advance of Rs. 3,000 for "Meter Boxes" has been provided for in pursuance of the General Board's resolution. Such in brief are the main features of the draft budget which I have the honour to recommend for adoption by the General Board. The details under various heads will be settled at the time of debate.

I may add in conclusion that I am much obliged to my colleagues in the Finance Committee particularly Messrs. Bowman and Fry as well as the Chief Officer for the valuable assistance they have given me in the preparation of the Budget.

Chairman, Finance Committee.
Bandra Municipality.

Mr. Bowman seconded the above proposition.

Mr. Rajaram Tukaram in further supporting the same said I congratulate the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel and the members of the Finance Committee for having made a new departure in introducing the Budget for the year 1917-18. But however as Chairman of the Managing Committee I have my grave doubts whether the amounts has allotted for on account of roads lighting and water supply will be sufficient.

After some further discussion the Budget for 1917-18 was passed and the meeting adjourned.

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BENARES CITY (India).

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY.

Hindu: 4th of Vad of Shravan, 1973.
Mahomedan: 17th Shavai, 1915.
Parsi: 1st of Aspandad, 1286.
Jewish: 19th of Ab, 5677.
Sunrise: 6h. 17 min.; Sunset: 7th. 11min.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Meeting of the Improvement Trust Board, 4 p.m.
Meeting of Bombay Branch Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, 6 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, August 8.

Home Rule Lecture at Morarji Goculdas Hall, 9-30 p.m. (S.T.).

THURSDAY, Aug. 9.

"Gokul Ashtami" (Hindu Holiday), Banks closed.
Poona Races: First Extra Meeting.

FRIDAY, Aug. 10.

The Homeward English Mail closes at G.P.O. at 4 p.m.

MONDAY, August. 13.

Sitting of Exemption Tribunal, Town Hall, 11 a.m.

MONDAY, Aug. 20.

Ladies' Condolence Meeting for late Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji: Empire Theatre, 4-45 p.m. H. E. Lady Willingdon presiding.

DAILY.

Royal Opera House: 6-45 and 10 p.m.
Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Opera Co. in "Bing Boys are pere" at 9-30.
Empire Cinema: 6-30, 8-30 and 10 p.m.
Bavy Marie Osbourne in "Levin Kiddies."
Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 6-45, 8-30 and 10 p.m.
Palace of Varieties: At 6-30 and 10 p.m. every Wednesday, Saturday and Monday Show, every Sunday at 6-30 p.m. at Edwards.
West End Cinema: Charni Road, 5-30, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15.
Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15 p.m.
Olympia Cinema: Sandhurst Road.
New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-15, 9-0 and 10-45.
Anglo-American Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.

Domestic Occurrence.

BIRTH.

Kabraji:—At Ahmednagar, on the 31st July, 1917, the wife of Zal K. N. Kabraji of a son.

POONA RIFLES.

POONA, Aug. 4.

674—Drill and Instruction. Parades for the week ending 4-8-17.
At Headquarters:—
Saturday 4th—7 a.m. "B" Coy. (retires) and Recruits.
Parades for the week ending 11-8-1917:—
At Headquarters:—
Monday 6th—7 a.m. "A" Coy and "B" Coy (Actives) and Recruits.
Monday, 6th—6 p.m. "A" Coy. and "B" Coy Recruits.
Tuesday 7th—7 a.m. "A" Coy and Recruits.
Tuesday 7th—6 p.m. "A" Coy and Recruits.
Wednesday 8th—7 a.m. "A" Coy and Recruits.
Wednesday 8th—6 p.m. "A" Coy and Recruits.
Thursday 9th—7 a.m. "A" Coy and Recruits.
Friday 10th—7 a.m. Battalion parade all members to attend.
Friday 10th—6 p.m. Recruits.
Saturday 11th—7 a.m. "B" Coy and Recruits.

675—Increase. The undermentioned is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "B" Company.
No. 650 Pte A. S. A. Westropp.

676—Equipment. The Quartermaster's Stores will be open for issue of equipment each morning from 7 to 8 a.m. Officer Commanding Coys will detail not more than 25 men to attend each morning as follows:—
Monday and Wednesday "B" Company.
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday "A" Company.

677—Decrease. The undermentioned is struck off the strength of the Corps from this date.
No. 448 Pte A. M. Bird, Ahmednagar Dett. (Overage).

678—General Service. Reference Corps order No. 667 dated 31st July, 1917. (Roll of members liable to selection for service in "D" Coy 1st Battalion Indian Defence Force), a copy of which may be obtained from Headquarters, all concerned are informed that representations either against selection for general service, or with regard to inclusion in a particular group which any man may desire to make to the Selection Committee should be made to the President Selection Committee, Collector's Office Poona so as to reach him before the 15th instant on which date the Committee will meet at the Collector's Office at 8-30 a.m. to dispose of applications.

(Sd.) A. R. KEARSEY, Capt.,
Adjutant, Poona Rifles.

BAND AT THE P. V. MARY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Rifles will play a programme of music, this evening under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15.

BAND AT THE ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Rifles will play a programme of music, this evening under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Seven attacks and nine deaths occurred from plague on Monday, the cases being reported as follows:—Fanaswadi and Girgaum, one attack each, Dongri one attack and one death, Middle and Lower Colaba and Kamatipura, two attacks and two deaths each, and Maratha Hospital, four deaths. The total number of deaths from all causes was 110 as against 101 on the corresponding day of last year and 76 of 1915.

TUKARAM TATYA CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.

The number of patients treated in this hospital during the month of July in both the Ayurvedic and English medicines as follows:—English process. 340 males 113 females and 16 children, total being 469. By the Ayurvedic process 395 males, 84 females and 77 children, the total being 556. The number of patients treated from the co-operative societies was 207.

CRICKET IN BOMBAY.

PARSI GYMKHANA C. C. VS. ISLAM GYMKHANA C. C.

The above match was played on 5th August, 1917, and resulted in a draw.
Scores:—

PARSI GYMKHANA C. C.

Dr H D Kanga, c Shaik, b Mahamood	8
A. Khan, c Syed, b Mahamood	5
S Gandhi, c Visram, b Syed	51
S M Chawthia, st Tumboowala	14
F Pavri, st Tumboowalla	16
P J Chinoy, b Tumboowalla	6
J Ellavia, not out	31
S Daruwala, c Syed, b Tumboowala	0
Dr J Manekchand, c Syed, b Tumboowala.	0
Dr M E Pavri, c Shaik, b Tumboowala	8
M B Wacha, c Khatkhaty, b Tumboowala.	18
Extras	3
Total	160

ISLAM GYMKHANA C. C.

Valiahmed, c Chinoy, b Kanga	1
G M Shaikh, b Kanga	7
M H Visram, c Dr Pavri, b Wacha	19
Syed Ibrahim, c F Pavri, b Wacha	18
S M Khatkhaty, c Chawthia, b Wacha	0
K A Tumboowala, c Wacha, b Kanga	13
S Mahamood, c Wacha, b Dr Pavri	31
Iskandar Ali Mirza, c Chawthia, b Wacha.	5
A R Bustani, c and b Kanga	0
Mirza Md. Beg not out	6
G M Parkar, not out	4
Total	104

MOHAMEDAN C. C. VS SARASWAT UNION C. C.

A match between the above two teams was played on Sunday, in Marine Lines Maidan, at 3 p.m., which resulted in a win for the Mohamedan C. C. The following are the scores:—

MOHAMEDAN C. C.

Abdul Kader 8, Nizami 0, Nadeem 3, Gulab 26, Shahabuddin 0, Kazi Abdulla 11, Yacoobkhan 8, Muzaffari 5, Mohidin 3, Gucar 5, Kikabhai 1, extras 3. Total 73.

SARASWAT UNION C. C.

Pandurang 8, Hattingadi 0, B Sunder 1, M Sunder 6, Sadashive 2, Kallianpur 1, Dinkar 4, Kalliankar 4, Karmad 3, Bhawanirao 0, Subbarao 0, extras 4. Total 33.

THE BOMBAY YOUNG C. V THE GUJARATHI UNION C. C.

This cricket match was played on Cross Maidan ground between the Bombay Young Cricketers and the Gujrathi Union C. C. on Sunday last when the game resulted in a win for the B. Y. C. by 63 runs.

THE GUJARATHI UNION C. C.

V. M. Kapadia 2; J. M. Kapadia 1; C. M. Ghandhi 9; K. L. Dalal 10; R. M. Gandhi 5; N. Z. Patel 0; V. K. Kapadia 1; K. K. Adhia 0; Ratilal not out 1; Musla 1; Kakoobha 0; Extras 4; Total 34.

THE B. Y. CRICKETRS.

V. S. Vaidya 10; K. N. Madan 3; V. L. Jayakar 12; M. B. Rao 2; G. G. Bhat 16; B. G. Rane 1; Y. A. Madan 34; M. A. Talpade 6; D. N. Dewoolkar 3; V. M. Jayakar 0; V. S. Lele not out 0; Extras 10; Total 97.

NEW FREINDS UNION C. C. AND FRIENDS UNION C. C.

A match was played between the New Friends' Union and Friends' Union C. C. Thana, on Sunday last, on the Esplanade ground and resulted in a win for the New Friends' Union C. C. by 115 runs. The Thana men scored only 48 to which the New Friends' Union replied by 163 runs. Kashinath 49, Shelar (not out) 51 and Tembulker 13, are the two figure scores and for the Thana side 9 is the highest score scored by Mr. Sule.

DAIWADNYA C. C. VS DADAR BHANDARWADA

A match was played on Sunday, the 5th instant, on the Esplanade Maidan, between the Daiwadnya Cricket Club and the Dadar Bhandarwada Cricket Club. It resulted in a win for the Daiwadnya Cricket Club by 5 runs. The scores were:—
The Daiwadnya Cricket Club, 52 runs.
The Dadar Bhandarwada Cricket Club, 47 runs.

PAREKH C. C. V ARYA BANDHU C. C.

This match was played on Sunday last and resulted in a win for Parekh C. C. by 37 runs. The Arya Bandhu scored 41 runs the Parekh C. C. scored 98 runs.

MAZAGAON C. C. V B. I. S. N. CO.

This cricket match was played on Sunday last between Mazagon J. C. C. and B. I. S. N. Co.'s team resulting in a win to the former by 2 runs. Score:—M. J. C. C., 40; B. I. S. N., 38.

CHITRAPUR C. C. V THE RANGERS C. C

This match was played on Sunday last between the Chitrapur C. C. and the Rangers C. C. and resulted in a win for the former by 8 runs the scores being Chitrapur C. C. 144 and Rangers C. C. 136.

HOME RULE SERIES.

The twenty-fifth lecture of this series will be delivered in Gujarati, by Mr. Pragji Khandubhai, late editor of "The Indian Opinion," South Africa, on "The Moral of the Passive Resistance Movement in South Africa," under the joint auspices of the Bombay branches of the Home Rule Leagues, on Wednesday, the 8th August, at 9-30 p.m. (S. T.), at Morarji Goculdas Hall, Cavel Street, Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas will preside.

VKITTE BHANDARI AIKYA WARDHAK MANDALI.

An ordinary meeting of the above Society was held last Wednesday evening in the hall of Messrs. Golatker Brothers at Zaoba's Wady, Thakurdwar, when it was resolved to grant about twenty scholarships amounting to Rs. 60 per month to poor and deserving male and female students of the community attending schools and colleges. It was also resolved to issue Marathi leaflets discountenancing the rumours prevailing in the City and calling upon the adult members of the Bhandari community to join the Army.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION.

Owing to the telegraph lines between Jhansi and Agra having been washed away, telegrams to Northern India are subject to delay and the booking of ordinary telegrams for Sind, Baluchistan, the United Provinces, and the Punjab, has been stopped temporarily.

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FIRST AND FOREMOST SERIAL PLAYHOUSE

SANDHURST ROAD.

CRICKET AT HOME.

INDIAN GYMKHANA BEAT ESSEX CLUB.

The Indian Gymkhana Club easily maintained their unbeaten record in mail week at Leyton against the Essex Club, who were beaten by 115 runs after the Gymkhana had declared at 284 for the loss of four wickets. The match at one time looked like ending in a draw, but some excellent bowling in the last half-hour saw the Essex Club dismissed with eight minutes remaining for play.

Except for a few overs at the beginning, during which the Indians lost a wicket, the Gymkhana innings was a very lively spectacle. Saravanamuttu and Karunaratna both gave an excellent display, and after the latter had been dismissed for a well-played 91, Saravanamuttu found further support in Bajana, who gave the brightest display of the day, knocking up 69 in a very short time. When he was caught off a tremendous drive, the innings was declared closed, with Saravanamuttu not out, with 109 to his credit. The Essex innings calls for little comment. Dr. Cummings, Knight, Watts, and the Rev. C. F. Hodges all helped to make stands, but the team as a whole was unable to cope with the always useful attack of the Gymkhana, for whom Bajana bowled particularly well. Scores:—

INDIAN GYMKHANA.

C. H. Gunasekara, 1; P. Saravanamuttu, (not out), 109; G. W. Karunaratna, 91; J. L. Kotelwala, 2; M. P. Bajana; 69; extras, 12; total (for 4 wkts., dec.), 284. A. C. Wijayaratne, K. S. Digvijaysinhji, J. B. Chenoy, R. de Saram, E. B. Carolis, and S. M. Gupta did not bat.

ESSEX CLUB.

W. M. Beresford, 4; Dr. Cummings, 30; W. T. Knight, 41; W. Kislingbury, 0; F. H. Watts, 30; Rev. C. F. Hodges, 31; Dr. J. J. Brown, 9; E. E. Cockett, 1; O. R. Borradaile, 2; A. Thompson, 0; R. Freeley (not out), 0; extras, 21; total 169.

ESSEX CLUB BEAT MERCHANT TAYLORS.

BAJANA'S HAT TRICK.

The Indian amateurs, Wijayaratne and Bajana, assisting the club at Leyton on June 20, played a big part in the home success. The first-named scored 109 and took two wickets for five runs, while Bajana did the hat trick, making a fine one-handed catch off his own bowling to dismiss Bryant, the best scorer for the School. Going in first, the boys put up 100 for the loss of half their wickets, but the others failed before Bajana and Wijayaratae, the former's three wickets costing but 10 runs. Griffith hit four 4's in his 20, and Bryant, who made some capital strokes had a 5 and four 4's in his 37. Dr. Cherry and Thompson, who shared the attack at the outset, accounted for the first five boys, Cherry dismissing three for 45 and Thompson two for 49. Essex passed the School total after the third wicket had fallen.

WIJAYRATNE'S CENTURY.

The chief feature of their display was solid botting of Wijayaratne, who claimed 109 out of a total of 233 for seven out. Essex winning by three wickets and 104 runs. Wijayaratane drove in fine style, twelve of his strokes going to the boundary. The boys fielded smartly, and of their six bowlers, Saint, the left-hander (four for 49), and Bryant (two for 67) did the best. Score:

MERCHANT TAYLORS' SCHOOL.

N. H. Saint, c and b Cherry	14
H. L. Greer, b Thompson	2
P. T. Griffith, c Cooper, b Cherry	20
J. P. Illingworth, c Cherry, b Thompson	1
W. M. Watson, l b w, b Cherry	23
G. R. F. Bryant, c and b Bajana	37
R. Cove-Smith, c Cooper, b Wijayaratne	8
A. H. Watson, b Wijayaratne	0
E. T. Cuthbert, b Bajana	4
C. Peacock, b Bajana	0
R. O. Lowe, not out	0
Byes 9, l-b 1	10
Total	119

ESSEX CLUB.

Dr. U. J. Cherry, c Green, b Watson	30
A. C. Z. Wijayaratne, c Cove-Smith, b Saint	109
Dr. Cummings, b Saint	0
Rev. C. F. Hodges, b Saint	27
M. P. Bajana, c Griffith, b Bryant	11
F. C. Hawker, b Bryant	0
A. Thompson, b Saint	13
H. D. Carter, not out	17
W. Lotinga, not out	0
Byes 15, l-b 1	16
Total (7 wkts)	223

H. A. Cooper and A. Frisby did not bat.

CASUALTY LISTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 23.

KILLED.

Major W Aitchison, Yeomanry.
Captain T E K Cross, Field Artillery.
Captain D S H Keep, Bedfords.
Second-Lieut L V Snelson, South Wales Borderers.
Lieut L G Worthington-Eyre, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W R Young, Garrison Artillery.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieut J E Hartington, Lancs Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut W J Horner, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut T C Powell, Garrison Artillery.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut G Ambler, West Yorks.
Captain W Archdale, Norfolks.
Second-Lieut L W Arnold, Garrison Artillery.
Major E Beckwith, Machine Gun Corps.
Captain H J Behrens, West Yorks.
Second-Lieut F Bird, West Yorks.
Second-Lieut D T Black, Engineers.
Second-Lieut H R Brassey, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut E F Burke, Horse Artillery.
Captain H S Bushell, Londons.
Second-Lieut H I Clapperton, Gordons.
Second-Lieut J H Davies, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut W Donald, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut P O Eborn, Cavalry, Special Reserve.
Captain G D Eccles, Medicals.
Lieut F Foster, East Surreys.
Captain P S Fraser, Camerons.
Second-Lieut S S Franklin, Londons.
Lieut N V Gibson, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut W W Gillan, Highland L I.
Second-Lieut D J Glenister, Garrison Artillery.
Lieut L C Hall, Engineers.
Captain A J Hawes, Medicals.
Second-Lieut J K Hewitt, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H R Hill, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut W L Holt, York and Lancasters.
Second-Lieut S B Lane, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut A Langley, Wiltshires.
Second-Lieut G A B Latham, Cavalry Special Reserve.
Second-Lieut A L G Leonard, Cavalry Special Reserve.
Second-Lieut T H Locke, Engineers.
Second-Lieut A H Metcalfe, Yorkshire L I.
Second-Lieut J H Morrison, Yorkshires.
Major P S Myburgh, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H H Philips, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut R E Quesnil, North Lancs.
Second-Lieut T H Redford, Garrison Artillery.
Captain J M Richardson, Veterinary.
Second-Lieut R A Roberts, Monmouths.
Second-Lieut H F Robinson, Field Artillery.
Lieut E A Sainsbury, Engineers.
Second-Lieut H G Scotcher, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut P W Scott, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut W Snowball, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J M Stewart, Gordons.
Second-Lieut B H Stribbing, Wiltshires.
Second-Lieut H A Symons, Field Artillery.
Captain G E Thomas, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut R H Westoby, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut D L Whitmarsh, Hampshires.
Second-Lieut E J Williams, East Kents.
Captain R W Willis, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut E G Willmore, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut G Wood, South Staffords.

MISSING.

Lieut F W Winterbotham, Yeomanry.

LONDON, July 25.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Second-Lieut R C Brierley, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut H C Brufton, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut J W Corbett, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut T H Eyre, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut J B R Gemmell, Highland L. I.
Second-Lieut P E Palmer, Flying Corps.
Captain H G Pearce, Engineers.
Rev B P Plumptre, Chaplain.
Second-Lieut W A Rowley, Leicesters.
Second-Lieut H G Showell, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut A B Tickle, Liverpools.
Captain C C Welsh, Field Artillery.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW KILLED.

Captain L A L Flower, Londons.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED NOW DIED OF WOUNDS.

Major W M Hayman, Engineers.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

Captain R J H Bull, Londons.
Second-Lieut H Dawson, Londons.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut G Appleyard, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut J P Ashton Machine-gun Corps.
Captain F A B Barnard, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut S Barnet, Service Corps.
Second-Lieut E M W Boughton, Engineers.
Second-Lieut W J Catton, Yorkshires.
Captain J W Clapham, West Ridings.
Second-Lieut A J P Crease, Somersets.
Captain L C Crick, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut P F Crothers, Border Regiment
Second-Lieut R S Davies, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut F C Dice, Dorsets.
Lieut J E Dixon, Durhams.
Second-Lieut T V Dunham, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut W A Eilbeck, Lancashire Fusiliers
Second-Lieut S C Farrance, West Ridings.
Second-Lieut C F Fladgate, Londons.
Captain H R Gibbons, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W H H Gibbs, Service Corps.
Second-Lieut G W Hammond, Londons.
Lieut F W Hartridge, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut R L Heelan, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut J L Hopkins, Cavalry Special Reserve.
Second-Lieut W Ibbethon, North Lancashires.
Second-Lieut W G Lang-Anderson, Engineers.
Lieut H C O Lawrie, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut G P Lewis, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J D Lewis, Sussex.
Second-Lieut H J R Macleod, Camerons.
Lieut A C Mulloy, Machine-gun Corps.
Second-Lieut I S Nicol, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut G H Perkins, Yorkshires.
Rev A G A Picton, Chaplain.
Second-Lieut E A Poulter, Dublins.
Lt-Col P Prince, York and Lancasters.
Second-Lieut J C Ross, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut A N Rucker, Suffolks.
Captain A S Thomas, Londons.
Major G Villiers, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut R W Wilkinson, Durhams.
Second-Lieut W B Will, Londons.
Captain J T Yarde, Bedfords.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED NOW NOT WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut G A Browne, Engineers.
Second-Lieut A J O'C Jones, Welsh Fusiliers.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED MISSING NOW WOUNDED AND MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Lieut S G Ratsey, Hampshires.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut C T Felton, Flying Corps.
Lieut R B Hay, West Yorkshires.
Lieut O J Partington, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut W G Thompson, Suffolks.
Lieut C S Workman, Cameronians.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW PRISONERS

Second-Lieut B C Moody, Londons.
Second-Lieut G M Robertson, Highland L. I.
Captain G W Tremlett, Middlesex.

DIED.

Nurse M E Evans, Voluntary Aid Detachment.

OFFICIAL CORRECTION.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut R A Roberts, Monmouths should read G. A.

KILLED.

Lieut H F Denyer, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut V C A Macleod, Cameronians.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED AND MISSING NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut R H Tolson, West Yorkshires.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut F Adams, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut A S Carey, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut O R Kelly, Northumberlands.
Lieut J Thompson, Flying Corps.

LONDON, July 26.

KILLED.

Second-Lieut G H Altoft, West Yorks.
Second-Lieut J T Baxendale, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W R Charlwood, West Surreys.
Lieut J Corban, York and Lancasters.
Second-Lieut E J Dodd, Field Artillery.
Lieut C E Jarvis, West Yorks.
Capt F H Nash, North Staffords.
Capt G Peel, Bedfords.
Lieut B J Pelmore, Engineers.
Second-Lieut F H Randall, Norfolks.
Lieut F J Watts, Garrison Artillery.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut W Atkinson, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H Smith, Manchesters.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED, NOW DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut A M Barker, Lancs Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut A H Kinnear, Camerons.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut F Barker, South Lancs.
Second-Lieut L W Barney, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut W G Bentley, North Staffords.
Second-Lieut S Bolton, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut R M Bradner, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut F J E Brake, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut C L Cheyne, Royal Scots.
Lieut H R Clarke, South Lancs.
Capt C R Cran, York and Lancs.
Capt R W Crummack, South Lancs.
Second-Lieut W Davidson, West Surreys.
Second-Lieut J Dean, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W. H. Delamere, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut G F Durston, Engineers.
Second-Lieut P J D Flecknoe, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J H Frew, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut G Froude, Liverpools.
Lieut R W Gascoyne-Cecil, Horse Artillery.
Second-Lieut T I A Gates, Sussex.
Second-Lieut H Gilbert, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut C H Gorton, South Lancs.
Capt J D Hamilton, Londons.
Second-Lieut D P Hannam, Wiltshires.
Second-Lieut T Hannan, Engineers.
Capt H H Hepburn, Medicals.
Second-Lieut A A Hickey, Lancs Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut J Holland, South Lancs.
Capt W K Holmes, Field Artillery.
Lieut E W James, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut E C Lambert, South Lancs.
Major J F W Lennard, Garrison Artillery.
Lieut H J Lofting, Irish Guards.
Second-Lieut C P Macauley, Cavalry Special Reserve.
Second-Lieut A McC McQueen, Highland L I.
Major A W U Macrae, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut R A Markes, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut E S Morris, Labour Corps.
Capt E Myatt, Lancasters.
Lieut J B Naismith, Garrison Artillery.
Capt C Nichols, Welsh Fusiliers.
Capt W J Outfield, Liverpools.
Capt V H Palmer, Hertfords.
Second-Lieut W G Piercy, East Surreys.
Second-Lieut F R Poole, Border Regiment.
Capt C H Robertson, South Lancs.
Lieut R Rosbotham, Engineers.
Second-Lieut J H Rowlandson, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut A B Ruthaven, Argylls.
Second-Lieut C W H Salter, South Wales Borderers.
Lieut A B Slack, Lancs Fusiliers.
Lieut R M Spofforth, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut S K Thomas, Engineers.
Lieut V S R Vaughan, Trench Mortar.
Second-Lieut M Vine, Engineers.
Second-Lieut R W Walker, Highland L. I.
Lieut L P Walmsley, South Lancs.
Second-Lieut G Walsh, Lancs Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut C A Woods, South Lancs.
Second-Lieut F F Wyer, Field Artillery.

MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Second-Lieut J Gengedy, Cameronians.

OFFICIAL CORRECTIONS.

KILLED.

Lieut C L Parkin, Engineers, should read J H.

WOUNDED.

Capt M H Garrard, Shropshires, should read Yorkshire L I.

LONDON, July 27.

KILLED.

Capt A F Cemery, East Yorkshires.
Capt P M Chaworth-Musters, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut D Gordon, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut T W Hardman, Liverpools
Second-Lieut E Holland, South Staffords.
Second-Lieut T Hunter, Engineers.
Lieut G B L James, Irish Guards.
Second-Lieut N R Potts, South Staffords.
Second-Lieut W Sheriff, Durhams.
Second-Lieut G L Smith, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut H B Smith, Yeomanry.
Second-Lieut C V Thomas, Field Artillery.
Capt W G J Walker, Trenchmortar Battery.
Second-Lieut T B Wilson, Irish Guards.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED AND MISSING NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut J I Gill, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut D R Harrison, Black Watch
Second-Lieut W Sinclair, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut E W Ware, Wiltshires.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING BELIEVED KILLED NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut J J Harries, South Wales Borderers.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut W H Austen, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut H Davies, Oxford and Bucks.
Lieut R Donald, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut N H Grieve, Scots Fusiliers.
Lieut G D Perrin, South Staffords.
Second-Lieut R P Phipps, South Staffords.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut T F Baylis, Londons.
Capt T C Hutchings, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut A B Laxton, Field Artillery.
Lieut W A J Marsden, Field Artillery.
Lieut V Richardon, Sussex.

SUPPORT INDIAN INDUSTRIES

It is the resolution of the Government of India for the consuming departments to obtain indigenous articles as far as possible in place of imported one.

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INDIAN CHALK PENCIL Co.

GUJRANWALA (Punjab)

The only firm in India manufacturing

SUPERIOR WHITE CHALK CRAYONS and BRILLIANT COLOURED CRAYONS.

Highly recommended for their excellence of quality and for use in colleges and schools all over India by

THE DIRECTORS OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION and THE DIRECTORS OF INDUSTRIES.

In use by the Stationery Departments of Government of India and Native States.

Prices on application.

WANTED.—Able SOLE-AGENTS to push our Sales in Bombay Presidency.

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SUPERIOR WRIST WATCHES.

Durable, strong, fashionable, nice-looking and very cheap, reliable time-keepers to suit all wrists. Guaranteed for 10 years.

NICKLE CASE Rs. 12.
NICKLE CASE RADIUM DIAL Rs. 15
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Fine English Leather given free with every watch.

Thousands have been sold up to this time.

Apply to the Manager,

The Iqbal Swiss Watch Co.

SOHA BAZAR (5 B.) LAHORE.

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.

A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Thousands of Ladies keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, so that on the first signs of any irregularity of the System, a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free 5s. MARTIN, Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

Get Health from FOOD— not medicine.
Vitafer
The All-British Tonic Food
is both Food and Force.

JUDGE BY RESULTS

Read the remarkable testimonials from both medical men and the general public and see what Erectruss has done for those suffering from Functional Weakness, Exhaustion and Debility even after other remedies had failed. Erectruss is the outcome of years of study and research and Dr. Bier's Principle of "Obstructive Hyperæmia," on which it is based, is one of the wonders of medical science.

The Erectruss is a "specialist" itself in all but cost: always handy, a sure and *natural* cure for these diseases, yet the total cost of an Erectruss is only Rs. 15 (plus postage etc.) a low price indeed for such a miracle-worker. Before you forget, just sit down and write for the Free Descriptive Booklet—it may mean New Life to you. Address to ERECTRUSS (B. C.) Sole Agency, BATALA (India).

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It's a pleasure to RIDE A **B.S.A BICYCLE**

The well-known high quality of B.S.A. material and workmanship ensures long and reliable service. To protect yourself against the worry of a "so-called cheap" machine insist that the bicycle you purchase must bear the famous "Three Guns" trade mark shown above

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The Wellington Cycle & Motor Co., Bombay.

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Golden Shine works on all Metals, Brass, Copper, Aluminium, Iron, &c., also on plate glass.

It cleans as well as polishes.
OF ALL DEALERS.

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METAL POLISH

Rs. 3000 CASH IN PRIZES.

Two yearly Agricultural Competitions are instituted by the Delegation of THE CHILEAN NITRATE COMMITTEE, on the best essays on Indian Agriculture and original ideas how to improve it.

1st Competition.

1st prize	Rs.	1000
2nd „	„	500
3rd „	„	250

2nd Competition.

1st Prize	Rs.	600
2nd „	„	300
3rd „	„	130
4th (2 prizes)	each „	60
5th (10 „)	„ „	10

RULES:

Open to all interested in Agriculture. Two of the 3 judges to be elected by ballot. Names of competitors will not be known by the judges until all papers have been marked. Copies of prize essays and names and addresses of winners will be furnished on request. Commencing from July 1st, 1917. Closes June 1st, 1918. Further details supplied by:

THE DELEGATE, of the
CHILEAN NITRATE COMMITTEE,
1, Royal Exhange Place, CALCUTTA.

COMMERCIAL

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

MONEY MARKET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Londod Aug. 4th:

Bar Silver Spot Steady — Holidays until Tuesday. — 41

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Aug. 3rd.

LINSEED.

Linseed Calcutta August-Sept. Buyers — 595
Tone:—Not offered.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, Aug. 6.

This morning the rates quoted in the bazaar were Rs. 474 for Good Broach April, Rs. 357 for Fully Good Bengal January and Rs. 379 for Fine Bengal September. The tone of the market was quiet. Business on Association terms was done in Good Broach at Rs. 480 during the morning. The Marwadi bazaar opened at Rs. 474 for Good Broach and quickly advanced to Rs. 479/80. Later on the quotation was Rs. 481. Small fluctuations followed. At Colaba some business was done in Fine Bengal September as also in some Southern styles, and in various descriptions of New Crop on Association terms. Towards the close rates gave way under pressure to sell and Good Broach April dropped to Rs. 473. Closing quotations are given below the market being irregular.

The ready market has been quiet with little demand anywhere.

QUOTATIONS 6 P.M.

OLD CROP.

Fine M. G. Bengal	Sept.		380
Good M. G. Westerns	Augt-Sept.		438
Good F. G. Westerns	Augt-Sept.		425
Good Sawgd. Dharwar	Augt-Sept.		475
Good M. G. Coompta	Augt-Sept.		482
Good M. G. Miraj	Augt-Sept.		476

NEW CROP.

Good Broach	April	Rs.	473
Fine Khamgaon Akola	January	„	460
„ Khandeish	„	„	448
„ Muthia	„	„	16
„ Bengal	„	„	374
Fully Good Bengal	„	„	358

Quotation for NEW CROP are nett, the 5½ per cent discount having been abolished.

QUOTATIONS 9-30 P.M.

NEW CROP.

Broach good	April	467/8
Bengal	January fully good	354

INDIAN COTTON.

On all sides we hear the most pessimistic views regarding the position of Indian Cotton for the coming season, but on looking at the pros and cons we cannot admit that the situation is so serious as is imagined. It is said that a large increase in acreage and favourable weather, so far, point to a record yield, and as the Receipts into Bombay to 1st September for the present season will be over 3,000,000 bales it is estimated that the Receipts for 1917-18 will total about 4,000,000 bales. During the present season the Exports to China and Japan are, so far, about 1,240,000 bales and probably about 120,000 more will be shipped during this month, bringing these total Exports to 1,360,000 bales. It is estimated that a stock of about 300,000 bales already bought out of this season's crop for shipment to Japan will be held by exporters on 1st September, and that this stock will go forward as part of next season's shipments, leaving only 1,000,000 bales which *can* be shipped to Japan and China out of next season's crop. These figures are based on the supposition that it will be impossible to secure a larger amount of tonnage for Japan in 1917-18 than has been obtainable in 1916-17. Shipments to Europe for 1917-18 are calculated not to exceed 300,000 bales, and exports up country by rail 100,000 bales. The local mill consumption is estimated at practically the same as this season, viz. about 1,100,000 bales. Therefore taking the receipts into Bombay for 1917-18 as 4,00,000 bales; and exports, up-country by rail, and mill consumption for 1917-18 as 4,000,000 bales; and exports, up-country by rail will consumption for 1917-18 as above (viz. 2,800,000 bales), the stock remaining in Bombay on 1st September 1918 out of next season crop will be 1,200,000 bales *plus* the stock on 1st September 1917, say 900,000 bales, or a grand total of 2,100,000 bales!

Now looking at the other side of the question it is highly improbable that under present conditions the Indian railways will be able to move a larger quantity of cotton in 1917-18 than they did in 1916-17, and certainly not during the early part of the season. We know the inconveniences and difficulties which arose by temporary stoppages of booking by rail during the past season, and if the quantity to be moved from up-country next season is greater, the accumulation will be more, and the stoppages of booking more frequent, thus creating greater difficulties in getting cotton to Bombay. Again we know that the present total stock of cotton in Bombay is about 1,000,000 bales, and we also know that godown accommodation here has been tested to its utmost capacity during the monsoon months in storing these 1,000,000 bales. Where then can be found in Bombay the godown accommodation for the further 1,200,000 bales which it is supposed will be held in Bombay on 1st September 1918? The position appears to be nothing like so bad as it is painted, for the simple reason that we do not see how 4,000,000 bales can be brought to Bombay in 1917-18, or how the surplus is to be stored here if it is brought. It is quite possible that the stock of cotton in Bombay next season will at no time be greater than it has been this year, and that certainly in January 1918 there will not be a larger amount of cotton here than can, without much difficulty, be financed and held. Later on next season it will probably be found more convenient, and much less expensive, to hold cotton up-country than to send it to Bombay to be warehoused next monsoon. This has been done before, and will be done again.

A Sure Remedy for Women.

MAHATMA RAMDASJI'S WELL-KNOWN MEDICINES.

A wonderful cure for all kinds of female diseases, removes obstacles and sterility in women within three months.

In the medical world the principle of the survival of the fittest is very well illustrated in the marvellous efficacy of Mahatma Shri Ramdasji's Aushadhi.

By the use of the Aushadhi the old have been fortunate enough in being blessed with children.

Mr. J. M. Raval, L.C.E. writes from Ahmedabad that:—Your child begetting Ausbadhi or sterility cure medicine was given according to your instructions to * * * One had no issue for 8 years and the other had never any issue. But I am glad to inform you that by the marvellous effect of your medicines both had issue. Your medicine is nothing but a Divine gift and I strongly recommend it in hopeless cases before hunting for other harmful medicines as I have full confidence that this medicine will have the desired effect.

Dr. B. H. Vyas, L.C.P., L.C.S., P.I.S.I. (Bom) writes from Bombay that:—Your medicine was used for my sister who was suffering from anaemiae, leucorrhoea and primary state of phthisis and general weakness of the whole body. She has regained her health and also became pregnant since seven months. I tried for her my own medicines and also of several other competent medical doctors but to no effect I must say that you deserve great credit for having good command over native drugs. I can confidently say that by using Mahatma Ramdasji's medicines the desired objects of the patients will surely be attained.

For further particulars apply to:

SECRETARY,
Ram Ashram, (Branch)
Mandvi's Poll, Kansara Poll,
Ahmedabad.

BOMBAY COTTON TRADE ASSOCIATION.

QUOTATIONS 6th AUGUST 1917.

Growths.	Super-fine	Fine	F.G	Gd.	F.OF.	Delivery.
M. G. Bengals	400	390	380			Ready.
M.G. Sind Punj.b	400	390	380			„
G. Athni-Miraj						
"Good Staple"				488		„
Sawgd Dhar-						
war				488	478	„
M. G. Westerns				466	446	„
F. G. Westerns				450	430	„
M. G. Compta.				500	466	„
„ Kadi Viram-gam			516	504		„

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LD.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 6th August, 1917, at 4-30 p.m.

Growths	Super-fine	Fine	Fully Good	Good	Delivery
Bengals (M G)	..	377	366	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Bengals (M G)	396	386	374	..	Ready
		382		..	Sept.
Sciade-Punjab	398	386	376	..	Ready
(M G)	..	311	..	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Khandesh (M.G.)	..	390	385	350	Ready
	..	458	..	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Oomra M.G. (Fair-Staple)	..	..	..	..	..
Akola Khamgaum	..	425	400	..	Ready
Karanja (M G)	..	489	..	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Oomra watee descriptions (M G)	..	410	395	..	Ready
Dhamangaum	..	..	..	..	..
Podgaon (M G	..	422	397	..	Ready
Yeotmal (M G)	..	430	410	..	Ready
Nagpore	..	..	..	..	..
Kampti (M G)	..	430	410	..	Ready
Wardha B'ghat (M G)	..	440	420	..	Ready
	..	..	..	..	..
Broach (M G)	..	488	469	440	Ready
	..	..	..	481	1/25th April 18
Wadhwan (M.G.)	..	..	510	490	Ready
Muthia (M.G.)	..	385	370	..	Ready
			Good	F.G	F.
Bhagolkote Bijapur (M.G.	..	..	485	465	Ready
Sawgd Dharwar	..	..	490	475	Ready
	..	..	485	..	August/Sept.
Westerns (M.G.)	..	..	455	435	Ready
	..	..	445	..	August/Sept.
Westerns (H.G.)	..	..	445	425	Ready
Coompta (M.G.)	..	..	495	475	Ready
	..	..	487	..	August/Sept.
Miraj Asthni (M.G.)	..	..	493	472	Ready
	..	..	..	..	

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc. for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. of 4th August:—

Cotton	7 525 bales
Wheat	17 914 cwts
Linseed	6,770 „
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	659 „
Gingellyseed	416 „
Poppyseed	Nil
Groundnuts	5 133 „
Castorseed	2 170 „
Rice	1,313 „
Myrabollams	153 „
Cottonseed	50 „
Mowraseed	Nil
Gram	1,463 „
Jowar	Nil
Maize	Nil
Barley	1,091 „

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, Aug. 6th—4 p.m.

Ready.	Bazaar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail. Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70.80	43 6 0	6 4 9
„ „ Cawnpore 70.30	41 8 0	6 4 3
„ Karachi Baugli	41 0 0	6 6 0
Rapeseed Brown Delhi	6 6 0	6 11 0
„ „ Cawnpore	6 5 0	6 11 0
„ Yellow Cawnpore	7 2 0	7 8 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	8 0 0	8 6 0
„ Thin	7 7 0	7 13 0
Teelseed, White 85.15	43 8 0	7 2 0
„ Gajar 75.25	43 0 0	8 0 0
„ Gajar 50 50	42 8 0	8 14 0
„ Black	38 0 0	8 0 0
Poppyseed, White	7 8 0	7 14 0
Groundnuts	39 8 0	8 2 0
Mowraseed	4 0 0	4 4 0
Jawa	28 0 0	4 4 0
Arandi	39 0 0	8 4 0
Forward.	Rs. a. p.	
Wheat Sept.	6 9 3	
Linseed Sept.	8 11 0	

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER.

By rail from Bombay on 4th August:—

	Bars	Ounces
G. I. P. Railway	5	5,7 5
B. B. & C. I. Railway	Nil	Nil

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages	Value Rs.	From
16 Jars silver	88,730	Japan.

BULLION.

The silver market was steady.
Bar Gold 25-15.

THE EMPIRE
BOMBAY'S MOST BEAUTIFUL THEATRE.

THE YOUNGEST LEADING LADY IN THE WORLD!

Baby Marie Osborne
Baby Marie Osborne

The Cuddly Kid
IN
"Twin Kiddies"
"Twin Kiddies"
"Twin Kiddies"

A bewitching photo-play of tears and laughter.
4,000 feet.
THE LOVABLE CUDDLY KID
BABY MARIE OSBORNE AGED 4 YEARS.
The smallest leading lady of the age famed in filmdom as the most charming and delightful Baby Star.

A BORN GENIUS OF UNDOUBTED POWERS.

TO-DAY AT 6-30, 8-30 & 10 P. M.

Shield Sovereign 17.
Dragon 15-12
Silver Ready Ex-duty 97-10.
Silver 1st Sett Ex-duty 97-10.
Silver 2nd Sett Ex-duty 98-2.

EXCHANGE.

Bank Tel. Transfer 1/4 7/32.
Bank Demand drafts 1/4 9/32.
3 months' Sight Credits 1/4 19/32.
Bank Demand on France Frcs. 185¼.
3 months' Sight France Frcs. 192.
D. D. on Hongkong Rs. 180¼.
D. D. on Shanghai Rs. 281¼.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 150.
60 days' Sight Japan Rs. 147.
D. D. on New York Rs. 309¼.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47.
Cum-warrant 95.
Warrant 3 per cent.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 86.
4 per cent. Conversion Terminable Loan 95.
3½ per cent. Small pieces 66.
3 per cent. Small pieces 57.
4 per cent. Port Trust Bond Long dated 75.
4 per cent. Port Trust Bond guaranteed redeemable Long dated 75.
Municipal Long dated 74.
Municipal Short dated 76
City Improvement Trust 60 years Jan-July 73¼.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa 96.
Sanitary 93.
The following are the Bank rates:—
Bank of Bombay 6 per cent.
Bank of Bengal 6 per cent.
Bank of Madras 8 per cent.

SHARES.

The share market ruled quiet during the day and in spite of the handsome dividends expected from various mills for the past half year Bulls seem to be clearing out their holdings.

Standards opened at 1,807/8, touched 1,780 and closed at 1,785, Madhavjees opened at 2,185, touched 2,165, and closed at 2,170, Fazulbhoys opened 825, touched 812/8, and closed at 815, Nagpurs opened at 2,430 touched 2,410 and closed at 2,415, Simplexs opened at 720 touched 712/8 and closed at 717/8, Swadeshis were placed between 1,820 and 1,810, Crescents from 246/4 to 241/4, Currimbhoys from 370 to 360, Pearls from 545 to 540, Indian Bleachings from 270 to 265, and Indore-Malwas 385 to 360.

Advance declined to 1,035, Bombay United to 720, Bradburys to 520, Centurys to 350, Colabas to 1,190, Davids to 530, Finlays to 335, Luxmi Cottons to 1,290, and Shapurjis to 122/8.

Textiles improved to 1,720.

Tata Irons ordinary shares were placed at prices from 285 to 282½ and deferreds from 1,170 to 1,160, Shivrajpurs and Central India Minings declined to 50-8, Katnis ordinary declined to 267/8, and deferreds to 960.

Alcock Ashdowns declined to 982/8, Bombay Burmas opened at 937/8 touched 945, and closed at 940, Ex-dividend. Bombay Tramway declined to 352/8, and Bombay Steams to 310.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

Statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay, as on 4th August, 1917.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.	
Capital		100,00,000
Reserve Fund		92,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	Rs. 1,79,02,534	
Public Deposits at Branches	Rs. 1,07,26,066	
		286,28,600
Other Deposits		18,60,85,895
Post Bills		9,064
Sundries		17,73,447
	Rs.	23,56,97,006

ASSETS.

	Rs.
Government Securities	258,87,311
Other authorised Securities	27,81,898
Credits, on Government and other authorised securities	221,79,551
Loans, on Government and other authorised securities	608,16,510
Bills Discounted and Purchased	52,92,364
Dead Stock	9,71,552
Stamps	6,444
Bullion	3,185
Balance with other Banks	9,13,918
Sundries	5,32,197
Cash	11,33,12,076
Rs.	23,56,97,006

Health in the Lime Fruit.

The West Indian Lime (Citrus Medica) has long been known to the Medical Profession as containing more NATURAL HEALTH-GIVING SALTS than any other fruit. That is why

ROSE'S LIME JUICE

after 50 years is still unsurpassed as a Non-Alcoholic Drink. The BRITISH GOVERNMENT, recognising its valuable properties, order large quantities for the troops at the front, and for use in the Royal Navy.

An excellent preventive of Malarial Fever.

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SUPPLY DRUGS & CHEMICALS TO HIS MAJESTY'S ARMY.

RESIDENTS IN INDIA

are well acquainted with the trying conditions of the climate, which are responsible for so many ills, the chief of which is

LOSS OF VITALITY.

The symptoms are various, such as weariness, mental exhaustion, faintness, brain fag, and worst of all sleeplessness, which is so common during the hot summer nights but

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whatever the cause, is immediately relieved and the more serious after-effects are avoided by the immediate use of IXIDAMA which is the finest known TONIC for increasing the supply of nerve power.

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Result of the War

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For particulars apply at once mentioning this paper to the Secretary, 28, Grey Street, Calcutta.

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"TRIPLEX"
Unbreakable safety glass goggles
which prevent accident to your eyes. There is no sphere in which the benefits derived from the uses of "Triplex" safety goggles have been more apparent or more appreciated than in the present War, in fact it has been the means of saving many valuable lives in the danger zone and preventing serious accident to the sight.
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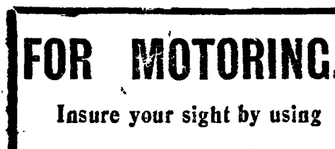

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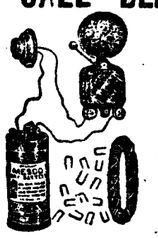
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THE WEATHER

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 6.

The depression from Persia is giving local rain in the Punjab and surrounding districts. Elsewhere the monsoon has been weak except in Burma. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Sind and Konkan and local in Upper Burma, Bihar and Orissa. Kashmir, the north-west Frontier Province, Rajputana and east of Central Provinces. A few falls also occurred in Bengal, the United Provinces, Punjab and north-west Baluchistan.

The chief amounts are:—Victoria Point four inches, Tavoy and Mandalay three, Lashio one, Maymyo two, Monywa one and a half, Chaibassa one, Gaya and Chakrata one and a half, Simla three, Murree and Mount Abu two, Harnai half, Bikaner and Raipur one and a half, Waltair and Salem two.

Forecast: Diminution of rain along north-west Frontier.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 6th Aug 17.	Total since 1st June 1917	June 1st to Aug. 6th.	
			1916	1915
	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.
Colaba [Observatory]	0.15	23.77	59.90	56.48
Fort [St. Geo's Hospital] ..	0.33	30.55	67.27	60.05
Esplanade [Gok. Tej. Hospital]	0.24	29.83	65.79	56.59
Byculla [J. J. Hospital] ..	0.20	30.04	69.25	62.20
Kemp and Co., Cumballa Hill..	..	..	..	..

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 5th Aug. 1917.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m. 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr.	29.692 Inch.
Temperature of Air	82.6 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	76.5 "
Dew Point	77.0 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.835 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy=10)	8.2 "
Maximum temperature of Air	85.5 "
Minimum do.	78.1 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	SW.WSW.
Movement of Wind do. do.	141 miles.
Fall of Rain	0.00 Inches.
Total fall during month	0.38 "
Do. do. year	31.18 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 6th Aug.	0.16 "

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Soth.	LOW WATER. Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Soth.
	Aug.	h. m.	ft. in.	Aug.	h. m.	ft. in
Mon.	6	m 1 10	28 10	6	m 7 2	15 4
Tues	7	m 1 54a	29 10	7	m 7 43a	15 3
Wed	8	m 2 49	27 11	8	m 8 37	17 9
Thur	9	m 3 42	27 0	9	m 9 32	19 3
Fri.	10	m 4 38a	26 9	10	m 10 6a	16 8
Sat.	11	m 5 32	26 1	10	m 10 49	20 7
		4 27a	25 5		11 6a	17 5
Sun.	12	m 6 11	25 6	11	m 0 20a	21 4
		6 57a	24 5			
		7 54	25 6	12	m 0 22	17 11
		7 0	23 10		2 3a	21 4

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Aug.	Sunrise.	Sunset.
6 (Monday)	6h 17m.	7h. 11m.
7 (Tuesday)	6h. 17m.	7h. 11m.
8 (Wednesday)	6h. 18m.	7h. 11m.
9 (Thursday)	6h. 19m.	7h. 11m
10 (Friday)	6h. 19m.	7h 10m.
11 (Saturday)	6h. 19m	7h. 9m.
12 (Sunday)	6h 19m.	7h. 9m.

Phases of the Moon:—New Moon 1917 July 19d. 8h. 30.1m. a.m.; First quarter: 27d. 0h 10.4m. p.m.; Full Moon August: 3d. 10h. 40.9m. a.m.; Last quarter: 10d. 1h. 26.4m. a.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Monday, the 6th August 1917, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

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Most people only give serious attention to the condition of their hair when they commence to loose it. How unfortunate this is when both healthy hai and scalp can be easily secured and falling hair prevented by using.
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MARKET BOMBAY.

The Punjab.—Rainfall has been local in the western half of the Punjab; Multan has had 0.50in. and Rawalpindi 0.24in. Skies are heavily clouded in the north Punjab and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect in the east Punjab and at Lahore.

The United Provinces.—Skies are heavily clouded. Day temperature is in defect in the extreme north-western districts.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Sind and east Rajputana and local in west Rajputana; Jacobabad has had 0.16in., Karachi 0.45in., Bikaner 1.43in., Ajmer 0.74in., Jaipur 0.14in. and Mount Abu 1.82in., Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect in Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West. Rainfall has been local in Gujarat; Dessa has had 0.58in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Central Provinces.—Raipur reports 1.30in. of rain. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature is in excess in the southern half of the division.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Bombay has hda 0.15in., Ratnagiri 0.41in. and Karwar 0.30in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature is in excess in the Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—The monsoon continues weak in the Peninsula and the central parts of the country and has become so also in the United Provinces but is still fairly active in north-west India. Rainfall has extended to Sind but has decreased in east Rajputana and been insignificant in the United Provinces; it has been nearly general in the Konkan, east Rajputana and Sind and local in the western half of the Punjab, west Rajputana, Gujarat and Malabar. Some showers have occurred also in the Central Provinces and south-east Madras.

Fairly general rain is likely in Rajputana and Sind and local rain in the Punjab and on the west coast of the Peninsula and some showers in the United and the Central Provinces, Gujarat, Kathiawar, Baluchistan and outheast Madras.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a.m. on MONDAY, the 6th of August, 1917.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade: Maximum of past 24 hours	Temp. in Shade: Minimum of past 24 hours	Humidity: 8 A. M.	Rainfall: Past 24 hours	Rainfall: Total, 1st June to date.	Departure, 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (6th Aug.)	96.2	88.5	60	..	0	0
Jask	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (Aug.)	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muscat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (Aug.)	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—						
Multan	96.3	80.7	81	0.50	5.87	+2.81
Rawalpindi	96.0	75.9	70	0.24	24.29	+12.54
Lahore	92.2	83 0	88	0.03	6.38	—1 92
Sialkot	92.4	79.0	84	..	5.18	..
Amritsar	..	..	..	..	..	..
Delhi	87 0	76.5	92	0.08	16.08	+2.99
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	85.8	76.5	81	0.07	19.35	+5 37
Mainpuri	87.8	79.0	83	0.01	12.41	+0 23
Jhansi	90 0	76.0	84	..	21.18	+1.10
Cawnpore	91.0	79.7	84	..	24.15	+1.77
Allahabad	89.7	81.8	80	0.03	22 46	+3.59
SIND AND RAJPUTANA—						
Jacobabad	105.5	81.2	92	0. 6	0.88	—3.83
Karachi	87.4	78.5	90	0.45	9.56	—3 86
Ajmer	87.4	74.4	88	0 74	20 12	+9.02
Jaipur	81.6	76 4	87	0.14	21.52	+9.78
Kotah	89.8	76.8	75	..	26.84	+11.96
Mount Abu	—	—	..	..	..	..
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA—						
Rajkot	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jerwala	84.0	77.3	91	0.04	4.55	—5 44
Veravai	88.4	79.6	85	—	16.48	+6.42
Rajkot	87.4	78 7	80	..	11.57	—5 76
Kathiawar Farm	91.0	76.2	88	0.07	11.22	+0.35
Surat	88.4	76.3	88	0 66	24.65	+2 39
Ahmedabad	87	77.3	80	0.04	16.20	—2.17
Deesa	85.7	74.4	93	0.58	18.38	—0.03
Baroda	88 2	73.8	85	..	20.66	+16.14
Indore	84.9	72.1	92	0.04	19.18	—2 20
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Nagpur	85 8	76.5	82	..	24.27	—6.16
Seoni	84.0	73.0	90	..	18.94	—4.34
Hoshangabad	86.7	74.4	89	..	29 73	+4.17
Khandwa	86 0	75.1	76	..	19.05	+0.23
Akola	91 0	76.7	75	..	24.14	+4 76
Amraoti	89.8	76.2	74	..	11 24	—5.40
Raipur	92 0	77.8	78	..	10.76	+3 87
Chanda	91	76.0	97	0.09	30.10	—1.67
Raipur	87.7	75.0	95	1.30	30.98	+4.82
KONKAN—						
Bombay	85.5	77.6	89	0.15	23 72	—18.06
Ratnagiri	84 3	74 1	90	0.41	4 44	—13.73
Marmugao	86 2	77 2	85	0.07	8.84	—13.20
Karwar	89.8	76.8	89	0 30	7.19	—5.15
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	92 8	73 5	67	..	1.47	—8.44
Ahmednagar	88 9	70.7	68	..	4.97	—4 30
Poona	84 0	70 2	87	0.09	8.14	—5 76
Sholapur	92 8	71.1	69	..	5 07	—14.88
Miraj	90.3	70.2	70	..	6.29	+0.42
Belgaum	79.2	66.2	98	0.04	15.24	—3.88
Aurangabad	84.4	71.1	76	..	10.86	—1 98
Nizamabad (Indor).	80.4	64 9	74	..	23.13	+5.94
Hyderabad	89 0	73.9	76	..	9.52	—1.97
MALABAR AND CEYLON—						
Mangalore	84.9	74.1	87	0.64	90 2s	+10 10
Calicut	85 9	75.7	91	0.09	92 27	—17.26
Cochin	84 9	78 9	81	0.40	40.71	—3.49
Colombo	86 0	76.0	85	0.01	7.23	—6.02
MADRAS (EXCLUSIVE) MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Madhipatam	94	79 8	8	..	17.13	+5.39
Bellary	99	4 5	6	..	4.27	+0.93
Cuddapah	02.8	5	6	..	4.66	—3 38
Madras	95	75.8	76	..	9 95	—3.09
Bangalore	83	68 0	81	..	6 23	—1.56
Coimbatore	92	75.3	80	..	1.06	—2.10
Trichinopoly	100	7 .3	68	1.90	4.79	+1 93
Negapatam	98	76 2	78	..	2.12	—1 76

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, on the 6th August, 1917 was 29.965 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

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(with prudence for purse.)
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Modern Tailors & Outfitters
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of Hypophosphite of Lime
FOR BRONCHITIS, STUBBORN COUGHS,

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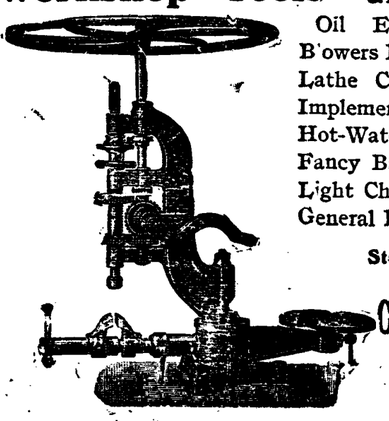
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PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... Rs. 15,00,000
CURRENT ACCOUNTS: 3 per cent. per annum allowed on daily balance over Rs. 500 from January to June and 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.
DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods. Rates on application.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS allowed on approved securities at favourable rates.
Purchase and Sale of securities at best rates available effected WITHOUT COMMISSION.
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Manager.

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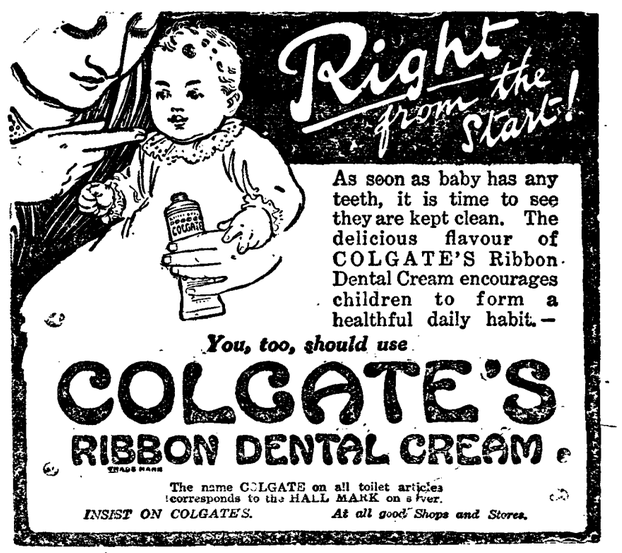

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